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VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, JULY 27, 1915

NO. 22

MR. ASQUITH STATES TOTAL CASUALTIES

Up to July 18 British Army Had
Lost 321,889,
He Says

FIGURES FOR NAVY UP
TO JULY 20 WERE 9,106

Britain is the Only Nation
Which Announces Total
Losses

London, July 27.—The casualties in the British army and navy up to a week ago had reached a total of 330,995, according to a printed statement issued by Mr. Asquith.

The total casualties in the navy up to July 20 were 9,106, and the casualties in the army up to July 18 were 321,889.

The naval losses were divided as follows: Officers killed, 499; wounded, 87; missing, 19; men killed, 7,030; wounded, 787; missing, 684.

The military losses were divided as follows:—

	Killed.	Officers.	Men.
France	3,283	45,372	
Dardanelles (including naval divisions)	567	7,567	
Other theatres of operations, excluding Southwest Africa	145	1,445	
Total	4,000	53,384	
Total killed, 61,388			

	Wounded.	Officers.	Men.
France	6,802	156,308	
Dardanelles	1,579	24,635	
Other theatres	248	3,247	
Total	8,629	184,190	
Total wounded, 126,629			

	Missing.	Officers.	Men.
France	1,197	33,909	
Dardanelles	198	10,832	
Other theatres	22	541	
Total	1,417	45,282	
Total missing, 53,885			

Grand total killed, wounded and missing, 321,889.

Total Casualties by War Theatres.

	Officers.	Men.
France	11,254	254,490
Dardanelles	2,144	47,024
Other theatres	415	5,333
Totals	13,813	306,847
Total military casualties, 321,889.		

Mr. Asquith announced in the House of Commons on June 9 that the total British casualties, killed, wounded and missing, excluding the naval division, had been 258,969 up to May 31. This shows casualties in the army alone of 63,229 between May 21 and July 18. A statement made in London on June 15, giving the number of killed, wounded and missing in the British navy up to May 31 as 13,547, evidently was erroneous in the face of Mr. Asquith's statement.

On April 11 H. J. Tennant, under secretary of war, announced the total of British losses since the beginning of the war as 139,847. Mr. Asquith's figures would indicate that the British have lost 182,542 men in the last fourteen weeks, an average of 13,000 a week.

Great Britain is the only one of the powers engaged in the war which has announced from time to time her total casualties. Germany has issued at home full lists by name of all men killed, wounded or missing, but the government has given out no official total. No comprehensive lists of casualties have been given out by France, Russia, Austria-Hungary or Italy.

THE ITALIANS SOON WILL HOLD GORIZIA

Victor Emmanuel's Forces Are
Encircling City, Says Dis-
patch Sent To-day

Paris, July 27.—The Italian forces have captured two miles of fortifications around Gorizia and are encircling the city after driving the Austrians beyond the bridge in one of the most sanguinary battles of the war, according to a dispatch received here to-day from Gorizia.

Geneva, July 27.—The Tribune prints the following regarding operations in the Italian war theatre:

"The Austrians fight with utter contempt for death and the losses on both sides are frightful, but those of the Austrians appear heavier, the Italian artillery moving them down in masses."

"On the Carso plateau the Italians are advancing in the direction of Gorizia."

"On Monte Nero the Italians have carried several portions of the enemy's positions."

"At Podgora the Italians repulsed all Austrian attacks notwithstanding the extreme violence with which they were delivered."

POINTS ON ITALIAN COAST BOMBARDED

Rome, July 27.—Certain Austrian light cruisers and four Austrian torpedo boat destroyers at dawn to-day bombarded several points on the Adriatic between Senigallia, sixteen miles west northwest of Ancona, and Pesaro. At the same time several shells were thrown into the villages of Fano and Senigallia.

WERE THROWN BACK SOUTH OF ROZAN

Germans Could Not Advance
After Having Moved
Across Narew

RUSSIANS SANK FORTY VESSELS IN BLACK SEA

Petrograd, July 27.—German attacks southeast of Pultusk have been repulsed but the enemy is battering at the advanced defences of Novo Georgievsk, according to an official statement issued last night at the headquarters of the general staff. Assaults against the advanced fortifications of Ivangorod also have been repulsed successfully. A terrific battle still is in progress on almost the entire front between the Wiepra and the Bug rivers.

The statement announces the destruction by torpedo boats in the Black Sea of forty coal-laden sailing vessels. The text of the statement follows:

"In the direction of Tukum, towards Shioh (midway between Tukum and Riga) the enemy's offensive, which began Saturday, was repulsed with the assistance of ship's guns (evidently on vessels in the Gulf of Riga)."

"North of the Niemen the enemy approached the Pomezian-Keydany front. On the road to Kovno from the south-west there has been some fighting."

"On the Narew front the enemy continues unsuccessfully to attack our positions on the Plesia river near the village of Sinavaki. South of Rozan, after a stubborn encounter with the Germans who had crossed the Narew, we threw them back in the region near the mouth of the Orzye as far as the village of that name."

"Southeast of Pultusk (north of Warsaw) the enemy's attacks were repulsed. Small engagements were begun with the advanced defences of Novo Georgievsk."

"On the left bank of the Vistula enemy attacks on the advanced works of Ivangorod were repulsed with success. Between the Vistula and the Wiepra the artillery duel continues."

"Between the Wiepra and the Bug the battle continues with great intensity. On the 25th the enemy attacked along this whole front, with the exception of the immediate vicinity of Wiepra."

"North of Grubchow the enemy delivered an energetic attack with strong forces, but our troops repulsed almost all the assaults and successfully counter-attacked. There has been no change on this front except in a few villages which passed from hand to hand. There has been no fighting on the Bug, the Zlota Lipa, or the Dnieper."

"In the Black Sea on Sunday our torpedo boats, operating in the coast region, destroyed forty sailing ships laden with coal. They also destroyed a new coal shaft and a suspension bridge."

DANISH VESSEL WAS SUNK BY GERMANS

Nogill Caught by Submarine;
British Trawlers Sent
to Bottom

Copenhagen, July 27.—The Danish steamship Nogill, bound from Gothenburg, Sweden, for the river Tyne, with railway ties, was sunk in the North sea by a German submarine. The crew of the vessel was landed at Wilhelmshaven.

The name Nogill does not appear in maritime records.

London, July 27.—Apparently in an effort to demoralize the British fish supply as much as possible, two German submarines appeared suddenly among the boats of the fishing fleet off the north coast of Scotland, and with shellfire sank nine trawlers.

Hull, July 27.—The British trawler Sutton was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine in the North sea to-day. The crew landed at Lerwick.

Hull, Eng., July 27.—The British trawler Honoria was torpedoed in the North sea by a German submarine, according to advices received here to-day. The crew landed safely at Kirkwall.

AN INCIDENT DURING THE FIGHTING AROUND YPRES



In an account of the recent heavy fighting around Ypres, the Morning Post's special correspondent in France described the incident which is illustrated above. "During the fight for the canal," he wrote, "a small body of Canadians performed a particularly gallant service. While the Germans were rushing the bridges orders came that a pontoon of ours must be held at all costs, and as far as possible intact. The colonel in command of the section could spare only two companies for the work. In sending them out he wrung the sectional commander's hand and wished him good-bye, for the task seemed to involve certain death."

Digging themselves in on the canal bank the two companies withstood the awful onslaught. Behind them the pontoon was mined, and the engineers on the farther bank lay ready to blow it up when all resistance was over. But they battled on and held their ground till the German attack was defeated. The bridge was saved intact, and the gallant commander was able to bring in his two companies with surprisingly small loss.

It should be mentioned that although the sectional commander is usually a commissioned officer, when he goes into action he discards his ordinary uniform and dresses as a private so that the enemy may not be able to distinguish him too easily.

TRYING TO ENVELOP THE RUSSIAN ARMY

London Times Says History
Can Show No Parallel to
German Movement

London, July 27.—The magnitude of the German enveloping movement in the eastern field now is absorbing the attention of the British officials and public. The latest reports show that General von Buelow's 20,000 cavalry have turned southward from Riga and are within 80 miles of the railway connecting Petrograd with Warsaw. In this way the northern German line is closing in on the main northern railway artery to the Russian capital, while the southern army similarly is approaching the main southern artery running to Odessa.

The Times declares that human history can show no parallel to the tremendous extent of this enveloping movement, which, it says, involves vital results for Russia and the western allies. It compares Russia's resistance with the resistance she would offer to a Mongol invasion.

The Times believes the operations are a real danger not alone to Warsaw, but to the whole system of railway defences, of which the city is the centre, and that it now is apparent that the Germans are planning to envelop the entire Russian army in this region.

The newspaper points out that the fall of Warsaw would have a grave significance for the west, as it would mean that Russia's power to resume a successful offensive would have been postponed indefinitely, and that the principal bases for offensive operations would be in the hands of the Germans.

The official statement issued at Petrograd to-day saying that the Germans have been thrown back at one point on the Narew river, brings some relief to London, as the military observers here hold that the final results depend largely upon Russia's prolonging her resistance until climatic conditions in that country interpose a barrier to the full realization of the German plan.

DR. BOBO CONTROLS HAYTIAN CAPITAL

President Guillaume Fled To-
day From Palace to
French Legation

Port au Prince, Hayti, July 27.—President Guillaume fled to-day from his burning palace to the protection of the French legation and after a battle which raged through the streets of the Haytian capital, Dr. Rosalvo Bobo and his revolutionary soldiers ruled the city.

The attack on the palace began at day break and rifle firing did not cease until 10.30. Guillaume and his few defenders fighting until the palace was ablaze. The casualties are believed to be heavy. Among the dead is the chief of police.

General Oscar, governor of Port au Prince, succeeded in eluding the rebels around the palace and took refuge in the Dominican legation.

The revolution was started by a regiment of soldiers which resented being disbanded by Guillaume. There has been a reign of terror in Port au Prince for ten days. On July 17 President Guillaume, doubtless realizing that his fall was but a question of a few days, started on a series of persecutions. He began by causing the arrest of all Haytiens of wealth or position and expelling all foreigners.

Haytian women have been arrested in the streets and taken to prison. On July 17 a French actress, Madame Taidy, was treated in this arbitrary manner. The prisons of the city are full and the conditions in them are deplorable. Prisoners die daily as a result of hunger and the insanitary conditions in which they are compelled to live. The foreign legations hold many refugees.

The present revolution in Hayti has been going on for several months. Its purpose is to drive out President Guillaume and set up Dr. Bobo. Up to the present the fighting has been largely on the northern coast of the island. Rear-Admiral Caperton, U. S. N., has been in command of the American cruiser Washington in Haytian waters since early in July. The French also have had a cruiser on the Haytian coast.

The Bobo revolt was declared a few days after Gen. Guillaume had been proclaimed president of Hayti last March.

INSPECTED TROOPS AT VERNON TO-DAY

Maj.-Gen. Lessard Says Cen-
sorship in Canada Will Be
Made More Strict

Vernon, July 27.—Censorship for Canadian newspapers was indicated in an interview which Major-General Lessard, C. B., inspector-general of the Eastern Canadian forces, gave to the special correspondent of the Times to-day.

General Lessard came to Vernon to inspect the thousands of men who are here mobilized and in training for the battle-line. He arrived on a late afternoon train yesterday.

His remark about censorship was made in a discussion of the enterprise of Canadian newspapermen as touching those military secrets which the department of militia had declared taboo. He cited the case of the British battleship which had painted over its grey coat the outline of a brigantine with which to deceive the enemy.

"That story, as you call it," the general said, "doubtless was a triumph for the newspaperman who got it, but consciously or unconsciously he gave away important information. There is a sort of censorship in Canada at the present time, but I think that this will be made a little more strict."

General Lessard this morning inspected the 11th C. M. R., and this afternoon the 47th Battalion. He said of the men of the 11th that they were a fine hardy lot, fit and apparently well trained and disciplined.

The general has spent six weeks on a trip of inspection through western Canada. He is assuming the duties of Major-General Sam Steele, who was in Vancouver last winter. He said that General Steele probably would not return to Canada until he had seen service at the front in the present war.

General Lessard declared that the men he had seen in the central mobilization camp would compare favorably with any seen in any of the eastern military districts. Of himself he would say but very little, referring questions to the military lists.

REPULSED AT MANY POINTS IN POLAND

German Force Which Crossed
Narew North of Ostrolenka
Turned Aside

CANNOT JOIN FORCES
AT POINTS TO SOUTH

Great Effort Being Made by
Germans Will Come to
Nothing

London, July 27.—Developments of the past twenty-four hours, or rather lack of developments, to-day strengthened the belief of military observers here that Grand Duke Nicholas has succeeded in definitely checking the rush against Warsaw and that the great German attempt is destined to end in failure.

Petrograd reports repulses of German attacks at numerous points in Poland and also asserts that the German force which crossed the Narew river yesterday north of Ostrolenka has been turned to the north, away from a contemplated junction with other Teutonic forces on the Narew between Ostrolenka and Pultusk.

In view of the latter statement, Grand Duke Nicholas is credited here with more than a fighting chance of encircling the northern force and perhaps effecting an important capture of men and munitions. The mobility of the Russian armies in this section has been proven time and time again by the celerity with which retreats have been carried out.

The progress of the Italian offensive in the outskirts of Gorizia was watched with increasing satisfaction to-day. Rome's statement that the fall of the Austrian stronghold was only a matter of hours gained corroboration by reports from numerous sources and the removal of the principal stumbling block in the way of the advance on Trieste was awaited here with great eagerness.

Events in France and Belgium, as well as at the Dardanelles, gave no great promise of important developments and accordingly was afforded little attention.

The official announcements given out by the war offices at Paris, Rome, Berlin and Vienna during the past 24 hours may be summarized as follows:

Paris—Gains made in the Vosges, German barracks at Westende and Middelkerke shelled. Bombs dropped by German aviators on Dunkirk; no damage. Artillery action and grenade fighting in sector of Souchez.

Rome—Italian infantry advanced resolutely on the lower Isone, after the customary artillery preparation, and succeeded in making appreciable progress. Captured 1,600 prisoners, including 30 officers.

Berlin—Claimed that north of the river Niemen the German army has reached Poswol and Poniwits, and that wherever the enemy has offered resistance he has been beaten. On the Narew river German troops are said to have forced a crossing, and both above and below Ostrolenka are pushing the enemy back slowly in the direction of the Bug. The Russians are offering obstinate resistance, however. German troops advancing toward Novo Georgievsk and Warsaw.

Vienna—On the border of the Dobrodo plateau the Italians attacked night and day with sustained stubbornness, but were rewarded by temporary local successes only. At day break the original positions without exceptions were held by the Austrian troops.

GERMANS DID NOT SEARCH STEAMSHIP

Forced Crew to Leave Lee-
lanaw and Then Shelled
the Vessel

London, July 27.—The commander of the German submarine responsible for the sinking of the American freighter Leelanaw did not board the vessel to learn whether she carried a contraband cargo, but merely forced the crew to disembark and shelled the ship, according to a news agency dispatch received here to-day.

Washington, July 27.—Details of the sinking of the American steamship Leelanaw by a German submarine were available to-day by officials of the United States government. Pending the receipt of official news they were reserved in their comments.

A full account of the destruction of the Leelanaw is not expected until the American consul at Dundee, Scotland, has completed his investigation. The inquiry was to begin to-day with the arrival of the vessel's crew.

REPORT TELLS OF GAINS IN VOSGES

French Took New Ground; Ger-
mans Delivered Three Fruit-
less Counter Attacks

BOMBS DROPPED ON
DUNKIRK; NO DAMAGE

Enemy's Barracks at West-
ende and Middelkerke
Were Shelled

Paris, July 27.—The French war office to-day gave out the following statement on the progress of hostilities:

"A bombardment yesterday of Furnes and of East Dunkirk was followed by a retaliatory fire from our guns on the German barracks at Westende and Middelkerke."

"Five bombs thrown down yesterday evening by a German aviator on Dunkirk caused no damage."

"In the Artois district, particularly the sector of Souchez, last night saw artillery exchanges and engagements with hand grenades."

"In the Argonne, two German efforts to attack near Layon and Binerville la Harazee were checked with ease."

"In the Vosges, we succeeded yesterday evening in extending and consolidating our positions on the crest of the Lingekopf and in occupying a height located between the river Linge and the stone quarries. On three different occasions the enemy delivered counterattacks, but without success."

"The German artillery yesterday bombarded Mount Schult."

NECESSARY FOR THE GOVERNMENT TO ACT

Continuance of Anti-Recruit-
ing Demonstrations in Mon-
treal Cannot Be Tolerated

Ottawa, July 27.—Considerable speculation exists here as to what action will be taken by the government in connection with the anti-recruiting demonstrations which have been taking place in Montreal. It is recognized that such demonstrations are decidedly inimical to the best interests of recruiting and that some steps must be taken to suppress them if they are continued.

Much of the blame for these demonstrations is placed at the door of Le Devoir, Henri Bourassa's Nationalist organ, which has been publishing highly inflammatory articles condemning conscription and generally opposing recruiting under present conditions. Mr. Bourassa has taken strong exception to the attitude of certain firms which have been encouraging the unmarried men in their employ to go to the front. He contends that their attitude is one of intimidation and that if it is tolerated a virtual form of conscription will be in force. The attitude of Mr. Bourassa's paper certainly has not been pro-British. The attitude of the government has been drawn to the articles in Le Devoir.

LIST GIVEN OUT AT THE CAPITAL TO-DAY

Names of Two Canadians Who
Were Killed; Five
Wounded

Ottawa, July 27.—The following casualty list was given out to-day:

First Battalion—Killed in action June 19: Pte. William Yates, Hatchley, Ont.

Second Battalion—Prisoner of war: Pte. Lawrence Bernard Knox.

Tenth Battalion—Wounded: Pte. Robert Simpson.

Missing: Pte. James M. Arthur, Pte. Charles Don, Pte. Jos. Dick, Pte. Alexander Macdonald, Pte. Stanley Stevenson, Pte. George William Talents.

Prisoners of war: Pte. Harry J. Jarvis, Pte. James Law, Pte. Andrew Marr, Pte. John Roy, Cpl. Fred Henry Fox, Pte. George Alexander Frame, Pte. William Henry Adair, Pte. Sidney Chambers Renton.

Fourteenth Battalion—Killed in action July 16: Pte. Lionel Wm. Johnson, Bristol, Eng.

Wounded: Pte. Leonard W. Taylor, Pte. John Turner, Pte. Frank E. Toper, Prisoner of war: Pte. John C. Finlay.

Royal Canadian Dragoons—Wounded: Pte. Francis C. Smith.

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OFFICERS WISH TO RETURN TO FRONT

12 Officers and 23 Non-Commissioned Officers and Men Reach Canada

Quebec, July 27.—Twelve Canadian officers and twenty-three non-commissioned officers and men reached Quebec on the steamship Mississauga. The men are to be discharged as having done their "bit" well and truly, but all the officers of the party have returned on sick leave, though the condition of some of them would indicate that it will be some considerable time before they are fit for service again.

The officers who returned are: Capt. Gordon, Capt. C. W. Holt, 25th Battalion; Lieut. R. L. Dennison, 8th Battalion; Lieut. F. H. Tingley, 2nd Artillery Brigade; Capt. Hastings, 16th Battalion; Lieut. Rogers, 2nd Battalion; Lieut. W. N. Nichols, ammunition column; Lieut. McCormack, 3rd Battalion; Lieut. A. R. Fortin, Canadian Army Service Corps; Lieut. J. M. Reid, 16th Battalion; Capt. S. J. Anderson, 6th Battalion; Lieut. Gendron, 1st Canadian Engineers.

"We must get back," was the statement made by the officers. "Officers are needed at the front, particularly those with experience."

The men are being detained at Quebec for three days, after which they will be sent to their homes.

The officers continued their journey to Montreal on the steamship. The majority of the party are western men.

DUNSYRE TAKEN FROM SWINEMUNDE TO STETTIN

Washington, July 26.—The American ship Dunsyre, taken into Swinemunde by German warships, has been transferred to Stettin. Dispatches to the state department say the German government questions her recent change of registry from British to American, and also the American citizenship of her commander, Captain Thomas W. Smith.

The Dunsyre, under British registry until last November, has been owned by an American firm in San Francisco for five years. The question of contraband in the Dunsyre's cargo also has been raised.

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIAN SOLDIERS

Ottawa, July 27.—The following casualties have been announced:

Third Battalion—Previously reported missing, now officially reported prisoner: Pte. W. P. Barrett, England. Fourth Battalion—Killed in action: Lieut. Herbert H. A. Johnston, Hamilton, Ont.; Pte. Wm. Johnstone (no address given).

Eighth Battalion—Killed in action: Pte. W. J. Sparling, England. Died of gas poisoning: Pte. R. C. Gazzane, Brandon, Man.

Dangerously wounded: Pte. E. R. Blades, Winnipeg.

Previously unofficially, now officially reported prisoner: Pte. L. Weaver, England.

Thirteenth Battalion—Wounded: Pte. L. Lewis, South Wales.

Previously reported missing; now officially reported prisoner: Pte. J. R. Smith, England.

Previously reported killed in action; now officially reported prisoner: Pte. S. Gordon, England.

Fifteenth Battalion—Killed in action: Sgt. John Mould, Toronto; Pte. L. G. Grant, England.

Sixteenth Battalion—Wounded: Lt. D. Tullock, Rochford, Runnymede avenue, Victoria, B. C., July 23.

Prisoner of war: Pte. L. Macaulay, England; Sgt. Harold Pursell, England.

Previously reported missing; now reported wounded and missing; believed killed in action: Pte. M. E. Tom, England.

Second Field Company, Canadian Engineers—Wounded: Pte. S. S. Davey, England; Cpl. C. Cook, England.

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CLAIMS THAT NOTE CONTAINS ERRORS

What Zimmerman, of Lokal Anzeiger, Has to Say of States' Reply

Berlin, July 27.—In tones of genuine regret that the American note disregards the German standpoint and makes the situation between the United States and Germany more tense, but without abandoning hope of an eventual settlement of the difficulties, Eugene Zimmerman, general director of the Lokal Anzeiger, and Theodore Wolff, editor-in-chief of the Berliner Tageblatt, discuss the latest diplomatic document on submarine warfare.

Herr Zimmerman, after declaring that the note contains errors and contradictions, insists that the United States, which itself recognized the submarine as an unprecedented weapon, nevertheless failed to admit that Germany had pointed out a way to preserve neutral rights under the new state of warfare.

He reiterates that Germany, despite the unsatisfactory note, will continue "to treat the United States politely and considerately as long as that appears useful."

In reply to the last paragraph of the note Herr Zimmerman says:

"There is lacking again the necessity, recognized by the United States itself, to view submarine warfare as uncovered by existing international law. We reserve the right specifically to determine against whom we are unfriendly or who, through no fault of ours, are drawn into suffering."

The writer contends that the chief difficulties lie with Great Britain and that the co-operation President Wilson is seeking to give in his note to Britain proves whether this is true.

Meanwhile, Herr Zimmerman says, British influence on the present note has made itself distinctly felt, and it must be reckoned with throughout the entire world. Continuing he says:

"President Wilson invites the German government to make common efforts for freedom of the seas and Germany certainly will not refuse this nor any other negotiation consistent with its dignity and interest. Germany, first, however, would like to advise Mr. Wilson to determine Britain's position as regards his plans, in order that no unwelcome nullification of his work result. Or, does he know it already?"

"Why did you come all the way from Canada?"

"Why, to fight, of course. For what else, do you imagine I should have left Canada?"

"Well, you see, it did not do much good. It has not helped Britain. It has helped you to get a bullet in the chest, that's all."

"You are mistaken," he replied, with an ironical smile, "even with respect to the bullets. I received three. And as for Britain, I have done her good service, whatever you may think. I killed at least a dozen of your men before I fell myself; and I am alive still!"

"Aren't you sorry you killed them?"

"Who knows? At any rate, at the time I was not at all sorry, just as they would not have been sorry if they had killed me."

A second Canadian looked at me. I paused before his bed and he said, "As you are a journalist, you perhaps could tell us—is it true that the Germans have taken Calais?"

I looked at the doctor as though to ask his leave. I read no absolute prohibition on his face, so I replied quickly to the wounded man in English, "You idiot! Don't believe such stuff!"

The doctor was looking elsewhere. His back was turned. The Canadian continued: "You're not German? What are you?"

"Have no fear. I am 'all right.'"

And as I moved on I heard the brave fellow pass the news to his comrades, whose faces lighted up with pleasure.

I asked another Canadian why he had come over to fight. He replied: "Why I came? To drive the Germans out of France."

"You have not succeeded."

"Don't you bother your head about that. Just come back in a few months and we'll talk about it."

"What is your opinion of the German soldiers?"

"Good soldiers."

The doctor approached. The wounded man shook hands with me when I left him. I would not wish the wounded soldiers of my own country who are in the enemy's hands to show finer spirit and behavior than those Canadians.

Paris, July 27.—The following communication was issued by the war office last night:

"In Artois the cannonading has diminished in intensity. Some shells of heavy calibre have been fired against Arras."

In Champagne, on the Perthes-Beaunejour front and at Vauquois, there have been mining operations, in which we have maintained the advantage."

A violent battle has occurred on the front of Le Pretre. Pont-a-Mousson has been bombarded."

The enemy likewise has employed his artillery on divers occasions against the positions which he recently lost at Ban-de-Sapt."

Montreal, July 27.—Cabling from London, the Gazette's correspondent says:

"A rumor which reaches the correspondent from a well-informed source is that General Sam Steele shortly will be promoted from the command of the 2nd Canadian division to the command of the southeastern district of England."

This means the command of a large number of British troops, as well as of all Canadians in that district. Gen. Wilkinson, an Imperial officer, is at present the commandant of the southeastern district."

The correspondent also says that the two Canadian divisions will be commanded by Brig-General Currie and Brig-General Turner, at present 2nd

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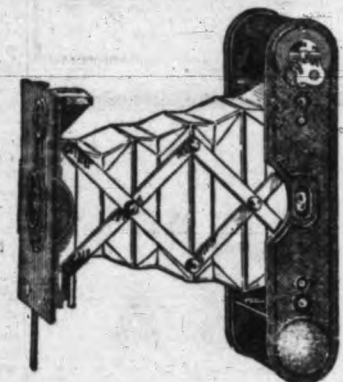
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and 3rd brigade commanders. If these rumors be true, this recognition of Canadian officers by the imperial authorities will give general satisfaction. General Steele's organizing abilities are evident to all visitors at Shorncliffe.

TURKEY HAS VIOLATED TREATY OF LAUSANNE

The Italian Government Now is Gathering Evidence to Prove the Fact.

Rome, July 27.—The Italian government at present is engaged in gathering evidence to prove that Turkey has violated the treaty of Lausanne, an undertaking, according to the terms of which she pledged herself to withdraw all Turkish troops and officers from the Cyprian district in Tripoli and help bring about the submission of the Senusi tribesmen in this locality to Italy.

Instead of doing this, it is alleged, Enver Pasha, the Turkish minister of war, last March sent his brother, Nuri Bey, to Cyrenaica to foment rebellion. Nuri Bey was well supplied with money

and took with him also a number of Turkish soldiers. Correspondence interpreted by the Italian authorities, according to announcement made here, indicates that Nuri Bey was acting in accord with the German consul at Benghazi. There are among the Senusi at the present time a total of eighty-seven Turkish commissioned and non-commissioned officers.

ANOTHER FINE.

London, July 27.—Telegraphing from Amsterdam, the Morning Post correspondent says: "The city of Antwerp was fined 250,000 francs (\$50,000) for popular demonstrations held there on the Belgian fête day."

MACHINE GUN FUND.

Courtenay, July 27.—A machine gun fund has been started in the valley and several useful contributions already have been made. The A. T. Layne Co., which has been touring the district, kindly gave a performance on Saturday evening at the opera house in aid of the fund and the receipts were very satisfactory.

What Grocery Ads Give You the INFORMATION YOU SEEK—GROCERY PRICES?

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20-lb. sack \$1.00, 8-lb. sack		ANTI-COMBINE JELLY POW.	25c
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TAPIOCA, 4 lbs. for	25c	COX'S GELATINE	10c
CANADIAN CORN STARCH	25c	Per packet	
3 packets for		C. & B. MARMALADE	15c
GOLD DUST or WHITE SWAN	20c	Per jar	
WASHING POWDER, large pkt.	25c	SHIRIFF'S ORANGE MARMA.	50c
LEVER'S FLOATING SOAP	25c	LADE, 4-lb. tin	
8 large cakes for		B. C. or ANTI-COMBINE GRANULATED	\$1.55
ANTI-COMBINE LAUNDRY SOAP	25c	SUGAR	
7 full weight bars		100-lb. sk. \$7.50, 20-lb. sk.	
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KILLED HIS DAUGHTER.

Toronto, July 27.—Edward Talt, of Port Hope, who apparently suddenly went insane, killed his twelve-year-old daughter yesterday with a blow on the neck from an axe as she lay asleep. He had chased his wife out of the house and beheaded the family cat before attacking the child. He is a middle-aged man and a drummer in the Salvation army. He has been arrested.

TO SWEDEN.

London, July 27.—A dispatch to the Morning Post from Stockholm, says: "The British government has granted permission to the Swedish Cotton Spinners' association to convey to Sweden 55,000 bales of cotton now lying in British ports. Satisfactory guarantees are given that the cotton will not be re-exported."



Nervous, sick headaches tell of exhausted nerves, and warn you of approaching prostration or paralysis. By enriching the blood Dr. Chase's Nerve Food restores the wasted nerve cells and thoroughly cures headaches, sleeplessness and other nervous disorders.

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NO DEPARTURE FROM INTERNATIONAL LAW

Britain's Reply to Note Sent by United States on March 30

Washington, July 27.—Great Britain's reply to the American note of March 30, protesting against enforcement of the order-in-council which restricts neutral commerce, is a long, exhaustive legal discussion of each point made in the American correspondence. Its keynote is a declaration that the British government has held steadfastly to the broad principles of international law in all that has been done under orders-in-council, and that if a neutral government feels aggrieved at the application of the orders there is a remedy in the courts, or eventually in arbitration.

Generally, it is held that when a neutral country or port is made a base of operations against a belligerent, the other belligerent is justified in blockading such country or port. The action of the United States during the Civil War in blockading the British island of Bermuda is cited as a warrant for the action of the British government in preventing goods from reaching Germany from the United States through Denmark, Holland or Sweden. The original American blockade on the west side of Bermuda proved deficient, the American warships were stationed on the west side and throughout the remainder of the war no goods were permitted to reach Bermuda that might be trans-shipped to the Confederate states. That action was sustained by the United States supreme court.

Assuming a sufficient legal basis for such a stoppage of trade with Germany through the neutral ports of northern Europe, the new note makes the point that the only way to ascertain the real destination of supplies from the United States consigned to those neutral countries is to consider the amount of the goods consumed in their normal trade, for it is contended that the smaller northern European countries are so much in fear of Germany that they fail to prevent through actual embargo, re-shipment of such goods into Germany.

On July 17 the United States gave notice that it did not accept the order-in-council as a substitute for international law so far as it affected American commerce. It was, in effect, a reiteration of the statement made in the American note of March 30 and October 22, that the United States government "will insist that the rights and duties of the United States and its citizens in the present war shall be defined by the existing orders of international law and the treaties of the United States, irrespective of the Declaration of London."

Washington, July 27.—Sir Edward Grey cabinet Secretary Lansing today said that the British government has in preparation another note to the United States on the order-in-council, and asking that the note delivered yesterday be withheld from publication pending receipt of the new communication. Therefore yesterday's note will not be published to-morrow morning as had been planned.

DROPPED DEAD AT BARRACKS AT NANAIMO

Nanaimo, July 27.—At the Connaught barracks yesterday Archibald Nickson, a young private belonging to the 104th Regiment, dropped dead on returning from an early morning run, which the soldiers usually take before having breakfast. Nickson was only eighteen years of age, tall and slender, and it is supposed that he developed heart weakness as a result of the exertion. Few details are known locally as to his family connections. He came from New Westminster with his regiment.

The jury empanelled to inquire into the cause of the death of Stanley Edmunds, run down by a motor car on Saturday evening, returned the following verdict yesterday: "We, the jury empanelled to inquire into the death of Stanley Edmunds, find that there was no blame attached to the driver of the taxi-cab, and that it was purely an accident caused by the boy Edmunds running from behind the motor wagon in front of the taxi-cab and being struck by it, which caused his death. We the jury recommend that the practice of leaving unused wagons standing on the main streets should not be allowed in future."

KAISER'S HOPES.

Copenhagen, July 27.—Before going to Posen to confer with his generals, the kaiser is reported here, held a crown council in Berlin. The emperor declared Germany could not undertake to negotiate with her enemies until Warsaw and Calais had been captured. With Field-Marshal von Hindenburg and General von Falkenhayn, the kaiser drew up final plans to end the war, which, the emperor said, must terminate before Christmas.

A GYMKHANA WITHIN SOUND OF THE GUNS

Sports Held in Northern France by Indian Troops Described by Correspondent

British Headquarters in France, July 27.—King Albert, of the Belgians, who has not had many afternoons off during the last eleven months, took one off to see a show—a Gymkhana. He has attended as closely to his duty in what remains of his kingdom as has many a desk-ridden man who cannot be induced to go to the mountains or the seashore.

Whether living in their own houses, or refugees whose houses in the fighting zone have been demolished by shells, the French people in the rear of the British front have not had many afternoons off either. The women, the old, the crippled and every child who could hold a hoe had taken the place of the able-bodied men away at war. With little to do as the crops were ripening, word came that strange, picturesque mortals from somewhere beyond the Arabian Nights country, known as the British Indian troops, were going to give an exhibition of horsemanship.

Everybody was invited and there was no admission fee. It was like a free Wild West show on the outskirts of a New England village, with a chance to see a heroic king, and if he were really as tall as the people had said.

The scene was on a small plateau, hardened by the hoofs of the cavalry drill, the one space in Northern France which the industry of those too weak to fight had not made green with cultivation. Across the sweep of fields and groves which hid the trenches and batteries along the British front was an almost unbroken silence, but further north a section of horizon was roiling like a gigantic muffled snare drum.

There French guns, hundreds of French guns, were busy firing away at the German works. There men were being killed or wounded every minute, but those living near the front thought nothing of that. They are used to it, as is anybody living in the neighborhood of Niagara falls to their roar.

Joy was in the Indians' hearts, joy was shown in their dark eyes. It gleamed on their white teeth and it gleamed on the forest of their lances.

Those who had survived the trench warfare were going to show how well they had kept themselves. Particularly they were going to show how well they had kept their horses. As with the Cossacks, praise their horses and you praise them.

Contrast and picturesqueness were in the trot of these easterns, a bit out of the Durbar at Delhi in an obscure corner of Northern France, as they reviewed by this giant fair-haired king with drooping straw-colored mustache, giving him a Viking air.

Groups of Indian officers in the watching crowd rubbed elbows with French peasants. The French of different regiments after greeting referred to some comrade who had fallen since they had last met.

Then the war and its horrors were forgotten in the British love of sport. An Indian, emitting a fierce, screaming yell, galloped down the field and impaled a small, wooden peg stuck in the ground on the lance.

"Bravo," called the officers, as he rushed by at top speed. Another Indian tried the same thing and failed. "Too bad," was heard, but there were more "bravos" than "too bads" spoken in the quiet way in which the British showed their emotions. These officers were in India in spirit, rather than in France. They were the leaders who had made soldiers out of the human clay of the east, and had held them fast in the face of German shells as a part of the working of that extensive plant called the British empire.

When it came to demonstrativeness, the French were the real fans. Grandfather, mother and children were having the time of their lives. It beat the movies in town and there was nothing to pay either. They liked the way the Indians yelled. That made them seem like real, sure enough Indians. A British cavalryman would only pick up a peg. He would not yell.

As four riders, looking as wild as any theatrical manager would desire, came tearing down the field abreast, their white teeth gleaming as they uttered their screaming challenges, picked up four of those bits of wood at the same instant and waved their lance heads aloft, a token of their success, to the king, one old Frenchman said:

NO SHOW.

Duncan, July 27.—A meeting of the Cowichan Agricultural society was held in the Agricultural hall here on Friday afternoon last with G. H. Hadwen, president, in the chair. It was decided that no show would be held this year. As the debt on the new building is greater than the society can meet during these times, it was decided to let the mortgagee take over the new hall which was finished just a little over a year ago. The society received \$5,000 from the government towards the building but the city and municipality have done very little in its support.

DECLARE THE GUILTY WILL BE PUNISHED

Premier Norris, Attorney-General and Provincial Treasurer Speak at Winnipeg

Winnipeg, July 27.—People were turned away from the Walker theatre last night on the occasion of the Liberal mass meeting presided over by Isaac Campbell, K. C., and addressed by Premier Norris, Attorney-General Hudson and Provincial Treasurer Edward Brown. Necessarily much old ground was traversed, but the attorney-general and the premier clarified the Liberal position in regard to criminal prosecutions of all those against whom presumptive evidence has been given in connection with the parliament buildings contracts, while Mr. Brown contributed rather startling information as to the present financial position of the province, with, however, the reassuring engagement that it was not his intention to go to the money markets of the world to meet the existing deficiency of over one million dollars.

Mr. Hudson, the attorney-general, who spoke first, traced the attitude of the opposition at the last session and added some new light on the situation involved in the change of government. Finding, he said, that the government members had determined to whitewash the resolution of the public accounts committee on the parliament building contracts, the opposition had decided on the rather extraordinary but quite constitutional course of petitioning the lieutenant-governor not to prorogue the legislature until a royal commission had been granted. The attorney-general referred to the work of the royal commissions, scathingly condemning the steps that led up to the appointment of the Fullerton commission and added that he waited the findings of both with complete confidence.

Referring more particularly to the Fullerton charges of trafficking between the old and new cabinet ministers, Mr. Hudson said they were told they never should have talked to those fellows.

But what were they to do? He himself had assumed of his own accord the responsibility for the charges under investigation by the Mathers commission. If they fell down, his own political career would be closed. Those charges were based largely on the assumption that Kelly was doing the work on the caissons on a yardage basis and the steel construction on a tonnage basis. Then the Kelly blanket contract was produced, and although it did not look good, it seriously compromised the opposition case. They were handicapped in another way because, being in opposition, they had no access to official documents nor authority over civil servants required as witnesses before the commission.

These considerations, said Mr. Hudson, had led him to enter into the agreement and he had then, and has now, no doubt as to the propriety and wisdom of the course adopted. No promise of immunity had been made to anyone whatsoever, and the guilty would be punished.

As to the prosecutions, said Mr. Hudson, he had put them in the hands of criminal lawyers who were to report to him on the evidence gathered. He proposed to prosecute every individual in connection with the affair against whom there was a presumption of guilt.

The provincial treasurer, in opening his address, said the government had felt it wise to demark clearly the point when it took office on May 15, between the financial administration of the old government and its own. For this purpose, Mr. Brown stated, he had called in the services of a firm of auditors of international repute with no provincial affiliations. Taking the end of last year, the auditors had discovered there were then in unpaid outstanding debts the sum of \$1,264,000, of which not a word of information had been given the public accounts committee, nor had they been mentioned by the late provincial treasurer. He proposed at the first session of the legislature to bring in a bill establishing a provincial auditor entirely independent of the government of the day who would make it impossible for the reckless financing carried out by the late government to be repeated.

On May 19, said Mr. Brown, there was a cash deficit of \$1,096,000. Manitoba had been plundered of millions of dollars, and this fact had been published in the world's money markets.

Mr. Brown closed by declaring there was only one issue—the dishonesty of the late administration—and only one question—Are the people going to condone this dishonesty? The people also would be called upon to endorse the main stand taken by the lieutenant-governor in forcing this situation to an issue.

Premier Norris, after dealing with the Conservative platform, traced the work of the Mathers commission. His colleagues had agreed that they should appeal to the people at the earliest possible moment after the work of the commission had advanced to a certain stage. The premier then referred to the delay occasioned "by that greatest of all farces, the Fullerton royal commission."

He awaited with confidence its findings. When the Fullerton charges were formulated in all seriousness, the people of Canada had sat up and wondered if it were possible a conspiracy existed between the old and new governments. As the commission had not reported as yet he could not touch at length on the evidence submitted, but he awaited with every confidence its finding that the charges against himself were wholly untrue.

Endorsing the attorney-general regarding the attack on the government, Mr. Norris said: "We have no desire

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Materials are plain white, blue and pink/linene, also hairline striped percale, in shades of mauve, blue and pink; smart military and coatee effects. Make ideal outing dresses, and at this price are exceptional value.

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Smart tailored styles, with the new high back and low front, convertible collars, trimmed with rows of hemstitching and dainty pearl buttons. Some have wide tucks back and front, yoke effect and pocket, long sleeves. And the beauty of these Waists, they'll wash and retain their freshness.

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Fine big Golden Surfaiced Oak Hall Rack, British plate bevelled mirror 14 x 24, umbrella holder and box seat. Reg. price \$16.50. Sale price.....\$11.00

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Solid Golden Oak Dressers, British plate bevelled mirror, 24 x 30; two long drawers and two short drawers, wood pulls and good locks. Regular price \$30.00. Sale price.....\$18.00

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to persecute anyone, but we certainly will prosecute all those against whom the evidence shows a presumption of guilt."

SHOULD BE NOTED, SAYS MANCHESTER GUARDIAN

Deals With Reference in United States' Note to the Freedom of the Seas.

London, July 27.—In an editorial discussing the paragraph in the American note to Germany which invites the co-operation of the German government in securing the freedom of the seas, the Manchester Guardian says:

"This whole passage should be noted very carefully. It means quite plainly that in President Wilson's opinion this country is an offender against the principles of the freedom of the seas; we have in fact had several dispatches from President Wilson on this very subject and these, it is believed, will be followed shortly by another."

He declines to discuss alleged infractions of the freedom of the seas with Germany now, but he says in effect that the case might be different if Germany showed sincerity in her attachment to the principle of freedom at sea by abandoning her submarine

campaign, which is the most serious infraction of the freedom ever known. Let Germany do that and the United States and she may do something together for freedom of the seas. The whole passage well may occasion some very serious reflections in this country."

ITALIAN GENERAL KILLED IN BATTLE

Udine, Italy, July 26.—General Antonio Cantore has been killed in battle on the Isonzo front. He is the first officer of that rank lost by Italy. He was a general's commission by his heroism he displayed during the operations in Tripoli. General Cantore had charge of actions which resulted in the occupation of several villages near Rovereto.

BACK IN LONDON.

London, July 27.—Sir Robert Borden has returned safely to London after spending seven strenuous days behind and on the battle front in France. He reached the capital late last evening. During his tour he was with the Canadian division in the trenches, inspected the Quebec Province hospital at Paris, visited wounded members of the division in many hospitals and was a guest of the president of France and Sir John French.

NORWEGIAN BARQUE WAS DESTROYED BY GERMANS

Amsterdam, July 27.—The Norwegian barque Harboe was attacked and set on fire Sunday by a German submarine. The members of the crew, who have landed here, were given five minutes to get into the boats. The captain says he saw three other boats on fire near the spot where the Harboe was attacked.

Aberdeen, July 27.—The British trawler St. Helstone was torpedoed by a German submarine off the coast of Scotland. The crew landed safely at Stornoway to-day.

BARRIER COMPLETED.

Courtenay, July 27.—A barrier has just been completed by the government in the Courtenay river in order to prevent the course of the river from changing and overrunning the athletic grounds. It cost \$200, the work having been done under the supervision of J. McCann, of this town. It is situated at the junction of the Rivers Puntledge and Trilium, which from that point form the Courtenay river.

M. B. Imperial Lager Beer, quart, 3 for 50¢



THE DAILY TIMES

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This is imperative. When this rule is not
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A YEAR AGO TO-DAY.

This date last year the world was on tip-toe. The foreign offices of Great Britain and France were striving desperately to induce Austria to accept the numerous concessions Serbia was ready to give. The little nation offered to have the points in dispute determined by The Hague tribunal. In this she undoubtedly was expressing the desire of Russia, Germany, when asked to use pressure upon Austria to agree to this means of settlement, refused on the ground that it was incompatible with the "honor of a great state to be hauled before a court after the manner of a criminal." As the world now knows, Germany was stiffening the Austrian spine because she knew that an assault upon Serbia would give her the chance for which she had been preparing for many years. On this day last year her war machine was already in motion. The violation of the neutrality of Belgium already had been determined upon. The march upon Paris in accordance with Plan No. 2 had been ordered.

On July 28 Austria declared war upon Serbia and then, realizing that the consequences would be, she began to weaken. Negotiations between Petrograd and Vienna were renewed and a ray of hope began to shine through the clouds which lowered over the world. But Germany was bent upon war. On July 31, in the midst of the renewed negotiations between her ally and Russia, she proclaimed a state of war. On August 1 she declared war upon Russia. She had her way and already the casualties have reached twelve million, four million of whom are either dead or permanently incapacitated. Her own losses are more than a third of that grim total. Her trade is ruined and she to-day is endeavoring to stave off the most colossal financial debacle in the history of the world.

"THE MAGIC OF ENGLISHRY."

One of the Herr Professors of Kultur is puzzled. Certain phases have developed since the war began that are past his comprehension. This mystified Herr Professor is attached to the University of Cologne, and he expresses his "puzzlements" in the Gazette of that city. His name is Schreyer, leaving no doubt respecting his nationality. The fact will be remembered that all the Herr Professors, and all kulturbund as well, were logically certain that at the very first beat of the German war drum against Great Britain rebellions would break out in all the dominions, colonies and possessions of this empire. They had their spies everywhere, and the spies told them so. Reports alleged that all Britons beyond the seas were anghered for freedom from the yoke and burden that had been laid upon their backs. Then when war actually broke out, consider what happened and be not surprised that the Herr Professor is mystified. Consider what has happened in South Africa and make allowance for the astonishment of kultur. Instead of rebellions, all the dominions and possessions, even Scotland and Ireland, "have flown to the aid of the British lion," the nation which "subjugated India," "depoulated Scotland," "cruelly annihilated" the Boers in South Africa, and "impoverished" Ireland; all these cruelly maltreated nations, dominions and possessions rush pell-mell and range themselves beside the despot against that champion of civilization, the German Fatherland. Even America, meaning the United States, the once "natural enemy of Britain," remains singularly impervious to the aims of kultur, and indeed appears to be antagonistic to it. The Professor, being unable to comprehend the phenomena, gives the problem up in despair and ascribes it to "the magic of Englishry!" The London Nation and the Boston

Transcript take pity upon the puzzled Herr Professor and try to make him understand. The British paper says that part of the explanation may be in the element of "freedom" or "in letting each community finally, after some hesitancy, develop its own life in its own way." It admits that sometimes Britishers have escaped with a luck that is almost incredible from the despotie system of running things. "If we had Militarized South Africa, or Curzonized India, or Carsonized Ireland (for example), no German professors would be discussing 'the magic of England' to-day! We managed in time—though only just in time—to get rid of all such mad experiments. In Ireland indeed it was almost a race of hours between the war and the granting of freedom; and freedom only just won." We think there is another element in "the magic of Englishry." The American paper points out that various racial stocks have gone into the making of an Englishman. Altogether and in the long run, the total Englishman stands for fair play, for riding straight, for no hitting below the belt—and it is a very engaging quality. It is really not magic at all—it is "cricket."

THE PLOT THAT FAILED.

In a book entitled "The German-American Plot; the Record of a Great Failure," published in London by Frederic William Wile, the author shows in detail how Germanism has been organized in the United States with the object of capturing the sympathy of the republic when "The Day" of the stroke for world dominion arrived. The movement began shortly after the Spanish-American war, when it first dawned upon Germany that her march to the supremacy of the earth might meet with an obstacle in the shape of the rich and resourceful democracy across the Atlantic. Previous to that time Germans who went to the United States and became American citizens were scorned by the Berlin Junkers. The Kaiser was known to speak contemptuously of them.

Then came the change of sentiment towards the expatriated children of the Fatherland. Ambassador von Holleben at Washington perceived an excellent opportunity to alter their status and organize them into a political asset for Germany which in future years might tie the hands of the whole country in the interests of a German coup. He planned to form into one concrete centralized whole, on the Prussian model, countless singing societies, bowling clubs, rifle associations, veteran unions, journalistic associations, Lutheran congregations and gymnastic clubs. The fruit of his efforts was the organization of the "National German-American Alliance of the United States," whose object, according to its president, "was the spread of German culture throughout the United States, particularly the German language and German manners."

Coincidentally with the inception of this scheme of the fertile von Holleben came a marked change of front towards his hybrid compatriots. The contempt in which they had been regarded in Berlin junkerdom was converted into the warmest affection. The doors of the German embassy at Washington were thrown open to German-Americans. Did the Veterans Bund of Sioux City, Ia., want a set of battle standards from the Kaiser? Easiest thing in the world. Did the Verband der Kegel-Vereine want a Kaiser prize for the national bowling championship? It was theirs for the asking. In fact every big and little German club in America could have anything in reason it wanted from the hand of the same Kaiser who a few years before had excommunicated German-Americans with much fervor. German-Americanism thus became a recognized institution, with the grandiose aim of reducing the United States to the actual status of a German protectorate.

The crowning touch came in 1902, when Prince Henry of Prussia arrived to speed the movement under the august auspices of the House of Hohenzollern. The Kaiser's brother was not invited to visit the country by the American government, which was somewhat embarrassed by his arrival. He was sent by the Kaiser at the earnest solicitation of the industrious von Holleben, nominally to see about the construction of a racing yacht. He was given an enthusiastic reception by the hybrids, who arranged a monster banquet in his honor at the Waldorf Astoria. Thus the seal of the War Lord was placed upon the new movement. German-Americanism became a factor in the Prussian scheme; it was controlled by Berlin and designed some day to make the United States subservient to German policy under the threat of civil war.

But the plot has failed. The countless verities not only did not enlist the sympathy of the American people in the cause of their country, but their naked Prussianism, their disloyalty to their adopted home, their whole-hearted support of the monstrosities perpetrated by Germany in the war, disgusted the great majority of the citizens of the republic. Nor did their attempt to use the German-American vote as a

political weapon with which to intimidate Washington into the adoption of an attitude which would have made the United States nothing less than another cog in the Prussian machine, meet with any better result. The terms of Washington's warning note a few days ago give the measure of that failure. And the spying, dynamiting and incendiaryism, the three activities in which the apostles of "high culture" excel so brilliantly, if continued will do more to align the republic actively with the allies than anything else.

The Kaiser's American plot, however, scored one notable triumph. It captured the goodwill of Mr. Bryan. Incidentally it marked the German ambassador's most striking indiscretion. He was caught directing the German-American vote in the presidential campaign of 1900, and although the affair was smoothed over, a great deal of resentment was aroused by his insolent interference. The German-American vote went largely for Mr. Bryan, whose chief plank, it will be remembered, was not the free and unlimited coinage of silver, as in 1896, but anti-imperialism, which, whether good or bad for the United States, suited the German policy to perfection.

VERY THOROUGH.

The Toronto Globe has been looking into the criminal statistics of Germany. It finds that according to Webb's Dictionary of World Statistics the record gives the land of the Huns some astonishing results.

In 1909 there were 289,190 crimes against the person, 110,310 crimes against the State, religion, and public order, 275,820 crimes against property, and 1,770 other offences. The total, 675,800, does not include offences settled by military law or against the collection of revenue. England and Wales, with over half the population, had, according to the Statesman's Year Book, a total of 73,642 indictable offences last year. An authority on criminal statistics is quoted by the Ottawa Journal as to the English record for the decade of 1897 to 1907, and the German for 1900 to 1910. Convictions in England for murder were 97 and in Germany 350; for rape, 216 and 9,381; for malicious damage to property, 358 and 25,759, and for arson, 278 and 610. For the same decades the record of illegitimate births was 37,041 in England against 178,115 in Germany, and of divorce petitions, 965 against 20,340.

The Globe points out that these figures explain the outrages that have mystified while they have shocked the world. The Germans themselves no doubt would attribute their long criminal record to their characteristic thoroughness. They are thorough in criminality as in every other thing they take up.

SHIPPING KEEPING UP.

We clip from the shipping columns of the Glasgow News the following list of arrivals and sailings at that port on July 5:

Glasgow—Arrived:—Tuscania, from New York, via Liverpool; Neulanda, from Quebec; Palatine, from America; Flora, from Saint Nazaire and Nantes; Fancy, from Saint Nazaire; Albania, from Barcelona and Lisbon; Kaikoura, from Avonmouth and New Zealand ports; Ciscar, from Portuguese and Spanish ports, via Liverpool; Eldsfos, from Gothenburg, via Manchester; Europa, from Dieppe; Wilhelm Golding, from Gothenburg, via Manchester; Machaon, from China ports, via Liverpool; Pena Cabarga, from Santander; Hermione, from Buenos Aires, via Manches; Vaagen, from Gothenburg; Loo, from Gothenburg; Clifford, from Dunmore; Everilda, from Huelva; Sardinian, from Boston (U. S.); Athenia, from Newport News and Baltimore (U. S.); Bittern, from Valencia, via Manchester; Gaa Paa, from Rouen; C. S. Parnell (schooner), from Dublin, at Bowling; Wm. Martin (schooner), from Britton; Perry; Harriet Williams (schooner), from Bowling; Topaz, from London; Thornfield, from Port Saint Mary; Verdala, from Greenock. Sailed:—Dronning Maad, for Vadso (Norway); City of Marseilles, for Madras and Calcutta, via Liverpool; Wings, for Gothenburg; Cowrie, for Liverpool; Marques de Mudeia, for Bilbao; Jaragoon, for Dieppe; Cairo, for Huelva.

Even longer daily lists may be found in the newspapers of the other British ports. The German submarine campaign does not seem to be making any material headway against British shipping.

The French are very ingenious in contrivances that simplify the work of their armies. They have a gun that fires a revolving knife that cuts barbed wire, and an automobile that has two rail-like knives that project in front of the machine and sweep upward and along the entire top of the covered auto. The object of this automobile also is to clear a passage through barbed wire. Recent dispatches suggest that something of much greater importance in the form of a defensive weapon has been designed. The French have been experimenting with turpentine at certain points in the line, but are said to be reluctant to make a general use of it while in their own territory because it robs the soil for years of its productive qualities.

Our morning contemporary says: "We submit that it is not for the government to tell the public what it is going to do until the public have first

Washed Nut Coal

\$5.25

Per ton, delivered.

Let us urge you to lay in as much of our WASHED NUT COAL as you possibly can. Owing to the conditions now existing at the present time the supply is uncertain. Shortness of supply is generally followed by increased prices.

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told the government what, in their judgment, the government can do and ought to do. How the whirligig of time has played havoc with the views of our ancient friend! Only two years ago we were assured in its columns with much pictorial illustration that the "master mind" which had conceived the "splendid policies" from which this province derived its prosperity was Sir Richard's own. Nobody else was permitted to share the glory. Now, we are told, in effect, that is not the business of governments to initiate policies. Our neighbor's candid admission of the impotency of the two administrations it supports probably will be remembered by the electorate. It is what we have been saying all along.

In the first five months of the war the admiralty received sixty thousand suggestions ranging from coarsure methods of ending the war at once to infallible means of destroying German submarines. Many of the suggestions were given fair trials, but the great majority, quite properly were thrown away. Time was when the admiralty would have discarded them all. When the proposition of a torpedo was first suggested, Earl St. Vincent, we think it was, decided against it on the ground that while it probably would be effective, it violated all tradition and precedent in its inhuman possibilities.

Since the war began the Kaiser has distributed 344,789 Iron Crosses and 70 miles of ribbon. So many uniformed thugs who have murdered women, children and harmless fishermen have been rewarded with this decoration that respectable German soldiers speak of it with derision. It is coming to be regarded in the same light as the fleur de lis when it was found branded on the shoulders of criminals in France.

The National Alliance of German-Americans of the United States was organized to promote the spread of German culture, particularly the German language and German manners, in the republic. The culture recently showed itself in the attempt to assassinate Mr. Morgan, while German manners were exhibited in the coarse manoeuvring of—Derburg and von Bernstorff.

Dr. Michael Clark, the eloquent member for Red Deer, is addressing big recruiting meetings throughout Ontario. The doctor's son, who was one of the original members of the Princess Patricia's immortal fame, is still alive and well although he has been in the thick of the desperate fighting in which his regiment has won the admiration of the empire.

The record has shown to date that when monarchs prepare to make victorious entrances into captured cities something muddles the plans. Under the circumstances it is to be hoped that King Victor Emmanuel will defer his preparations until—Gorizia is definitely in Italian hands.

The Ottawa Journal is impatient for some news of Kitchener's army. This army will be heard from in good time. A few weeks should determine, however, whether the allies in the west are in a condition of sufficient preparedness to undertake a serious offensive during the present summer.

Says the Edmonton Bulletin: "The Victoria Colonist claims that the coast cities were saved from bombardment by the submarines Sir Richard McBride bought. Then, does Canada need a fleet on the Pacific?"

VON JAGOW LOGIC.

New York World.
Violence which at the very outset runs the whole gamut of outlavery and has no word of regret for wholesale murder naturally enough is not abashed when it is called to account for lesser injuries to a friend. Herr von Jagow does not fail to dwell upon the German grievance against us for selling munitions of war to the allies, which he knows is perfectly lawful; he does not neglect to speak of the "thousands of German mothers and children robbed of bread-winners," those bread-winners being German soldiers conducting "a war of defense" by invading foreign states, and he renews the complaint that British merchantsmen are armed and that they attempt to ram

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

Two More Stocktaking Bargain Days

A Welcome Sale of New Waists at \$1.25

New, fashionable Waists, the very latest in styles and materials, are here marked at a saving. Included are Waists in pretty colored floral Madras, embroidered voiles, plain and striped voiles, lace cloth, coin spot muslins, figured vestings, black and white stripes, also candy and sugar striped voiles and white crepes. Styles particularly suited for outing and vacation wear, finished with the new "Puritan" and "Quaker" collars of white organdie. Waist values worth investigating.

—First Floor

Print House Dresses to Clear at \$1

Nice quality Print House Dresses in plain blue and grey, also fancy stripes, smartly touched up with pipings in striped effects. Good serviceable quality Dresses, attractive style, showing low neck, high waist and short sleeves. These are rare values at.....\$1.00

—First Floor

Clean-up of Large Sizes in Men's White Tennis Shoes

Values \$3.50 and \$4.00 Clearing at, Pair, \$2.35

Too many large sizes in Men's White Tennis Shoes brings a substantial price reduction for a quick clearance. A nice quality white buck, in low shoes and boots, and sizes 7 1/2 to 10; heavy rubber soles; Shoes we regularly sell at \$3.50 and \$4.00, clearing at, pair.....\$2.35

—Main Floor

Stocktaking Clean-up of Women's Low Shoes and Pumps

Values to \$5.00, Clearing at, Pair, \$2.95

Fashionable Shoes, suitable for present and early fall wear, in a big variety of styles and leathers, and all marked at a rare bargain price. Included are military Oxfords, patent with cloth tops, in black, fawn and grey; patent vamp shoes, with black and wide straps of black, grey or fawn cloth; patent vamp Colonial Pumps, with black, fawn and grey cloth backs. We also include in this offering the balance of factory-damaged Low Shoes. Every pair to go at \$2.95

—First Floor

Muslin Dresses in a Special Clean-up at \$4.90 and \$7.90

Values to \$12.50

Very stylish Dresses in fancy striped muslins, spotted muslins, colored floral muslins, white pique and other novelties. All marked at a big price concession for an immediate clean-up. Dresses suitable for wear on all occasions, as well as smart outing and holiday styles. See samples of this splendid offering in View street windows. Every Dress a rare bargain.

—First Floor

A Few Palm Beach Linen Suits to Sell at \$11.75

The smartest Suits for holiday and outing wear, yet placed on the market. These Suits are well tailored in attractive stylish styles, from Palm Beach linen, the new material that will wash, wear and retain its original appearance, thus making this class of suit ideal for all holiday or sports wear. A few suits only to sell at.....\$11.75

—First Floor

Clearing Balance of Men's Silk Pajamas

Values \$5.75 and \$6.75, at \$3.75

Beautiful quality garments, suitable for wear the year round. Light, but exceedingly warm and comfortable; will outlast many suits of the cheaper grade. In two qualities: In fine pongee silk finished with large pearl buttons and silk braid frog fasteners. Sizes 42, 38 and 34 only. Regular value \$6.75. Special clearing at, per suit.....\$3.75 Imported British All-Silk Pyjamas, in colors green, blue and helle stripes; also a variety of other shades. In sizes 42, 40, 38 and 36 only. Limited quantity. Regular value \$5.75. Special clearance at, suit.....\$3.75

—Main Floor

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

German submarines, but he does refuse to discuss law and right and the de jure treaties between the United States and Prussia which clearly cover every point now in dispute.

THE PRICE OF SHIPS.

Philadelphia Public Ledger.
The man who has a ship to sell to-day can get a bigger price for it than would have been offered a year ago. The London Times has followed the history of one ship of 3,000 tons, built in 1890, and reports the astounding increase in its market value. In May of last year it was sold for \$75,000; in August a purchaser paid \$90,000 for it; in November it changed hands for \$100,000, and early in this year it was sold for \$125,000.

The moral is obvious. The war is destroying ships that are needed in commerce. The man who has ships to sell when the war is ended and trade resumes its normal course will reap a handsome profit, unless the law of supply and demand is repealed and the ordinary course of prices is reversed.

RESULTS OF WAR LOAN.

London Daily Chronicle.
Widely developed, this policy of working-class investment may confer social benefits on the country, which will outlast the war. Just as the war need impelled Russia to prohibit vodka, and has thus enriched and strengthened the workers there by introducing a new sobriety, so the war need, which has brought about the five shillings five per

cent, vouchers in Great Britain, may enrich and strengthen the British working-class by the novel stimulus given to thrift. On social grounds, as well as for the immediate purposes of national defence, it is much to be hoped that this policy will be pushed as wholeheartedly as possible by all concerned.

HARD TO ACCEPT.

New York Journal of Commerce.
This pretence that Germany was forced into the war by her enemies in defence of her national existence, it is difficult to receive with patience in view of the plain history which began a year ago, and that which extended back over the reign of the present Kaiser with a heritage from the beginning of the Hohenzollern dynasty. Perhaps the German people have been made to believe this claim of being an innocent victim of designing enemies, but it is hard to accept it as the sincere belief of their rulers.

PERILS OF THE BATH TUB.

Quebec Herald.
Now it will be timely for the small boy to remind his parents to read the bath tub murder case and discover the hidden perils involved in taking a bath.



Get an EVINRUDE
Rowboat and Canoe Motor for your
vacation. It is guaranteed to give you
perfect satisfaction. Can be attached
to any rowboat in a minute.

FOR SALE BY
A. A. SEARS

Demonstrating Parlor at 908 Market St.
Come and See the Motors Running.

HEADQUARTERS EDISON MAZDA LAMPS

BASE BALL FANS



Make a lot of noise—but our

ELECTRIC FANS

are practically noiseless—and cost very little to operate—a 12-inch fan using less than a 16-candle-power lamp, and are made in both stationary and oscillating type.

If you will call at our salesroom we will be pleased to demonstrate and give any information you may desire.

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Your Christmas Greeting Cards

Just a moment, before you place an order with an agent for some Eastern house. It will pay you to have a look at our splendid line of beautiful personal greeting cards for next season. Distinctive in the extreme and probably less expensive than you have had before.

Phone 730 and We Will Call



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Family Wine and Spirit Merchants. Incorporated 1670
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See Our 75c Window

BLOUSES—There are dainty Muslin Blouses and many others that are regularly priced at as much as \$2.00, for... **75c**

HOUSE DRESSES of the very best quality washableingham. Reg. \$1.00, for... **75c**

OVERALL APRONS of English print... **75c**

MORNING WAISTS of English print... **75c**

PENMAN'S CASHMERE HOSE, 2 pairs for... **75c**

CROMPTON'S CORSETS. **75c**

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Recent successes at McGill University, at Royal Military College, Kingston, Canadian Navy, B. C. Surveyors' Preliminary, and shooting.

Christmas term commences Wednesday, Sept. 8. Warden—Rev. W. W. Bolton, M. A. (Cantab.).

Headmaster—J. C. Barnacle, Esq. (London University). For particulars and prospectus apply to the Headmaster.

Mount Folmie, Victoria, B.C.

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Water in the "Y" Swimming Pool.

It's Clean, Sparkling and Warm. THE BEST EVER.

THE SUMMER RATE will please you—INVESTIGATE.

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Blanshard and View St.
Tel. 2980.

MISSIONARY TO KOREA.

Miss McCully Will Speak to Public Gatherings on Thursday and Friday.

What promises to be an interesting lecture will take place on Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the First Presbyterian church, when Miss E. A. McCully, for five years a missionary in Song Chih, North Korea, and now returning after an extended furlough, will address a public meeting. The affair will be open to everyone, and a big attendance is anticipated.

Miss McCully for some time worked with Rev. Mr. Ross, a brother of Lieut.-Col. Lorne Ross, also a missionary in Northern Korea. Her narrative will be repeated at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church at 8 o'clock on Friday evening, at a second public meeting.

Is Postponed—The social entertainment arranged at the Society of Friends' quarters, Fern street, for Thursday, has been postponed to a date to be set next week.

Attempted Robberies—It has been reported to the police that an attempt was made to enter the premises of the Musicians' cigar store, 1509 Douglas street, but was frustrated by the appearance of the proprietor, who lives upstairs and was awakened by the noise made by the burglars. It is also reported that an entrance was effected to the premises of the pool-room at 662 Johnson street, but nothing of value was taken. A glass panel in the rear door was broken and the key turned.

FURS IN SUMMER TIME

Summer furs are the rage this summer.

Though the jokesmiths have poked fun at the idea the women have retorted that it is just as sensible for them to wear fluffy boas as it is for men to "keep thick coats on."

And there are "styles" and "styles" in the summer furs as a matter of course.

You will find them described from time to time in the index of "fashion"—the advertising columns of the Times.

In summer or winter it pays to read the advertising in the Times.

Thomson's Funeral Parlors (formerly Hanna & Thomson), 827 Pandora avenue, telephone 493, day or night. Most modern funeral equipment in the city. Special attention given to embalming for shipments. Connections, J. Thomson Co., Winnipeg; Nunn, Thomson & Clegg, Vancouver. Personal attention given to all cases. Frank L. Thomson, Funeral Director.

Special Sale—White Sewing Machine store, 1221 Douglas St.

Fine Five-Day Trips, \$15.00, berth and meals included, around Puget Sound, calling at Seattle, Tacoma, Bellingham, Anacortes, Vancouver, by P. C. S. S. Co. Phone 2821 or 4.

Phoenix Beer, \$1.50 per doz. quarts.

Sol Duc Hot Springs—Passengers leave Victoria daily except Sunday at 10 o'clock a. m. and arrive at Sol-Duc Hot Springs at 5:00 p. m. the same day.

During the War—The "Canada Life," established 1847, offers intending insurers exceptional advantages. Careful management, liberal policy, conditions and substantial profits combine to make an attractive proposition worth any man's consideration. Let us show you what a little money will do for you in Canada's premier company. Helsterman, Forman & Co., General Agents, F. Lewis, Special Agent.

H. B. "Imperial" Lager Beer, quarts, \$2.00 per dozen.

Address To-morrow—President J. C. Waters, of the Dominion Trades and Labor congress, will give an address at the Crystal theatre Wednesday evening.

Daughters of England—The regular monthly meeting of Lodge Primrose, No. 32 will be held on the 27th inst. at 8 o'clock in K. of P. hall, North Park street.

Daughters of the Empire—To-morrow the Temple building will be in charge of the Agnes Deans Cameron chapter. The chapter members will devote their time to Red Cross work.

Hold Monthly Meeting—The Oak Bay W. C. T. U. will hold their regular monthly meeting to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Johnson, Fowl Bay road.

Linen Shower—In aid of the Red Cross fund a linen shower will be held at the residence of Mrs. George Rodgers, off Glenford avenue, on Friday afternoon. During the afternoon refreshments will be served and the evening lantern slides of the Lusitania, and war scenes will be flashed on a screen by Mr. Chapman. A collection will be taken.

A Unique Suicide—A prospector named Griffin adopted an unusual way of making his exit from life the other day near Quesnel. He placed a charge of dynamite upon his chest and ignited a fuse attached to it. This blew the upper part of his body to shreds, only a portion of the back of the head being left that was left above the hips.

Tenders Awarded—Tenders have been awarded to the Capital Electrical Supply company for the supply of low voltage nitrogen filled lamps, costing \$1,666.66, and for tungsten lamps. The magnetite arc cable will be bought from the Northern Electric company, 1,000 feet being purchased for \$550. These tenders passed through city council last evening.

Buying B. C. Potatoes—Australia is ordering potatoes from British Columbia, according to information from Thomas Cunningham, provincial fruit inspector at Vancouver. He says orders have been received there for 10,000 crates. Australia has been suffering from one of her periodical droughts, which has affected the raising of foodstuffs. This is the reason for importing potatoes.

Dress Week—Sale of cotton dresses, Seabrook Young, 623 Johnson street.

Two Interesting Photos—to be seen at Royal Dairy, corner Fort and Douglas streets.

H. B. "Imperial" Lager Beer, pints, \$1.00 per dozen.

PRESENTATION TO MATRON

Ladies' Committee of Protestant Orphanage Show Appreciation of Mrs. Kay.

Mrs. G. A. McTavish, 394 Heywood avenue, entertained at tea on Monday afternoon, the occasion being in the nature of a farewell and presentation to Mrs. Kay, the retiring matron of the Protestant orphanage. Mrs. Kay, who has held the office of matron at the Orphan's home for the past four years, was the guest-of-honor during the afternoon, and was the recipient of a handsome travelling bag of alligator skin. The presentation was made by Mrs. McTavish, in the name of the ladies' committee, and Mrs. David Miller read the following letter of appreciation:

"Dear Mrs. Kay: In offering you the accompanying token of esteem the ladies of the committee of the Protestant Orphan's home wish to convey to you their sincere felicitations and earnest good wishes for your future happiness. For many years we have been associated in the good work of the orphanage, and the loss of your faithful service and valued experience will be keenly felt by committee and dependents. Knowing you will always retain a loving interest in the little community to which you have given so lavishly of time and strength, and trusting that God's blessing will follow you through the years.

We remain, yours faithfully,
(Sgd.): G. A. McTavish, president; J. F. McCulloch, vice-president; Joan C. Miller, hon. secretary; Edith L. Higgins, hon. treasurer, and the ladies of the committee.

The guests included the present members of the committee, and many who formerly acted on the board. The decorations were in yellow and white, a large basket of Shasta daisies and cypripedium making an attractive table display. Assisting with the refreshments were Mrs. Peter Turner, and the Misses Harris, Shelly, Wilson and McTavish.

SILVER WEDDING.

Large Number of Friends Attended Twenty-fifth Anniversary of Marriage of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Campbell.

There was a big concourse of visitors on Saturday afternoon and evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Campbell, who on that day celebrated their silver wedding. Dahlias and roses, pink sweet peas and Shasta daisies filled all the niches in hall, drawing room, and were arranged in bowls on the table in the dining room. Mrs. Alison Campbell, assisted by the Misses Olive Ross, Alexa Brown, Jean Hendrie, Jean Cameron, Vera Lane, and Annie Harper, served tea to the while their numerous friends were extending to Mr. and Mrs. Campbell, both of whom were able to celebrate the occasion in the very best of health, and in the happiest of moods. Among those who called were Alderman McNeill, Mrs. Jenkins, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Maclean, Mr. and Mrs. McKenzie, Mrs. McKenna, Mr. and Mrs. G. J. B. Lane, Mrs. Edie, Rev. Dr. Scott and Mrs. Scott, Rev. John Robson and Mrs. Robson, Rev. S. J. Thompson, Inspectors J. D. Gillis and Bruce, Messrs. Binns, Martin, Harvie, and Ernest Campbell, and many others. The sons, Harold L. Campbell and Master Claude Campbell, were both at home; also a niece, Miss Anna C. Aubel. Mr. and Mrs. Campbell were married twenty-five years ago in Turner Street church, Portland, and came to Victoria twenty years ago to make their home here. Mr. Campbell, who came from Montague, Prince Edward Island, has been principal of the North Ward school for some time, and has taught in the city practically ever since his arrival here. Mrs. Campbell before her marriage was Miss Sabrina Lane, of New Perth, Prince Edward Island. During the day numbers of congratulatory messages were received from friends who were unable to deliver these in person.

Y. M. C. A. BOYS' CAMP.

Second Expedition to Leave for Orcas Island on August 9.

R. E. Crompton, secretary of the boys' department of the Y. M. C. A., returned yesterday from Orcas Island, where a Y. M. C. A. camp is being conducted by the Seattle Y. M. C. A. A number of boys from the local association are sharing the camp this year, and a second party is being made up to leave on August 9 and return to the city on the 29th. Boys between the ages of 14 and 17 will be included, and should register at an early date with the Y. M. C. A. officials. This second party will probably make the trip over by way of Seattle, Anacortes, and East Sound, making a trip of 231 miles for a distance in reality only 40 miles from Victoria. The expedition will be a splendid one for any lad who joins it, and the first boys have nothing but praise for the camp. These lads will return to the city next Saturday afternoon, by Mr. Watson's launch, "Dowagiac," which is being left for the purpose of bringing them back to Victoria.

ROTARIANS HERE TO-MORROW.

New York Delegation Changes Date on Arrival by One Day; Will See Victoria.

Captain Goodlake, secretary of the Rotary club, this morning received a telegram announcing that the New York Rotary club delegation will not arrive to-day, but will be here to-morrow on the Seattle boat. According to the announcement yesterday the delegation was expected to-day. The same plans of the Rotarians for the entertainment of the visitors are to stand good for to-morrow, and Rotarians are to provide enough automobiles to take all the 110 to see the surroundings of Victoria.

The delegation is that from New York which went to the Rotary convention at San Francisco. The members are on their way back-east, and have chosen the northern route, taking in Victoria as one of the attractions.

DECISION TO AFFECT MANY CITY OFFICES

More Officials Are Placed on Half Time; Further Reductions Expected

There are some anxious officials in the city service now. The sweeping changes of February have been followed by the adoption last night of the committee's report on further reductions. Some of the better known officials will now go on half time, and others do not know how soon their turn will come.

In the depression of the early nineties salary reduction prevailed, but the principle of broken time had not to be resorted to. It has been followed extensively in Vancouver, and the idea will be probably used more extensively here.

As is usually the case with these appropriations, the works department again suffers, and the city engineer states that when the northwest sewer is finished it will be necessary to release more men. The shortage of building will result in the placing of an assistant building-inspector on half time.

Mr. Fisher, the accountant in the treasury department, goes on half time at his own request. Others will be put on that basis commencing August 1 without being consulted. It has become the practice to cut the parks appropriation on all occasions, and another \$1,000 will go from that total. The police vote is cut, as men have gone to the front, and their places are not being filled. A thousand dollars is cut off the appropriation for the Old Men's Home, where maintenance expenses are being kept low, but other institutions have not yet been touched. A sum has been struck off for new hydrants, only half those being installed which were planned early in the year.

The completion of the Sooke water-works two months before they were expected has placed the council in a position to save \$22,000, which, as conditions are to-day, is a welcome reduction. Every vote for social pleasures, such as the Victoria Day celebration, the Agricultural association grant, and the appropriation for the entertainment of the Union of Canadian Municipalities have been cancelled.

A thousand dollars has been cut from the vote for school trustees.

WATERFRONT PRIVILEGE

Inner Harbor Association Asks for Assistance to Help Application.

The following letter with regard to the application of the Cameron Lumber Co. was read from T. C. Sorby, secretary of the Inner Harbor association, at the meeting last evening of city council:

"On September 8, 1914, the Inner Harbor association, in reply to your request, reported, for the information of the mayor and council, the circumstances attending this application, suggesting that it should have their favorable consideration. 'As the matter seems to have escaped the attention of the mayor and council, I have been directed to recall their attention to the matter as one involving the expansion of the trade and commerce of the city and port. The application has already been approved by the local representatives of the department of marine and fisheries and public works.

"The objects of this association are the promotion of all such works as incidentally tend to the reduction of the prime cost of the raw material entering the port, and facilitating the transportation of the manufactured product either for the home or foreign market.

"The Cameron Lumber company is now running the largest mill in town, cutting on an average about 115,000 feet per day, with a correspondingly large pay roll. It is therefore important, from a municipal point of view, to facilitate the development of this business. When we say 'facilitate' we mean to take such steps as may tend to reduce the prime cost of the manufactured article—to bring the home mills within competition distance of foreign enterprises and hold our own. A few cents per thousand feet will, at any time, secure or lose a contract; will keep the mills going in Victoria or send the work to the Sound. Mills not only pay wages in town, but they maintain logging camps, which draw their supplies from Victoria. They feed resident families and help to keep down the list of the unemployed in a floating population. They represent a great deal to Victoria and are a prime factor in the daily life and steady advancement of the city.

"We feel that in the promotion of these objects we have the sympathy, and hope for the support, of the mayor and council. We trust, therefore, that this matter will receive their most favorable consideration as speedily as may be convenient.

"The matter will come before the streets committee on Friday, for a report from the city engineer and solicitor.

SUSPENDED SENTENCE.

Lad Who Stole Messenger's Bicycle is Given a Chance to Redeem Himself.

The lad, James Smith, who pleaded guilty yesterday to stealing a bicycle belonging to a C. P. R. messenger, was this morning allowed to go on suspended sentence.

Smith had joined the navy since the commission of the offence, and his commanding officer is willing to take him back, believing that he can be made a man of under the discipline of the service.

Magistrate Jay reminded the lad that he is now wearing an honorable uniform, as a member of an arm of the empire's defence which at this time any man might be proud to wear. In view of his youth, and the willingness of his officer to take him back, the court was inclined to deal leniently with him and give him a chance. He must remember that he was being given an opportunity to redeem himself, and that he must not disgrace the uniform.

The Dandies at Gorge park daily at 3 and 5 p. m. All seats free. Amateurs every Thursday.

'Loaded for Music'

with a COLUMBIA

Graphophone Eclipse \$32.50 and 12 Columbia Double-Disc Records, \$10.20 for the wife and kiddies—

bought on easy terms. There are Columbia Records for every place, to suit every taste and to fit every purse, ranging in price from \$20 to \$650, all on easy terms of payment.

There are Columbia Records for every occasion, to please every preference. A full thousand at 85c. each.

Others, all the way up to \$7.50.

Made in Canada
Fletcher Bros.

WESTERN CANADA'S LARGEST MUSIC HOUSE,
1221 Government Street, Victoria, B. C.



WELLINGTON COAL

Quantity and Quality Guaranteed

Phone 325 for Your Next Order. **Geo. Burt** Offices 735 Pandora.

WALTER S. FRASER & CO. LIMITED

TO BLACKSMITHS

Complete Line of

"Champion" Electric and Hand Blowers, Forges, Tire Benders and Shrinkers, Drills, Stocks and Dies, etc.

Phone 3. Wharf St., Victoria



Why Pay High Rates for FIRE INSURANCE?

Nationale, established 1820, assets.....\$7,500,000
Mount Royal, established 1902, assets..... 900,000
National-Ben Franklin, establish 1866, assets.. 3,500,000
London Mutual, established 1859, assets..... 1,000,000
New Jersey, established 1910, assets..... 2,100,000
Stuyvesant, established 1850, assets..... 1,200,000

Being Outside the Combine We Can Save You Money
No better protection offered by any Companies doing business in Victoria.

DUCK & JOHNSTON

Phone 1032 Agents 615 Johnson St.

Time was when some merchants vied with each other in extravagance of statement in their ads. The wise merchants of today vie with each other in the ACCURACY of their statements about goods and values. Nowadays deliberate misrepresentation in advertising would surely and quickly kill any store indulging in it.

"If you get it at PLIMLEY'S it's all right."



THE RUSSELL "6"

FOR COMFORTABLE RIDING QUALITIES AND LOW UP-KEEP

Specifications—30 h.p., wheel base 120 inches; tires 32x4; engine 3x5 high-speed European type (low gas consumption); weight 2,300 lbs.; speed from 4 to 50 miles per hour, on top gear. Made in Canada. Price, f.o.b. Victoria, \$1,925.

727-735 THOMAS PLIMLEY Phone 697-698
Johnson St.

CASH BUYERS ARE CASH SAVERS

Your Relatives and Friends Who
Deal Here Save Money—

WHY NOT YOU?

Farina, pkg. 14¢
Malt Vinegar, large bottle 15¢
Imp. for cleaning chimneys, per
package 10¢
Bathing Towels, pair 25¢

Window Screens, adjustable, 25c.
30c and 35¢
Glass Tumblers, dozen 65¢
Toilet Paper, Rolls or Flats, 6
for 25¢

SPECIAL TO-MORROW

Scratch Food for Poultry, 11 lbs. for 23¢, or 100 lbs. for \$1.99
This is special quality, and will be delivered only with other goods.

New Potatoes, sack 98¢
Oatmeal or Olive Oil Soap, 8
for 25¢

Pure Lard, lb. 17¢
Old Brown Windsor Soap, 8
for 24¢

H. O. KIRKHAM & CO. LIMITED

CASH BRANCH

Freight paid on
general orders.
Send for price
list.

Corner of Government and
Fort Streets.

Phones: Meat and Fish Dept.,
6291; Grocery Dept., 6292; De-
livery Dept., 6293.

All Phone Orders
Delivered at
Advised
Prices.

Machine Guns!!

Victoria Patriotic Aid!!

The owner of 160 acres Crown-Granted Land near Fort
George will sell for \$8.00 per acre (1,280) cash. The pur-
chaser can choose from four quarter sections.

He will give the purchase money for: A Machine-Gun,
\$750.00, and the balance, \$530.00, to the Victoria Patriotic Aid.
For information apply to the

Victoria Patriotic
Aid Society

640 Fort Street

20 Per Cent Reduction

On Baths, Etc.



A. SHERET

Phone 629. 1114 Blanshard St.

Sol Duc Hot Springs Hotel and
Sanatorium

The greatest health and pleasure resort
on the Pacific Coast, in the heart of the
Olympic Mountains, open for the season.
Under direction of Mr. Michael Earles,
as formerly. For full information address
The Manager, Sol Duc, Wash.

We Deliver Immediately—Anywhere
Phone your or-
der to 4253THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.
WINE DEPARTMENT

1212 Douglas St. Open till 10 p. m.

OUR CUSTOMERS

Find style, comfort and satisfaction
in the clothes we make. Why not
be one of them?

G. H. REDMAN.

Tailor, 655 Yates St.

HOUSE TO LET

1611 Pitt St. 2 doors from Oak
Bay Ave. Six rooms, large
concrete basement, furnace, hot
and cold water, bathroom and all latest
improvements, richly papered
throughout; \$16 a month, including
water.

Apply at

Stoddart's
Jewelry Store

1112 Douglas St.

Store to Rent
\$10 a Month

Seventeen feet frontage, with lavatory
and other conveniences. Free water.

1608 OAK BAY AVENUE

Opposite Chamberlain St.

WANT ADS BRING RESULTS

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

All personal items sent by mail for
publication must be signed with the name
and address of the sender.

W. McDonald, of Tofino, is at the
Dominion.

Harry Francis is a guest at the
Hotel Cecil.

L. R. Hazel, of Spokane, is staying
at the Dominion.

H. D. Lee, of New York, is staying
at the Hotel Cecil.

Miss Chapman, of Toronto, is stay-
ing at the Dominion.

G. W. Phillips, of Kerrisdale, is stay-
ing at the Dominion.

J. C. H. Benson is at the Strathcona
hotel from Parkville.

Mrs. A. Henderson and son are stay-
ing at the Hotel Cecil.

A. D. Duncan, of Spokane, is regis-
tered at the Hotel Cecil.

James Thompson, of Seattle, is a
guest at the Hotel Cecil.

Thomas M. Hart, of Seattle, is regis-
tered at the Empress hotel.

E. J. Ives is registered at the Hotel
Metropolis from Fairbanks.

A. M. Gore, of Dawson, Y. T., is a
guest at the Empress hotel.

John H. Mitchell, of Clayoquot, is a
guest at the Dominion hotel.

Miss H. Strong, of Vancouver, is a
guest at the Strathcona hotel.

Dr. C. L. Logan, of Chicago, has
arrived at the Empress hotel.

H. W. Donaldson, of Vancouver, is
registered at the Hotel Cecil.

H. Eccles and Mrs. Eccles, of Toron-
to, are at the Dominion hotel.

A. E. Bailey, of San Francisco, is a
guest at the Empress hotel.

Miss Dora McDonald, of Tacoma, is
a guest at the Empress hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Stevenson, of Van-
couver, are at the Hotel Cecil.

W. F. Napier is registered at the
Hotel Metropolis from Kelowna.

Mrs. M. C. Nettleton, of Hot Springs,
Ark., is staying at the Empress hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. West, Ashcroft,
are here for a vacation of three weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Gardom, of Pender Is-
land, are registered at the Hotel Cecil.

Miss Isa McDonald, New Westmin-
ster, is spending a holiday in this
city.

L. J. Cranston and family have come
here from Cranbrook to make their
home.

George Barr Baker, of New York,
registered at the Empress hotel yes-
terday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Paul, of Mon-
tral, registered at the Empress hotel
yesterday.

Mrs. P. D. Gordon is registered at
the Strathcona hotel from Port Sas-
katchewan.

J. E. Stillwell registered at the
Strathcona hotel yesterday afternoon
from Duncan.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Ferry, of Vancou-
ver, are among those registered at the
Strathcona hotel.

Mrs. Matthews has gone home to
New Westminster from a visit to
friends in Victoria.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Burns, of Calgary,
Alta., are among those registered at
the Hotel Metropolis.

Chas. Thurburn has returned from a
month's visit to Quatsino, and is stay-
ing at the Dominion.

Miss Marjorie Lord is in the city
from London, Eng. She is staying at
the Strathcona hotel.

Sheriff S. P. Tuck, of South Koo-
tenay, whose home is at Nelson, is
spending a vacation in Victoria.

W. C. Davidson arrived in the city
yesterday afternoon from Seattle, and
registered at the Strathcona hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. William A. Muller, and
Miss Marion Churchill, of Boston,
registered at the Empress hotel yes-
terday.

F. W. Kenman and Mrs. Kenman, of
Alert Bay, are spending their honey-
moon in Victoria. They are staying at
the Dominion.

Mrs. Alice Eley, accompanied by her
son, arrived in the city yesterday from
Berlin, Ont., and registered at the Ho-
tel Metropolis.

C. H. Smith has returned to his
home in Ashcroft after a visit of some
weeks here. Mrs. Smith will remain
for some time longer.

Andrew Rystogi and family, of Daw-
son, are taking a holiday on the coast,
and were amongst yesterday's arrivals
at the Dominion. Mr. Rystogi owns
several hotels in Dawson.

Alice J. Ball, of Woodstock, Ont.;
Mary Kentner, of Toronto; Marjorie
Ross, of London, and S. Mabel Van
Dusen, of Winona, comprise a party of
young ladies who have been touring
the States, and are now registered at
the Dominion hotel en route home.

Hon. W. J. Bowser returned yester-
day from the Lillooet district where

Diamond
Jewelry

We have a splendid
stock of Diamond Jew-
elry set chiefly in plat-
inum. We also carry a
very large stock of un-
set stones. We have a
splendidly equipped fac-
tory and the best work-
men procurable.

ANY REQUIREMENT

In the line of fine Jew-
elry we can supply from
stock or manufacture
to suit your particular
desires.

THE PRICES ARE
RIGHT

A call from you will
be appreciated whether
you are purchasing or
simply interested in
seeing our goods.

Shortt, Hill &
Duncan, Ltd

JEWELERS

Cor. View and Broad Sts.

he has been three weeks. He inspected
the hatchery at Seton lake, looked
over the mining industry in the dis-
trict, and inspected the Pacific Great
Eastern railway as far as it goes. The
attorney-general is in improved health
for his trip.

Rev. F. A. Plaskett, rector of St.
Mary's, Sapperton, who was married
a couple of weeks ago, was the re-
cipient of a presentation from the
members of the congregation on the
return of himself and his bride from
their honeymoon last week. Mr. Plas-
kett is a brother of Dr. J. S. Plaskett,
the astronomer who will be in charge
of the Spanish observatory.

Senator G. G. King, one of the New
Brunswick members of the upper
chamber, is visiting his son, Dr. J. H.
King, at Cranbrook, and will probably
come to the coast before he returns
east. Senator King is one of the Liber-
al stalwarts of the Maritime provinces.
Dr. King, who has been member of
the legislature for Cranbrook, is again
the Liberal candidate for that seat,
and is one of the best-known Liberals
in the Kootenays.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Shandley, 1131
Burdett avenue, celebrated their silver
wedding yesterday. Last evening a
number of their friends, including sev-
eral of those who had attended the
ceremony a quarter of a century ago,
gathered at their home to offer con-
gratulations. Mr. and Mrs. Shandley
were married in this city by Arch-
deacon Scriven in the St. James' church.
Some of their friends who
witnessed the marriage and now reside
in Seattle and Vancouver, were unable
to attend the celebration last evening,
but sent congratulatory telegrams. An
interesting feature of the anniversary
was the beautiful cake, which was
made by Mrs. T. Pearson, the lady who
made the wedding cake. The evening
was passed very pleasantly in recount-
ing incidents which have transpired
since the happy couple were joined in
matrimony. Those who attended
were: Mr. and Mrs. John McGraw,
Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Temple, Mrs. D.
Morris, Mr. and Mrs. R. Tripp, Mrs. J.
McNaught, A. Monteth, Mrs. W. A.
Kirk, Mr. and Mrs. W. Minty, Mrs. W.
Blair, Mrs. Blair, Mr. and Mrs. F. A.
Bell, John Crocker, Mrs. J. A. Austin,
Mr. and Mrs. H. Shandley, Mr. and
Mrs. Lee Mong Kow, Mr. and Mrs. P.
Ormiston, Mrs. J. Whitelaw, Miss Pot-
ter, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Lovick, Mr. and
Mrs. H. Foster, F. Francis, Mr. and
Mrs. J. Butler, Francis M. Shandley,
H. C. Shandley and F. S. Shandley.

A very pretty wedding took place at
2.30 p. m. at "All Saints" church,
Shawigan Lake, on July 23, between
Vere LeVigne Eardley-Wilmet, (min-
ing engineer, and a lieutenant in the
50th Gordon Highlanders), only child
of Colonel Irton Eardley-Wilmet, late
18th King George's Own Lancers, In-
dian Army, and Mary Cecil Moffatt,
daughter of Lewis Henry Moffatt,
mining engineer, of Roseland, B. C.
The church was very prettily decora-
ted by the girl friends of the bride, and
was filled with friends of the bride and
groom. On account of the war the
wedding was a quiet one, and the bride
was attired in a simple but very pretty
white dress and hat. The bridegroom
wore the uniform of the 50th Gordon
Highlanders and W. Pemberton acted
as best man. On leaving the church
the newly wedded couple passed under
the crossed swords of about half a
dozen of the officers of the regiment
who had come up from Victoria to be
present at the ceremony, and were
preceded down the hill from the church
by their motor car by the inspiring
tunes of the pipes by the pipe major,
whom Major Forsythe, the C. O. 50th
Gordon Highlanders, had courteously
brought up with him for this occasion.
A very pleasant reception was after-
wards held at "Knockdrin," the resi-
dence of Colonel and Mrs. Eardley-
Wilmet, the father and mother of the
bridegroom, the guests numbering
about seventy. About 5 p. m. the
happy pair had a great "send off" with
the best wishes of their friends, amid
a shower of confetti, and to the tune
of the pipes.

JURY FINDS DEATH
DUE TO SHOOTING

Declines to Express Opinion
Further Than That in the
Irish Case

The jury which investigated the
death of Mrs. Florence Blanche Irish,
wife of W. A. Irish, yesterday after-
noon, found that she had met her
death as the result of a gun-shot at
the hands of Alfred E. Watson on Sun-
day afternoon. The coroner, Dr. Stan-
ler, considered that there should be an
expression on the question whether the
shooting was wilful or accidental, but
the foreman stated that there was no
evidence as to whether it was intention-
al, or an accident.

In addition to the facts already
known it was brought out at the in-
quest, which was held in the police
court chamber, that Watson had taken
the new revolver with which the double
shooting was done from the drawer in
the den in the Watson home in which
it was kept, although there was nothing
to show why he should have done
so when he was going to pay a friend-
ly call. He and the little daughter of
the house were indoors together for
ten minutes, but for considerable part
of the time he must have been alone
there so far as any notice the child
was taking of him or he of her was
concerned. This he was not showing
her the way the revolver worked
plain. Mrs. Irish was only away from
her husband and friend for less than
two minutes when the shot which killed
her was fired.

Dr. Melbourne Raynor, who was called
to the house immediately after the
accident, said he had made a super-
ficial examination of the body as it lay
on a couch and found one wound, in
the left breast. Yesterday morning he
had made a postmortem and found two
wounds, one in the breast, entering
between the third and fourth ribs, and
the other in the back through the
seventh rib. The bullet had passed
through the lower lobe of the left lung
and through the left ventricle. The
body was that of a woman who had
been in perfect health. It was difficult
from the wounds themselves to form
an opinion as to which was the one of
ingress, and which that of egress,
but from the power-stains on the gown
he would say the woman was shot
from in front and from a little above.
There were no powder marks on the
body.

William A. Irish, the husband of
the deceased, described the events of
the afternoon to the jury. His wife,
himself, their daughter and a Miss
Corbett were sitting on the lawn in
front of the house at 2 o'clock. Eddie
Watson passed down the street and
talked to them over the fence for some
time. They were all eating apples, and
Watson remarked that he did not like
them. The little girl told him that
there were peaches inside, and she and
Watson went in to get them. They
had been in there about ten minutes
when Mrs. Irish asked her friend if
she would like some toffee, and went
into the house to get it. She had been
gone about one minute and a half
when he heard an explosion and a
crash, as if a dish had broken. He
started up and mounted the steps to-
wards the side door. As he was run-
ning he thought he heard a second
shot, but of this he would not be cer-
tain.

"As I got up the steps my wife ap-
peared at the side door, pushing our
little girl ahead of her. She ran to-
wards me and shouted: 'Daddy, daddy,
he has shot me.' I caught her in my
arms. She had a handkerchief in her
right hand. I carried her towards the
steps to the side door, but I think she
was then dead. About that time I heard
another report. The chauffeur came
when my little girl and Miss Corbett
called him, and together we carried
my wife in and laid her on the sofa."

He had known Watson for nine
months, making his acquaintance
through Watson's brother-in-law, a
friend of his, and the three of them
played tennis together. Watson was
not at his house very frequently; he
was more often at Watson's.

The coroner—Was there anything pec-
uliar about him?
Mr. Irish—We always referred to him
as rather crazy. He would act very
childishly. His actions were those of a
schoolboy at times, and other times he
was very nice.

The coroner—How do you think the
shooting occurred?
Mr. Irish—My first impression was
that he had been trifling with the re-
volver, and that had gone off accident-
ally, and that finding he had shot her
he killed himself.

The coroner—Had you known him to
carry a revolver?

Mr. Irish—No.

Chief Langley—Do you keep firearms
in the house?

Mr. Irish—I do, but I have no weapon
like that, and I never saw that
until the police picked it up yester-
day.

Chief Langley—And of course your
wife had no firearms?

Mr. Irish—No; she had a terror of
them.

A juror recalled Mr. Irish's remark
about a "first impression," and asked if
he had any reason to change his opinion
about its being an accident.

Mr. Irish replied that he had not.

The little girl was carried in her
father's arms up to the coroner's desk,
where she was quietly questioned by
Dr. Stanler. Apparently she had not
been concerned with Watson's move-
ments after they had had a peach, nor
was he with her. She said she had
been hanging away on the piano, and
had not heard any noise nor any talk-
ing between her mother and Watson,
and she had not seen Watson for some
time. She ran out after her mother be-
cause she heard her screaming and
knew she was hurt.

Miss Evelyn Corbett, Oak Bay, who
had been staying at the house since
Friday, told of Mrs. Irish offering to
get her some fudge. She would have
gone in after it herself, but Mrs. Irish
saved her the trouble. She heard both
the two shots, the first about a minute
after Mrs. Irish had gone into the
house.

Ernest C. Watson, 1716 Fort street,

Gordon & Sons
LIMITED

Store Hours: 9.30 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Saturdays Included.

Clearance Sale of Dainty
Summer Dresses and Suits
at Half-Price

Practical Dresses for morning, also dainty
frocks for afternoon or party wear in deli-
cate effects in voile, crepe and many new
fabrics, to clear at the following extraor-
dinary prices:

Make your selection while the assortment
is complete.

Reg. \$2.50, sale \$1.25	Reg. \$9.50, sale \$4.75
Reg. \$3.50, sale \$1.75	Reg. \$10.00, sale \$5.00
Reg. \$4.00, sale \$2.00	Reg. \$12.50, sale \$6.25
Reg. \$5.00, sale \$2.50	Reg. \$15.00, sale \$7.50
Reg. \$6.75, sale \$3.40	Reg. \$17.50, sale \$8.75

Sale of Silk and Cloth Suits and Coats con-
tinues this week.

Special Purchase of Fine White
Summer Fabrics

On Sale Tuesday at Half-Price

Reg. 50c, for 25¢ yd. White stripe crepe voile, 36 inches wide.	Reg. 60c, for 30¢ yd. White crepe voile, 45 inches wide.
Reg. 50c, for 25¢ yd. Fine white organdie, 40 inches wide.	Reg. 65c, for 35¢ yd. White ratine stripe voile, 36 inches wide.
Reg. 50c, for 25¢ yd. Fine white voile, 40 inches wide.	Reg. \$1.00, for 40¢ yd. White check ratine voile, 36 inches wide.

755 Yates Street, Victoria.

Phone 1876

875 Granville Street, Vancouver

HELP

By Subscribing to the

Victoria Patriotic
Aid Fund

Breathes there a man with soul so dead,
Who never to himself hath said:
This is my own, my native land.

a brother of the dead man, knew that
his brother kept a Colt's .32, similar to
the one in court, which was always
kept loaded in a drawer in the den. To
a juror Mr. Watson stated that after
he was advised of the affair by Mr.
Irish he looked in the drawer and
found the revolver gone. There was
the best of friendship between the
families, he said, and his brother had
no enmity to anyone. There was no
reason for his killing anyone. A week
ago Sunday the Irish family had din-
ner at their house and on Friday they
attended a dance at the Irish home.

Constable William Elder deposed
that he arrived at the Irish home at
4.10 p.m., and was taken by Dr. Ray-
nor to the front room, where he found
Watson lying on his back with his
head banded. With the assistance of
Driver Caldwell he carried the man
to the ambulance and conveyed him to
the Jubilee hospital. Before leaving the
house he was shown the body of Mrs.
Irish lying on a couch. Watson had
the Colt's automatic revolver, which
was produced in court, under his left
hand. A bullet was lodged in the rash
of the window beneath which Watson
was lying, something over six feet
from the floor.

Patrol Driver Walter Caldwell cor-
roborated the constable as to the find-
ing of the body of Watson. He took
the revolver from under the man's
hand and picked up two empty shells,
one six feet from Watson's feet, just
through the archway in the "other
room, and another three feet from his
head towards the wall of the room he
was lying in. There was also a live
shell lying at his feet, which had
probably jammed in the breach and
been ejected when the next shot was
fired.

John Topp, the chauffeur, gave testi-
mony as to being aroused by the
alarm of Miss Corbett and the child,
helping to lift Mrs. Irish into the
house, and going to look for a doctor.
The coroner addressed the jury brief-
ly, pointing out that the verdict might
find either death by murder, man-
slaughter or accident. After being out
for 10 minutes they returned into court
with the verdict that Mrs. Irish had

met her death by a gun-shot at the
hands of Alfred E. Watson.

Dr. Stanler asked if they did not in-
tend to add a statement as to whether
the shooting was wilful or accident,
but Forman Barber replied that they
did not think there was evidence
enough to go on as to whether there
was intent or simply accident.

The jurors were George W. Barber,
Frederick Wilson, Harry McDowell,
Thomas Platt, Albert Simmons and
Ernest Hayward.

What to Do to Get Fat
and Increase Weight

The Real Cause of Thinness

A Physician's Advice

Most thin people eat from four to six
pounds of good solid fat-making food
every day and still do not increase in
weight one ounce, while on the other
hand many of the plump, chunky folks
eat very lightly and keep gaining all the
time. It's all a matter of the nature of the
food they eat. It isn't
Nature's way.

Thin folks stay thin because their
powers of assimilation are defective.
They absorb just enough of the food
they eat to maintain life and a sense
of health and strength. Stuffing
won't help them. A dozen meals a day
won't make them gain a single "stay
there" pound. All the fat-producing ele-
ments of their food just stay in the in-
testines until they pass from the body as
waste. What such people need is some-
thing that will prepare these fatty food
elements so that their blood can absorb
them and deposit them all about the body
—something, too, that will multiply their
red blood corpuscles and increase their
blood's carrying power.

For such a condition I always recom-
mend eating a Sargol meal with every
meal. Sargol is not, as some believe, a
patented drug, but is a scientific com-
bination of six of the most effective and
powerful flesh building elements known
to chemistry. It is absolutely harmless,
yet wonderfully effective and a single

Your Choice For a Pleasant Evening

PRINCESS THEATRE

Phone 4633.
MISS VERA FELTON AND
THE ALLEN PLAYERS
"CAPRICE"
Popular Prices. Curtain 8.30 Sharp.

PANTAGES THEATRE

Unequaled Vaudeville.
WEEK OF JULY 28.
Royal Italian Sextette
Stars of the La Rapi Grand
Opera Troupe.
LADY ALICE'S PETS.
DORSCH AND RUSSELL.
BELLE OLIVER.
JOHN T. REED.

Funniest satire ever written,
"THE PIANO MOVERS,"
Presented by
Edmund Hayes & Co.
Performances: Matinee, 3; even-
ing, 7.30 and 9.15.

DOMINION THEATRE.

Ethel Barrymore's appearance in "The Nightingale" at the Dominion theatre is a triumphant success far beyond the expectations of those who are already acquainted with Miss Barrymore's exquisite art. It became evident as the story progressed, and she was gradually transformed from a street singer into a veritable artist of grand opera, that she ceased to play a part, actually released her natural self. Iola Franti vanished and Ethel Barrymore appeared in her place. But the transformation was not a mistake. She abandoned mimicry for a natural sunshine of faith and hope that entirely compensated. The pervading spirit of the story is that of fine womanhood that rises by nobility, tenderness, and self-abnegation instead of by force and assertion. Our curiosity has been satisfied, our anticipations more than realized, the play is over, but the memory of Miss Barrymore's charming art will linger with us for many days to come.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.

The pictures being shown at the Royal Victoria theatre for the first three days of this week are well worth a visit. The feature film, "David Garrick," is a great creation. The play itself has been seen in Victoria on several occasions, the last time being when the Orchard Players from the Okanagan valley gave such a splendid

presentation. Now the same can be seen for the small price of admission charged at moving picture theatres. The balance of the programme has also some very excellent photoplays, which include "A Decision of the Court," in which the author has written a story that compels attention and which deals with the revenge of a mother on a judge who sent her son to prison when he was innocent. The Selig Pictorial has some very interesting events, the two comedies, "Dimples," the Auto Salesman, and "The Fable of the Night Given Over to Revelry," cause a lot of laughter. A one-reel drama, "A Romance of Old California," closes a programme that is even better than usual.

VARIETY THEATRE.

The Variety theatre was crowded to the doors last evening, the attraction being the opening episode of the latest and greatest serial photoplay, "The Broken Coin." Everyone was well pleased with the splendid pictures. The boys soprano, scored a tremendous hit, with his singing of "Tipperary Mary" and "On the Shores of Italy." The same programme will be repeated again to-night, when an even greater crowd is expected. Those desiring to see the pictures should attend early.

ITALIAN GRAND OPERA

Former Members of Lombardi Company Give Artistic Performance at Pantages.

Italian grand opera, particularly when sung by artists of the Italian school of voice production, has never failed to draw an audience. The concluding number on the bill at Pantages theatre this week will undoubtedly attract a very large part of the patronage of the next five days. The "Royal Italian Sextette" is an assemblage of excellent voices and well-trained artists who last evening were heard in the sextette from "Lucia di Lammermoor," excerpts from "Il Trovatore," and some of the better known arias from "Carmen." Two of the six voices were particularly fine, and it was a pleasure to hear after so many months devoid of any grand opera productions, selections from some of the old favorites in the finished manner exacted by the Lombardi Grand Opera company.

The unpopular villain of the household became the hero of the turn entitled "Lady Alice's Pets," in which rats swarmed over table, chair, and even their mistress's shoulders. The intelligence of the rodent is well known, but it is not everyone who has the courage to undertake their training. "Oscar" and "George" seemed unusually alert to the sweet sound of their own names. Tight-rope walking, cross-bar work, ladder-climbing, and an elevated railway act which could have been made possible only through implicit trust in the chief operator, provided the spectator with much entertainment.

An elaborately-staged act was seen in the musical railroads, Dorset and Russell, who played tunes on every-thing in sight.

A satire on the workman who muddles his day then throws down his tools sharp on the strike of the clock was seen in a one-act play entitled "The Piano Movers," by Edmund Hayes and company.

Two other turns of this week's bill are that provided by Belle Oliver and by John P. Reed.

"CAPRICE" AT PRINCESS

Allen Players in Comedy-Drama at Popular Playhouse Give Fine Performance.

"Caprice," produced by the Allen Players at the Princess theatre last evening, is a repetition in a slightly new form of the old and popular theme in which the hero weds an unlettered but pretty country maid, takes her back to his city friends, then becomes ashamed of her ignorance of social customs and her disregard for the king's English.

In this particular play the maid was good as well as pretty; and her lover really loved her more than he realized when the great test came. So when she left him, with a resolution to forget him in the pursuit of those things which he seemed to value more than her affection, he was roused to the sense of his own misery in her loss. Everything, of course, turns out just as it should in a play of the kind. She adds to her already great charm the wisdom of books and the graces of sophistication, and they are happily united when the curtain falls on the last act.

The part of the country lass fell to Miss Verna Felton, who made a fascinating Mrs. Jack Henderson in the last part of the play as she was a Mercy Baxter in the opening act. Biron Eagan was the impulsive and impressionable Jack Henderson, who plunged headlong into his ill-advised alliance with the farmer's daughter. His sister, Edith, was impersonated by Miss Tryna Sandin, and his mother by Mrs. Allen. There were a number of incidental relatives and friends on both sides: Jake Baxter, Mercy's brother, acted by Howard Wiggins; and her father, Jethro Baxter, a picturesque figure with the simplicity of his kind, very aptly interpreted by Charles Connors; quite an interesting bit of character impersonation was provided by William Guilbert, the Philander Potts of the tale; and Arthur Kenck and Charles Bennett filled the parts of other connections and critics.

First Tramp—"You seem very 'appy about it, wot's up?" Second Tramp (reading Mr. Asquith's Guildhall speech)—"Er, me bin goin' wivout luxuries all this time, an' I've bin 'elpin' the country to win this war."

TRIAL DATES FIXED IN COUNTY COURT

Two Cases for Friday, and One Next Week; Alleged Attempted Suicide

Trial dates were fixed this morning by Judge Lampman in county court chambers in the cases of three persons who have been committed for trial from the lower court. Two trials will take place next Friday, one on August 6, while there is a fourth case in which trial day is to be fixed on July 30.

Henry Bennett, who was sent up from the police court, having elected to be tried by a higher court, is charged with having in his possession Japanese goods which were taken from the store of J. M. Nagano & Company, and found by city detectives in Bennett's room at the Fairfield block. He was granted bail this morning in \$1,000, and the day of trial will be settled later.

There are two charges against Albert Harris, an Indian of Salt Spring Island, and he will be tried on August 6. He is charged with having obtained from A. J. Eaton \$15 by cheque with intent to defraud R. P. Edwards. This offence is said to have been committed at Salt Spring Island. The other charge is that of having obtained from R. H. Blandy \$5 and credit for \$10 at Sidney. This charge will be heard the same day as the first one. He was allowed bail in two sureties of \$500 each.

A charge of attempted suicide is recorded against Charles Bertram Fisher, the act, it is alleged by the crown, having taken place at Oak Bay recently. Accused elected trial by a judge without a jury, and said that trial on Friday or sooner would suit him. Friday was fixed.

Joe Sing, a Chinese, elected trial by a judge without a jury, and he also will be tried on Friday.

Mr. Herchmer appears for the crown in all the cases.

AN ENEMY TRIBUTE TO CANADIAN WOUNDED

Our Men Praised by Hungarian Correspondent for Their Brave Spirit.

A striking indication of the splendid spirit of the Canadians is given by the war correspondent of the Hungarian journal "Vilag," who—according to a Paris correspondent of the Daily News—recounts an interesting conversation which he had with some Canadian prisoners in a field hospital of the German army.

The journalist declares, "I would not wish the wounded soldiers of my own country who are in the enemy's hands to show finer spirit and behavior than those Canadians." This tribute from the enemy is made by the pressman after he had been taken over the hospital by a doctor, and spoken to a number of the prisoners. In his own words, he was walking with the medical man, when the latter pointed to a group and said, "Those are the Canadians." The youthful faces, says the Hungarian journalist, at once turned towards me inquiringly, as much as to say, Who is this? What does he want? I stopped by the bedside of one of them who was rather severely wounded, though this did not interfere with a constant flow of good spirits, and I asked—"Where did you receive your wounds?"

"At Ypres. I had been fighting there for months."

"Why did you come all the way from Canada?"

"Why, to fight, of course. For what else do you imagine I should have left Canada?"

"Well, you see it did not do much good. It has not helped Britain. It has helped you to get a bullet in the chest, that's all."

"I have Done Britain Good Service."

"You are mistaken," he replied, with an ironical smile, even with respect to the bullets; I received three. And as for England, I have done her good service, whatever you may think. I killed at least a dozen of your men before I fell myself, and am still alive."

"Aren't you sorry you killed them?"

"Who knows? At any rate at the time I was not at all sorry, just as they would not have been sorry if they had killed me."

A second Canadian looked at me. I paused before his bed, and he said—"As you are a journalist you could perhaps tell us—is it true that the Germans have taken Calais?"

I looked at the doctor as though to ask his leave. I read no actual prohibition on his face, so I replied quickly to the wounded man in English, "You idiot! Don't believe such stuff!"

To drive the Germans out of France. The doctor was looking elsewhere. His back was turned. The Canadian continued—"You're not German? What are you?"

"Have no fear. I'm all right."

"As I moved on I heard the brave fellow pass the news to his comrades, whose faces lighted up with pleasure. I asked another Canadian why he had come over to fight. He replied, 'Why I came to drive the Germans out of France.'"

"You have not succeeded."

"Don't you bother your head about that. Just come back in a few months and we'll talk about it."

"What is your opinion of the German soldier?"

"Good soldiers."

The doctor approached. The wounded man, shook hands with me when I left him.

DEUTSCHLAND STILL COCKSURE OF VICTORY

Correspondent of a London Paper Writes of Great German Illusion as He Found It

The Daily Express correspondent, a neutral, who returned from a tour through Germany, writes:

It will interest people in this country to know what the Germans think they will do when the war is over. I discussed this practically with every German I could possibly get in touch with. I tried to find out what, in his mind, would happen at the termination of the vast struggle.

Let it be said first that I did not speak to one who was not convinced that his country would be victorious, and would dictate terms of peace to the allies. It is really remarkable how sure the Germans are of victory. To a certain extent I can understand it. There is, after eight months of war, practically no enemy soldier on German soil, with the exception of prisoners of war. This is told to the people by the German papers on every occasion, and, of course, does not miss its effect.

The lie campaign of the German press is deceiving the people, too, and the hope of bringing her mightiest enemy, Great Britain, to her knees by the submarine campaign, has blinded the great mass entirely.

When the awakening comes and the people see that everything has been sacrificed in vain, I dare not say what terrible things will happen in Germany, and I would not be the least surprised if defeat should bring a revolution more terrible and bloody than any the world has ever seen.

Child-Like Confidence.

One has to live among them to hear from men, as well as from women, their child-like confidence in final victory for the Fatherland, to be convinced of the terrible consequences defeat must bring.

People in Germany realize that the heroic fight of the Belgians has made the progress of the German armies a very difficult one. Accordingly, they want to punish little Belgium for that, although I did not notice so much hatred as I expected. The German people believe that Belgium will be made to pay for her daring and heroic defence. They are convinced that she will lose her independent existence. I got the impression that the majority of the Germans pity Belgium, but they say that too many German lives have been sacrificed to give up the almost conquered territory again.

At the same time the German people realize that peace is not to be expected in the near future. I even heard that nobody would be surprised if a new winter campaign had to be faced. They even expect that countries neutral up to the present may enter the war on the side of the allies, but I got the impression that this does not frighten them very much.

I know from an official source that over 120,000 Bavarian troops, reinforced by large bodies of Austrian soldiers, are at present awaiting events in those parts of Austria and Germany.

On the Dutch Frontier.

Anyone who thinks that the Dutch-German frontier is free from German soldiers is entirely mistaken. The frontier swarms with soldiers, and not by any means merely "Landsturm" men. In fact, that war machine called the German general staff seems to have prepared everything, and it is certainly a puzzle to a foreigner whence they get all those soldiers.

On my way back I passed at all stations trainloads of soldiers going to and coming from the front. The men coming from the field looked simply disgusting, and I do not remember to have seen such dirty crowds in my life. Long beards, long hair, filthy dirty clothes hanging in rags round their bodies, drooping shoulders and an exceedingly tired look—there you have a picture of the soldiers coming from the war zone. The men must have had a terribly long trench experience to look like that. One feels horrified at the prospect of the approaching warm weather which will not fail to have its effect in producing all kinds of diseases.

An interesting incident occurred when I got to the German frontier station. After we had passed the customs officers and gone through the same passport formalities as on my entrance into Germany we moved to an adjacent room to wait until everybody was through. Some Americans, a gentleman and two ladies, were talking in a loud voice in English, although I had noticed before that they knew the German tongue very well. It seemed a pleasure to the gentleman to produce his American papers whenever anyone looked suspiciously at him.

Much Language.

Soon, however, he got himself into trouble. When his trunks, numbering nearly a dozen, were loaded into the goods wagon, some Germans got near the Americans, and, in a voice forbidding little good, remarked: "Have you got some ammunition for your English friends in there?" Another shouted: "Speak German in Germany," and I heard many similar remarks. It became too warm for him, and he retired into his compartment as soon as he could. Americans are not very popular in Germany at the present moment.

My journey was speeded to an end. I was soon on neutral territory again, and I could not help feeling relieved when I was at last out of danger. To sum up my view of Germany in a sentence, let me say this: Her people are still a long way from starvation, a very long way from internal revolution; their enthusiasm for the Fatherland is still great, and they have not even begun to visualize defeat.

Passenger—"Third return to Billingshurst, please." Lady War Booking Clerk (late of Snags & Stollgrove).—"I suppose you wouldn't care for a first return to Brighton?" We're selling quite a lot of these just now. They're considered very smart."—Punch.

THIS MAN SELLS THEM



Go to his place, have him attach Dunlop "Peerless" Heels to your boots, and thus give your feet a new lease of life. The transaction will cost you Fifty Cents.

Once you wear Dunlop "Peerless" Heels, you'll never have a pair of boots or shoes without them.

Also makers of the famous "COMFORT" HEELS and Dunlop Rubber Soles.

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DUNLOP TIRE AND RUBBER GOODS CO., LTD.
Head Office: TORONTO. Branches in Leading Cities.

Tires for Automobiles, Motor Trucks, Motorcycles, Bicycles and Carriages, Rubber Belting, Packing, Hose, Heels, Mats, Tiling, and General Rubber Specialties.

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HERE ARE SOME OF THE THINGS A TIMES "WANT AD" can do for you:

- RENT OFFICES
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- EXCHANGE PROPERTIES
- SECURE CAPITAL
- FIND PARTNERS
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- SELL HOUSEHOLD GOODS
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- FIND LOST ARTICLES
- SECURE COMPETENT HELP
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THESE ARE JUST A FEW OF THE MANY USES YOU CAN MAKE OF A "Want Ad" THERE'S HARDLY A FAMILY IN VICTORIA WHO CANNOT take advantage in some way or other of the tremendous power of TIMES "WANT ADS" to render service in the affairs of every-day life. Give the matter a little thought and you will see how a Times "Want Ad" can help you.

Then Put Your "Want Ads" in the Victoria Daily Times

Subscribe to the Patriotic Aid Fund

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TO-DAY
"AN EYE FOR AN EYE"

Second Chapter of the Diamond From the Sky
RUTHER'S STRATEGEM
A Two-part Entertaining Comedy.
THE DOCTOR'S EXPERIMENT
A Delightful Pictorialization.
DO-RE-ME BOOM
A Keystone Scream
And Other Feature Photoplays.
ANY SEAT—10¢—ANY TIME

VARIETY THEATRE

"The Home of Paramount Pictures"

TO-NIGHT
"The Broken Coin"

Episode No. 1.

Mary Pickford
in
"His Gratitude"

Animated Weekly

"The World's News While it is News."

AND THE REGULAR BIG SHOW

EXTRA ADDED ATTRACTION

The Boy Soprano

Singing the latest popular Songs.

MAIN FLOOR SEATS 10¢ BOX SEATS 25¢

Royal Victoria Theatre

Matinee 2-5. To-night and Wednesday Evening 7-11
Children 5c. Adults 10c. 10c-15c

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TWO BIG FEATURES

David Garrick

A Decision of the Court

Two Comedies Selig Pictorial

ROYAL ORCHESTRA

A GOOD INVESTMENT

Bargain; Sacrifice.
A Money-Maker for Somebody.

1 1/2 ACRES

(10x270). Double frontage on Dupont
ed in 1914. Manchester,
CLOSE TO GORGE ROAD
(On one mile circle).Would make an excellent sub-
division and give
EIGHT LARGE LOTS OF 4.5x138.
OWNER FORCED TO SELL.

Price Only \$5,300

(Average per lot \$625.50).
Terms to suit the purchaser.
Anybody wishing a good factory
site have a look at this.

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Winch Bldg. 640 Fort St.

S. A. BAIRD

1210 Douglas Street.

FOR SALE.

BEATINGS—6 1/2 acres, improved, good
house, barns and all necessary out-
buildings, orchard and small fruits;
price \$22,500.CLARKE ST.—New 5 roomed cottage,
strictly modern; price \$2,500, terms easy.
TO RENT.BEACHWOOD AVE.—6 rooms, basement,
polished floors, etc. \$17.50.

OLIVE ST.—4 rooms, strictly modern, \$12.50.

YATES ST.—3-room suite, modern, yard
at back, etc. \$11.00.

ACTON ST.—7 rooms, new, etc. \$17.50.

CEDAR HILL RD.—5 rooms, furnished,
basement, etc. \$16.00.

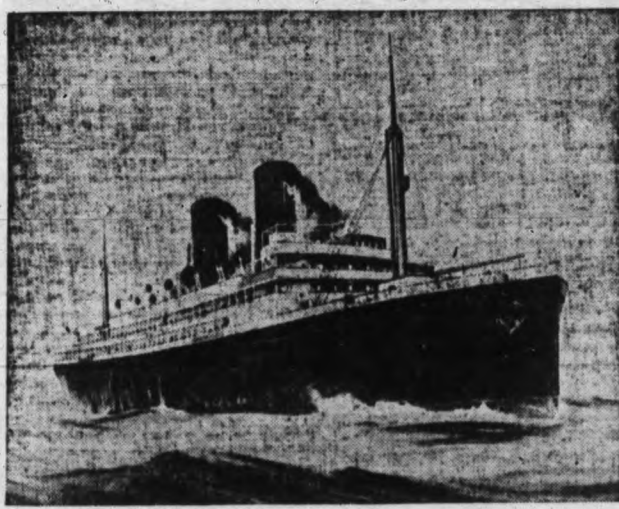
MARION ST.—5 rooms, etc. \$14.00.

LEELANAW WAS ONCE
A VICTORIA VESSELFreighter Sunk by Germans
Was Owned by Dunsmuir
Interests; in Coal TradeAnother familiar steamer to water-
front men of Victoria and other coast
ports has passed from the shipping
records. News came over the wire yester-
day that the steamship Leelanaw, flying
the American flag, has been sent to the bottom by a German sub-
marine. The vessel operated in the
coal trade here for many years and was
making her first offshore trip.Built in 1886 at Newcastle, Eng., by
Messrs. Palmers Co., Ltd., the Leelanaw,
then the Earnwell, has had a fairly eventful career. She was wrecked
some years ago on the Atlantic
coast and after being floated and re-
paired, re-entered service under the
name of the Leelanaw. She first ap-
peared on this coast in the role of a
collier, operating between Tacoma and
San Francisco. For a period she was
owned and operated by the Pacific
freight Co., a concern controlled by the
Dunsmuir interest. She was used in
towing barges between Union bay and
Alaska. Following the sale of the mines
to the McKinnis & Mann interest the
Leelanaw was tied up at Esquimalt.A deal was consummated for the
sale of the vessel to J. L. Luckenbach
& Co., the New York shipping mas-
ter. For two years she disappeared from
the eye of shipping in this sec-
tion of the country. She steamed in
the "Prisco-Mexican" trade. In 1913 she
returned to Puget Sound, having ob-
tained a charter from W. F. Swain
& Co. Throughout the summer of that
year she plied out of Seattle to Al-
aska. During part of 1914 she was idle,
but last winter she was engaged to
tow the coal-barge Acapulco between
Nanaimo and the Golden Gate.Early this spring tonnage on the
Atlantic became so scarce that the
shippers there turned their activities
in chartering to the Pacific coast. Many
steam schooners were taken to load
cotton at Galveston and New Orleans.
The owners of the Leelanaw signed
their craft for a trip offshore with
cotton at a very high rate.
The Leelanaw left New York May
17 with a cargo of cotton consigned to
Russia by way of Gothenburg. The
vessel was detained at Kirkwall while
inquiries were made as to the possi-
bility of getting her cargo to Russia,
as Sweden forbids the export of cot-
ton.The ship was released June 26, with
permission to proceed to Archangel,
where the cotton was discharged and a
cargo of flax was loaded for Belfast.
No details of the torpedoing of the
Leelanaw have been received beyond
a message stating that the crew had
been safely landed at Kirkwall, Scot-
land, from which place they notified
the American consul at Dundee of the
sinking of the vessel.The Leelanaw was owned by the
Harley Steamship company, of New
York. She was 280 feet long.

MINNESOTA IS DELAYED

Seattle, Wash., July 27.—The steam-
ship Minnesota, of the Great Northern
Steamship company, originally set
down for a sailing to-day for Vladiv-
ostok, will be delayed fully a week.
The delay is occasioned by a conges-
tion of freight at the Smith Cove ware-
house, which had to be moved before
the big vessel's tremendous Oriental
cargo could be discharged.The heaviest and most important
part of the Minnesota's cargo will be
200 carloads of steel rails for Russia.
Freight has become greatly congested
at Vladivostok because of the insuffi-
ciency of rail transportation. Traction
power is not so badly needed as track-
age. Hence the big rail shipment.
On her return trip from the Orient
the Minnesota will bring a large ship-
ment of tea.

FAST AUSTRALIAN LINER EXPECTED IN TO-MORROW



R. M. S. NIAGARA

OSAKA LINE SENDING
EXTRA VESSEL HERETosan Maru Leaves Yokohama
and Will Arrive on August 8;
to Relieve Freight PressureIn order to relieve the congestion of
freight on their regular passenger lin-
ers, the Osaka Shosen Kaisha has dis-
patched the steamship Tosan Maru,
from Yokohama to Puget Sound. The
vessel is under charter to the line, and
according to advices received by the
local agents, R. P. Rithet & Co., she
sailed from Yokohama on July 21, and
is expected to arrive in Victoria on
August 8. She has 500 tons of cargo
for British Columbia ports.The trans-Pacific trade has out-
grown the fleet at present operating.
The war has depleted the fleet consid-
erably and owing to the huge ship-
ments of war material for Vladivostok
and general freight to Japanese and
Chinese ports, the cargo has been ac-
cumulating in warehouses on this
coast. The Tosan Maru is not bring-
ing in a very heavy cargo, but she will
sail outwards with her holds crammed
full to their capacity. The vessel in
all probability will clear from Tacoma
direct for Vladivostok.

Gap In Arrivals.

A gap appears in the schedule of the
Osaka fleet. The last steamship, the
Canada Maru, arrived here last Fri-
day, and there will not be another pas-
senger craft flying that houseflag to
dock here until August 13. At frequent
intervals in the schedule there is a gap
of three weeks. This hole will be
plugged up with the appearance of the
new liners, Manila Maru and Hawaii
Maru. The company will then have
seven regular ships plying in the trade.
At that time the line will be in a po-
sition to transship 55,000 tons of freight
each way across the Pacific every
twelve weeks. The O. S. K. will have
the largest fleet in the trade, and as
the freight continues to accumulate no
doubt the extra ships will be ordered
here to relieve the pressure. Last
winter the line sent the Luzon Maru,
Java Maru and Indo Maru here to as-
sist the regular liners in keeping the
warehouses clear.MORE SHIPS NEEDED TO
BRING BACK PROSPERITYPortland, Ore., July 27.—"All we
need on the Pacific coast is ships to
move our products and from what I
hear we will be fairly well taken care
of," says Herbert Fleishacker, the
San Francisco banker, who has arrived
here. "Things are looking good in
California and there is a decided im-
provement here in Oregon and the
northwest.""Our principal handicap at present
is vessels. If ships can be secured for
the lumber trade, business will quickly
pick up. Then there are many vessels
needed for the wheat, and we require
ships for sending ships to San Fran-
cisco to take back the products we
have to sell them. Information re-
ceived is to the effect that England is
now building ships as rapidly as pos-
sible and every vessel sunk by a sub-
marine will soon be replaced by a
new one."Mr. Fleishacker intended proceed-
ing to Ocean Falls, B. C., where the
Crown Willamette Paper Company is
to have a new plant, and where the
banker expected to meet some eastern
people, but he has decided to remain
in Portland a few days. Mr. Fleish-
acker is heavily interested in the
Crown Willamette Paper Company at
Oregon City.

WIRELESS REPORT

July 27—Noon.
Point Grey—Overcast; S. E. light;
bar, 29.01; temp, 62.
Cape Lazo—Cloudy; calm; bar, 29.00;
temp, 65; sea smooth.
Pachena Bay—Passing showers; over-
cast; bar, 29.64; temp, 53; sea
smooth.
Estevan Point—Clear; calm; bar,
29.90; temp, 63; sea smooth.
Alert Bay—Clear; calm; bar, 29.90;
temp, 65; sea smooth.
Triangle Island—Foggy; N. W.; bar,
30.05; temp, 57; sea moderate.
Dead Tree Point—Clear; calm; bar,
29.90; temp, 73; sea smooth.
Ikeda Bay—Clear; N. W. fresh; bar,
29.56; temp, 63; sea smooth.
Prince Rupert—Clear; N. W.; bar,
29.90; temp, 66; sea smooth.GERMAN DIVER WAS
ROBBED OF PRIZESubmarine Shot at Turnwell,
Then Went to Sink Another
Boat; Saved by PatrolNew York, July 27.—Captain Humby
of the British steamship Turnwell,
which arrived to-day from Swansea,
reported that after sailing from Liver-
pool June 15, he encountered a Ger-
man submarine off Tuskar. The sub-
marine fired several shots from a rapid-
firer at the Turnwell and the crew of
the latter took to their boats.
The Germans then boarded the
Turnwell, Humby said, exploded sev-
eral bombs in the empty holds and
abandoned the steamship to attack
the British coasting steamer Trafford.
After sinking the Trafford, the sub-
marine returned to the Turnwell, but
before they could do any further dam-
age to the steamer patrol boats of the
British fleet appeared and the sub-
marine disappeared.The Turnwell's crew returned to
their vessel after having spent four
hours in open boats. The leaks were
plugged and with all pumps working
the ship reached Milford Haven. The
Turnwell then continued to Swansea.The Turnwell's crew returned to
their vessel after having spent four
hours in open boats. The leaks were
plugged and with all pumps working
the ship reached Milford Haven. The
Turnwell then continued to Swansea.SHIPPING
INTELLIGENCEPortland, Ore., July 26.—Arrived: Str.
Eureka and Iowan, from Seattle;
Str. Breakwater, from Coos Bay; str.
Bear, from San Francisco. Departed:
Str. Rose City and U. S. S. Albany, for
San Francisco.Point Lobos, July 26.—Passed: Str.
Baja California, from Seattle, for Cal-
iso, at 3 a. m.Vancouver, B. C., July 26.—Arrived: Str.
Crown of Seattle, from Liverpool,
via San Francisco and Victoria, B. C.
Everett, July 26.—Arrived: Str. J. A.
Chandler, from Monterey; str. Johan
Poulsen, from Tacoma. Sailed: Str.
Hawaiian, for Tacoma.Tacoma, July 26.—Arrived: Str.
Shna-Yak, from San Francisco; str.
Hawaiian, from Everett; str. Seward,
from Southwestern Alaska; str. Ad-
miral Schley, from Seattle. Sailed:
Str. Johan Poulsen, for Everett, at 4 p.
m.; str. Melville Dollar, for Mukilteo.
Mukilteo, July 26.—Arrived: Str.
Melville Dollar, for Tacoma.Seattle, July 26.—Arrived: Str. Presi-
dent, San Diego, via San Francisco;
str. Jefferson, Southeastern Alaska;
str. Admiral Schley, San Francisco;
str. Capt. A. F. Lucas, towing bge. No.
92, San Francisco; str. Prince George,
Prince Rupert, B. C. Sailed: Str.
Spokane, Southeastern Alaska; str. Al-
ameda, Southwestern Alaska, via
Southeastern Alaska; str. Panaman,
Tacoma; str. City of Puebla, Vancou-
ver, B. C., via Tacoma.San Francisco, July 26.—Arrived: Str.
Congress, from Seattle, at 6 p. m.;
str. Umattila, from Seattle, via Victo-
ria, B. C., at 5 a. m. Sailed: Str.
Wasp, for Puget Sound, at 4 p. m.New York, July 26.—Arrived: Str.
Sinaloa, from San Francisco, via Col-
on. Sailed: Str. S. V. Luckenbach, for
San Francisco.Arica, July 26.—Arrived: Str. St.
Helena, from San Francisco; str. Flo-
rence Luckenbach, from San Francisco.
Manila, July 26.—Sailed: Panama
Maru, for Seattle.Wellington, July 26.—Sailed: Str.
Maitai, for San Francisco.Shanghai, July 26.—Sailed: Str.
Uncas, from Hongkong, for San Fran-
cisco.Honolulu, July 26.—Arrived: Str.
Columbian, from Seattle.Brown Head, July 27.—Passed: Str.
Westgate, from Tacoma, thence Feb-
ruary, for Queenstown.Balboa, July 26.—Arrived: Str. Mid-
dleham Castle, from Comox, B. C.,
from New York.

KROONLAND AT PEDRO

San Pedro, Cal., July 27.—The Pan-
ama-Pacific liner Kroonland arrived
yesterday from New York, and pro-
ceeded for San Francisco, after dis-
charging 221 passengers for Los An-
geles.Prominent among those who con-
tinued through to San Francisco were
H. M. Statter, son-in-law of J. P.
Morgan, and Julius Spencer Morgan,
a grandson of the late financier, who is
on his wedding trip, and Mrs. T. De
Witt Talmadge, widow of the great
Brooklyn preacher, with her daughter,
Miss Rebekah Collier.ALASKA SALMON PACK
WILL BE VERY LIGHTPortland, Ore., July 27.—Wireless
advices from F. A. Daly, superinten-
dent of the Alaska-Portland Packers'
association, to the local officials of the
company, indicate that the Bristol Bay
salmon pack will not be much more
than half of the output of last season.The message was dated at Nush-
agak, Alaska, July 14. Up to that time
Daly says the catch on the Koguking
and Naknek rivers represents but 50
per cent. of that of last year. On the
Nushagak he stated it is about 66 per
cent. In that part of Alaska they are
known as the red salmon.In two weeks more the season will
end, and consequently it was held by
an official of the company there is
bound to be a big shortage.Fifteen ships went to the Koguking
and the Naknek and 10 to the Nush-
agak to load. Toward the latter part
of August they are expected to be back
with not much more than half cargoes

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ing car.For reservations and full particulars apply to C. P. R. Offices, 1192 Gov-
ernment St. Phone 174. L. D. CHETHAM, City Pass. Agent.

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Leaves	Arrives	Leaves	Arrives	Leaves	Arrives
V. Victoria	1:30 p.m.	Tuesday	Thursday	Thursday	Saturday
V. Vancouver	12 night	Tuesday	Thursday	Thursday	Saturday
V. Prince Rupert	6:30 a.m.	Thursday	Saturday	Saturday	Monday
V. Prince Rupert	10:30 a.m.	Thursday	Saturday	Saturday	Monday
V. Prince George	8:30 a.m.	Friday	Sunday	Sunday	Tuesday
V. Edmonton	8:00 a.m.	Saturday	Monday	Monday	Wednesday
V. Saskatoon	8:15 p.m.	Saturday	Monday	Monday	Wednesday
V. Regina	7:30 a.m.	Sunday	Tuesday	Tuesday	Thursday
V. Toronto	12:00 noon	Wednesday	Thursday	Thursday	Saturday
V. Montreal	7:30 a.m.	Wednesday	Friday	Friday	Sunday
V. New York	1:15 a.m.	Wednesday	Friday	Friday	Sunday

Through Electric-lighted Sleeping Cars, Prince Rupert and Winnipeg.
Dining Cars and other equipment are of the most modern and strongest
construction. The level straight line of the Grand Trunk Pacific has been
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The time ball on the Belmont build-
ing will be raised halfway at 12:45 at
the top at 12:55 and dropped at 1 p. m.
daily. F. Napier Denison, superinten-
dent, the Observatory, Gonzales
Heights.Sergeant Doolan—"Halt! you can't
go in there!" Private Mulligan—"Why
not, sir?" Sergeant Doolan—"Be-
cause it's the colonel's tent." Private
Mulligan—"Then what are they
doing with 'Private' over the door?"

TIMES SHIPPING CHART

DEEP SEA ARRIVALS					
Steamer	Master	Tonnage	Agents	From	Due
Kenta	Turner	3,000	B. W. Greer	New York	July 25
Tamba Maru	Nagase	3,800	G. Northern	Hongkong	July 28
Niagara	Rolla	7,902	C. P. R.	Sydney	July 29
Crown of Galicia	Halliday	3,149	Balfour, Guthrie	Offshore	Aug. 15
Discoverer	Rushforth	3,043	Balfour, Guthrie	Offshore	Aug. 15
Idoneous		4,280	Dodwell & Co.	Liverpool	Aug. 20
Talithus	Cullum	6,522	Dodwell & Co.	Hongkong	Aug. 20
Grahamland			To load lumber at Genoa, Italy		Aug. 20
Benefactor	Smith	3,800	Balfour, Guthrie	Liverpool	Sept. 10

DEEP-SEA DEPARTURES		SAILERS COMING	
Chicago Maru, R.P.Rithet, H'kg'g, July 24		Columbia, American schooner, from	
Aki Maru, G. N., Hongkong, July 27		Salaverry, Peru, for Royal Roads. To	
Niagara, C.P.R., Sydney, Aug. 4		load lumber at Vancouver for Australia.	
Ixon, Dodwell & Co., Hongkong, Aug. 12		Endymion, Russian barque, from Sydney	
		Australia, to load lumber at Vancouver	

COAST SERVICES	
From Northern Ports	From West Coast
Prince George, G.T.P., P. Rupert, July 28	Tees, Holberg, July 27
Prince Rupert, G.T.P., P. Rupert, July 29	From San Francisco
Princess Alice, C.P.R., Skagway, July 27	City of Puebla, Pacific Coast, July 25
	Umatilla, Pacific Coast, Aug. 1
For Northern Ports	For San Francisco
Princess Alice, C.P.R., Skagway, July 27	Umatilla, Pacific Coast, July 23
	City of Puebla, Pacific Coast, July 20
For West Coast	For Comox
Tees, Holberg, July 29	Charmar, C. P. R. July 23
	For Rivers Inlet.
	Chelohain, Union Steamship Co., July 23

FERRY SERVICES	
For Vancouver	From Seattle
Princess Victoria leaves 3 p. m. daily.	Princess Victoria arrives 1:00 p.m. daily.
Princess Mary leaves 10:30 a. m. daily.	
Princess Adelaide leaves 11:45 p. m. daily.	For Tacoma
	Iroquois leaves 8:30 a. m. daily.
For Vancouver	From Tacoma
Princess Mary arrives 6:45 a. m. daily.	Iroquois arrives 6:30 a. m. daily.
Princess Charlotte arrives 2:45 p. m. daily.	
Princess Adelaide arrives 6:30 p. m. daily.	For Port Angeles
	Sol Duc, 10 a. m. except Sunday.
For Seattle	From Port Angeles
Princess Charlotte leaves 4:30 p. m. daily.	Sol Duc, 9 a. m. except Sunday.

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Good blue serge suits are becoming scarcer. This fact makes the offer we are advertising for to-morrow all the more valuable. These suits are splendid quality and are worth more than we are asking. They were bought before the war and are not affected by war taxes.

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BASEBALL SEASON HALF OVER BIG LEAGUE PREDICTIONS

New York, July 24.—With the baseball season half over, confidence apparently is not lacking in the minds of big league managers as to the ultimate outcome. Following are their opinions, as expressed to the United Press:

National League.

Wilbur Robinson, Superbas: "We're going to win that old flag for several seasons. First, we have the best pitching staff in the league; second, we have the heaviest hitting outfit; and third, we have spirit."

Charley Herzog, Reds: "It's anybody's pennant, and the Reds have just as good a chance as any team. I have made some changes that will prove beneficial."

Roger Bresnahan, Cubs: "Don't take our little slump as any indication that we are through. We're going to win that pennant. It won't be long till we are on top again, where we belong."

John J. McGraw, Giants: "It's anybody's pennant, with every club in the league putting up the poorest ball in years. I can't see how the Giants can be counted out under the circumstances."

Pat Moran, Phillies: "I can't make any prediction at this time. I am satisfied with the Phillies playing. At any rate, I am confident they will not finish worse than third."

National.

Fred Clarke, Pirates: "It's the tightest and most remarkable race I've seen in many a year. Any club has a chance."

George Stallings, Braves: "Going with a big O. K."

Federal.

Rebel Oakes, Pitts-feds: "I think that the Pitts-feds will win the pennant, because we are now but three games from first place, and since climbing into the first division from seventh place we have never lost our grip."

George Stovall, Kawfers: "Kansas City is going to have a pennant-winner for the first time in years. Tinker's men are only temporarily on top. Bet your roll that we'll be back in August."

American.

Hughie Jennings, Tigers: "The middle of the season finds Detroit very much in the running. With some better pitching we could run away with the pennant. Even as we stand we will be contenders all the way and possibly winners. I fear Boston most."

Bill Donovan, Yankees: "I am building for next year, when I expect the Yanks to be pennant-contenders. However, I have the nucleus of a great team right now, and am confident New York will finish in the first division."

Bill Carrigan, Red Sox: "Our chances look good. The team is just rounding into shape; we finish at home, and we haven't had the nerve-racking job of setting the pace. We'll have to beat the Tigers and White Sox."

Clarence Rowland, White Sox: "We are off with a good lead now, and we will hold the lead we have and sweeten it. If Walsh comes back to-day I'll have a wonderful staff of pitchers."

Connie Mack, Athletics: "I don't want to talk about it. I haven't a thing to say. Don't quote me."

Lee Fohl, Indians: "I like the White Sox. They have the best pitching staff, a well-balanced club, and some heavy hitters."

EXTRA HEATS WERE NECESSARY TO DECIDE GRAND CIRCUIT RACE

Detroit, July 25.—After the first three races on yesterday's Grand Circuit programme had been disposed of in straight heats, three starters in the final number staged one of the prettiest battles seen here in several years, going five gruelling rounds to a decision.

Only three horses went to the post for the 2.55 pace. Margot Hal acted badly in the first two heats, which The Climax won in hard drives. In the third heat McDonald kept his mare on her feet, taking the lead at the half-mile and holding it to the wire. Fred Russell led all the way in the fourth, Margot Hal breaking just as she came alongside near the finish. The Climax led to the half in the final mile, but tired badly and Margot Hal went to the front and showed the way to the wire. The Climax took a hard flogging to finish in front of Fred Russell, who had broken badly, but was coming fast.

Hasel Lagon won the 2.50 trot about as she pleased, and Al Mack never was in danger of losing the 2.15 trot. Major Ong tried bravely to head Aconite in the 2.10 pace, but Cox drove his horse to an easy victory in each heat.

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SPORTING NEWS

LOCAL TWELVE TO TRY FOR CUP

FRANK SWEENEY REJOINS CLUB

New Players Add "Pep" to Victoria Lacrosse Club Workouts; Mann Cup Wrangle

New life has been injected into the Victoria Lacrosse club and the locals are going to make a big bid to capture the Mann cup this season. The appointment of Boss Johnson as coach and the decision of the players to keep in the game, has stirred up a lot of interest in the team and the officials of the club are enthusiastic over the chances of the locals making a strong bid for the silverware. A big workout was held Sunday morning, at the ball park, and another practice is booked to-night.

No selection of a team captain has yet been made, but the club officials are getting out new players and with every man working hard to get in shape, the team ought to be capable of greatly improved playing in future games. Frank Sweeney, the hard-checking point player, has rejoined the club and is booked for a position on the defense, while another strong addition is "Nellie" Kenny, a former New Westminster star, who will hold down a berth on the local home. Kenny is an experienced player, a tall rangy youth, who will add a lot of speed and scoring ability to the home. Joe Mitchell, another promising youngster, is also making a try for a place on the home and the outlook, on the whole, is decidedly encouraging.

Chairman Joe Lally, of the board of trustees of the Mann cup, has issued a lengthy statement in regard to the controversy now waging over the possession of the trophy between Vancouver and Calgary. The cup, though awarded to the latter club by the trustees, is still held by Vancouver and legal action has been taken to force the British Columbia organization to relinquish the silverware. Mr. Lally points out that Kendall, who played with Vancouver, and was pro-

tested by Calgary, admitted, under oath, that he had been paid for his services, yet the British Columbia branch of the A. A. U. of Canada gave him a clean bill of health. On the board which considered his case were Messrs. Archibald and Scragg, of the Vancouver association. The latter being physical director. Later the Alberta branch declared Kendall a pro, and so notified the British Columbia union, who then suspended Kendall. Brampton then challenged, and Vancouver played two men belonging to another club. The trustees ordered Vancouver to turn the cup over, but they refused to do so and appealed to the Canadian Amateur Lacrosse union, which at a meeting in December at Ottawa voted to regard Kendall as an amateur, and allowed Vancouver to retain the cup.

Says Mr. Lally: "I would like any sportsman view the case if a team of amateur sportsmen from his town, who were playing the game for the honor of the town and the love of the sport, journeying several hundred miles in quest of the Mann cup, as Calgary did, or traveling five thousand miles, as the boys of Brampton did, and have as contemptible a deal put over them as was put over these two teams by the supposed 'sportsmen' at the head of the Vancouver 'Amateur' Lacrosse club, and the trustees of the Mann cup sit back and let them get away with it? What would your opinion of the said trustees be? Such 'sportsmen' are a curse to lacrosse or any other game with which they are associated; and when they are backed up in such actions by the Canadian Amateur Lacrosse association and the Amateur Athletic Union of Canada, is it any wonder that such organizations are discredited. When it comes down to the final analysis, the Mann cup trustees are the sole owners of the Mann cup, and will conduct their affairs as heretofore, in a manner which they consider to be honest and just, and feel confident that the public of Canada will be behind them in their endeavor to have this cup remain emblematic of the World's AMATEUR Lacrosse championship."

SPORTING GOSSIP

A work-out of the Victoria Lacrosse club is booked for Thursday.

James Bay oarsmen will hold a club regatta next month.

Jack Curley denies that the Willard-Johnson bout was a fake.

He says that Willard will whip Johnson any time they step in the ring.

Haworth has rejoined the Leafs and will work regularly this week.

Coach Bob Springer, of the Victoria Lacrosse club, has resigned.

The pro lacrosse season has been brought to a close at Vancouver.

Con. Jones has decided that the Royals cannot be beaten this year.

Freddie Welsh is spending a nice time on the beach at Venice, Cal.

The lightweight champion will not sign up for another bout until the fall.

Brooklyn is now being favored to win the National league pennant.

Weiser Dell is heaving a fine article of ball for this club.

Freddie Douglass, the Koban King, is out with an offer to race any out board motor enthusiast on Vancouver Island.

Pinkie Grindle is anxious to break into

REMARKED ON THE SIDE

Driving Club Deserves Every Support.

The success of the Victoria Matinee Club to date is the reward of all kinds of hard work, and the coming Labor Day meet promises to be the finest of the year. The entire receipts are donated to the Red Cross fund, the prizes being ribbons only. The heavy expenses of keeping up their stables of thoroughbreds are not thought of by the local harness enthusiasts, and if the public will only support these gymkhana, harness racing in the capital will be given a big boost.

Baseball Equipment For the Boys at the Front

There is no doubt but that there will be a ready response to the appeal of Pte. Bert Gravin for sporting outfits to help break the monotony of life in the trenches. Eastern Canadian cities have sent over hundreds of parcels of balls, bats and gloves, while Prexy Johnson, of the American League, also got together quite a lot of equipment, and shipped it to the fighting line. It is up to Victoria sportsmen to see that those who are fighting in the trenches do not want for these little gifts. It would be better by far to keep the soldiers' spirits buoyant at the front by a game of ball now and then, even if it means the sacrifice of one's own outfit.

Cowley Wants Bout With Jim Coffey.

Another heavyweight on the scene is Tom Cowley, who has just returned from Australia with Jim Corbett. Cowley is a native of England, but during the past two years he has made his home in Vancouver, and it was here that Jim Corbett first made his acquaintance. He looked good to Jim and the latter took him along to Australia on his vaudeville tour. Corbett matched him against three men in Australia—Les O'Donnell, Gordon Coghill and Ben Doyle—winning all three bouts in easy fashion. Corbett is wise enough to know that he is not yet ripe for a match with Willard, but he thinks he can beat most of the heavies in the States and is willing to match him with Coffey in New York, the match to take place within a month's time. Then the winner can be shoved ahead for a talk with Jess Willard about the title. If Coffey and Willard meet it will not be Labor Day, as stated by some, but in the late fall. Jess is tied up with the 101 Ranch still October and could not get away until after that date. It is possible that the match may be decided in Milwaukee, at the big Auditorium, as the Cream City A. C. has made a bid for the bout, and Tom Jones, manager of Willard, is willing to accept it.

SEATTLE'S STREAK

BROKEN YESTERDAY

Beavers Won Easily; Kaylor Fails to Hold Aberdeen Club

Vancouver broke up Seattle's winning streak yesterday afternoon and the Beavers jumped into the lead on the series. Arlett outpitched Melvor, holding the Giants to five hits, while the Beavers hammered out eleven safeties. It was the first defeat after a string of eighteen victories. From here it looks as if Dugdale's squad were lucky to catch the Victoria club when they were homeless and also helpless with their twirlers in a hopeless way.

Spokane and Tacoma meet at the City of Destiny this week in a crucial series. The Indians will have a struggle hold on the pennant if they can clean up the Tigers. Tacoma have a pretty fair hitting aggregation, but against a club like Spokane, they will find it pretty hard to gain any ground. Mgr. Wicker is playing Callahan and Fisk in the outfield alternately, and he is getting good hitting and fielding out of these twirlers. Dutch Altman is playing a fine game at third, so that Bobby Coltrine is not missed at all.

Prexy Blewett must have run short of pitchers at Aberdeen yesterday, for he sent in Ted Kaylor to hold down the Black Cats in the first game of the series. Theodore promptly proved that his pitching days are but a memory, by allowing the Felices no less than fifteen runs and eighteen hits, while the Leafs were gathering five runs and ten bingles. The Victoria club looked about as formidable as an Epworth League club in the majors. Hanson replaced Kelly on first base, while Captain Willis Butler had Bill Reid back in the outfield. The league apparently realizes that the "Orphans" deserve little consideration, except their pay checks, and are content to let them slip along.

Tacoma, July 27.—What began as a pitchers' battle between Noyes and McGinnity was broken up by Spokane in their fifth inning yesterday, when three singles and an error gave the visitors one run. A walk, error and a single in the seventh gave them one more. The Tigers could not score, although they filled the bases in the ninth in an attempted rally.

Score: R. H. E.
Spokane..... 2 6 3
Tacoma..... 0 4 2
Batteries—Noyes and Brenegan; McGinnity and Stevens.

Seattle, Wash., July 27.—Bunched hits off Melvor in the fifth and ninth innings gave Vancouver the first game of the series here yesterday afternoon by a score of 5 to 2.

Score: R. H. E.
Seattle..... 2 5 0
Vancouver..... 5 11 0
Batteries—Melvor and Cadman; Arlett and Cheek.

ANOTHER COMEDY

Aberdeen..... A. B. R. H. P. O. A. E.
Giddings, 1 b..... 6 2 4 7 0 0
Henry, 3 b..... 4 2 1 2 3 0
Kippert, c. f..... 5 0 2 4 0 0
Laving, 2 b..... 5 1 2 4 2 2
McQuarry, 1. f..... 4 2 2 0 0
Melchior, r. f..... 5 0 2 1 0 0
Ward, a. s..... 5 2 4 3 2 1
Vance, c..... 4 2 1 4 1 0
Engle, p..... 4 2 0 0 2 0
Totals..... 42 15 15 57 10 3

Score by innings:
Victoria..... 0 1 0 0 0 1 3 0 5
Aberdeen..... 1 0 8 0 1 0 4 15
Summary: Home run—Giddings. Three-base hit—McQuarry. Error (3). Brown. Sacrifices—Henry. Eight runs and 9 hits off Kaylor in 2 1/3 innings; 6 runs and 9 hits off Brown in 5 2/3 innings. Times on base—Off Engle, 5; off Kaylor, 3; off Brown, 1. Struck out—By Engle, 3. Stolen bases—Ward (4), Henry, Kippert, Laving, Melchior (2). Double plays—Engle to Vance to Giddings; Laving to Giddings. Umpire—Cassidy. Time—2:05.

ELLA ERICKSON HOLDS

HALF MILE RECORD ON THE WILLOWS TRACK

Driver Foster, who piloted Ella Erickson, in Saturday's free-for-all, denies that Leonard Tall's mare Minnie M. broke the track record for the half mile in covering the second heat in 1.09. According to Mr. Foster, Ella Erickson covered the distance in 1.05 a few weeks ago, and the owner is willing to race Mr. Tall for a side bet of \$100, to finish out this race, the winner to donate the money to the Red Cross.

H. B. "Imperial" Lager Beer, pints, 8 for 25c.

CRICKET TEAM PICKED.

It was announced this morning, that with the permission of Major Rous Cullin and the officers of the 88th regiment, the Fustlers band will be in attendance at Saturday's benefit cricket match. The team was picked last night as follows: A. Lee, R. B. Patten, H. R. Orr, A. Martin, R. H. Pooley, E. F. Ward, F. A. Sparks, A. Ackroyd, H. Hudson, Capt. Birch, R. H. Vaughan, H. A. Goward and R. T. Radcliffe.

OFFICIAL AVERAGES.

Victoria is the leading fielding team and second in hitting in the latest official averages. The Leafs have Haworth as the best club swinger with a mark of 333. The figures follow:

	A. B. R.	H. Ave.
Hunt, Vancouver.....	99	2 16 432
Kercher, Aberdeen.....	10	4 4 400
Brooks, Seattle.....	55	12 23 335
Heuther, Vancouver.....	71	10 25 332
C. Lewis, Aberdeen.....	52	6 18 346
Williams, Spokane.....	309	54 185 343
Haworth, Victoria.....	227	25 77 323
Kaylor, Victoria.....	346	59 111 323
H. Murphy, Spokane.....	301	24 87 289
W. Butler, Victoria.....	255	32 113 318
J. Smith, Seattle.....	340	49 106 312
Brenegan, Spokane.....	258	28 89 310
G. Kelly, Victoria.....	340	56 105 308
Brinker, Vancouver.....	362	52 111 304
Bennett, Aberdeen.....	349	37 106 291
Prisk, Vancouver.....	199	36 57 302
Stevens, Tacoma.....	299	39 88 294
Neighbors, Spokane.....	215	54 95 300
Fisk, Spokane.....	64	6 19 277
Stokke, Tacoma.....	343	54 102 297
Spokane, Tacoma.....	358	66 109 296
Callahan, Spokane.....	83	4 24 284
Stevens, Tacoma.....	299	39 88 294
Doty, Vancouver.....	17	2 5 294
Roy Brown, Victoria.....	113	13 33 292
Leonard, Victoria.....	24	3 7 292
J. Butler, Tacoma.....	340	49 106 291
Kippert, Aberdeen.....	346	59 111 323
Steeley, Spokane.....	255	32 113 318
Grover, Tacoma.....	315	60 91 289
M. Nye, Victoria.....	343	55 79 288
Brotem, Vancouver.....	230	26 66 286
Howcock, Seattle.....	47	8 28 284
Godfrey, Victoria.....	35	7 19 286
Guilford, Seattle.....	88	14 28 286
Gleason, Vancouver.....	268	17 59 284
Coleman, Vancouver.....	191	32 54 283
Shaw, Seattle.....	272	50 77 283
Boeckel, Tacoma.....	46	6 12 288
Pappa, Vancouver.....	24	3 7 282
Barth, Seattle.....	342	52 97 289
McQuarry, Aberdeen.....	119	15 32 289
McCarl, Vancouver.....	259	47 96 268
Coltrine, Spokane.....	190	20 53 267
Moore, Vancouver.....	207	29 56 266
Melchior, Aberdeen.....	328	34 81 265
J. Lewis, Spokane.....	350	58 121 261
Kaufman, Tacoma.....	16	8 29 263
Hughes, Aberdeen.....	82	10 21 254
Red Murphy, Aberdeen.....	238	35 61 252
Gillings, Aberdeen.....	290	41 74 250
Hogan, Tacoma.....	365	44 97 250
Ward, Aberdeen.....	316	27 79 250
Hoffman, Victoria.....	229	35 57 249
Piper, Aberdeen.....	105	9 30 248
Abstein, Seattle.....	77	8 19 245
Melvor, Seattle.....	49	6 12 245
Eberlein, Aberdeen.....	45	3 11 244
Reese, Seattle.....	33	10 24 242
Wurff, Spokane.....	388	55 98 240
Eastley, Seattle.....	63	2 15 238
Hlester, Tacoma.....	325	37 77 235
Gleason, Aberdeen.....	17	2 4 235
Killaly, Vancouver.....	355	48 74 229
Reese, Seattle.....	144	19 35 229
O. Nye, Vancouver.....	259	39 225 228
Raymond, Seattle.....	333	41 75 228
Wally, Seattle.....	22	2 8 226
Cadman, Seattle.....	238	28 62 219
Henry, Aberdeen.....	365	44 97 250
Peel, Tacoma.....	41	1 21 216
Ed. Kelly, Vancouver.....	41	1 12 212
Grant, Vancouver.....	33	1 7 212
Lotz, Seattle.....	29	4 6 207
Morse, Seattle.....	290	28 59 200

BATTING.

Spokane..... A. B. R. H. Ave.
Victoria..... 2,065 454 888 289
Tacoma..... 2,049 439 859 279
Tacoma..... 2,182 457 852 268
Vancouver..... 2,066 404 818 264
Seattle..... 2,866 379 755 258
Aberdeen..... 2,134 342 747 239

FIELDING.

P. O. A. E. Ave.
Victoria..... 1,286 1,238 142 362
Spokane..... 1,534 1,182 165 355
Seattle..... 2,555 1,294 189 352
Aberdeen..... 1,491 1,215 190 351
Tacoma..... 2,533 1,230 196 350
Vancouver..... 2,426 1,242 200 349

BENEFIT MATCH.

Five C's Cricket club will meet the Anglican clergymen to-morrow afternoon in a benefit match on the Albion grounds, the match starting at 2.30 p.m. There will be a collection, the proceeds of which will be devoted to the United Service Tobacco fund. The following will represent the Five C's: P. C. Payne (capt.), R. V. Lea, H. S. Greeley, R. H. Barker, Gordon Leeming, J. S. W. Clowes, A. M. Borland, G. Sellers, W. J. M. Telfer, W. Gibson and W. H. Carr. Reserve, F. Teevan.

COWICHAN RACE.

Secretary Stewart, of the Royal Victoria Yacht club, announces that the motor boat race under the auspices of the Royal Victoria Yacht club from Cadboro bay to Cowichan bay, for the Lane and Irving cups, will be run on Saturday next, July 31, the first boat leaving from the club boat house at 11.45. Entries should be made to the secretary of the Royal Victoria Yacht club as soon as possible.

THE FINEST SPIRIT EVER BOTTLED

Perfection

Scotch Whisky

Mellow and silky, without a touch of "bite" or harshness.

Proprietors—D. & J. McCallum, Edinburgh. Sole Agents—

THE B. C. WINE CO., LIMITED

Family Liquor Store, 1216 Douglas St. Phone 3052

ANNUAL TOURNEY OF LOCAL CLUB

Many Enter Victoria Handicaps; Strathcona Lodge Holds Series of Matches

Splendid tennis is being witnessed on the courts of the Victoria Lawn Tennis club, the annual handicap tournament of this club being staged at the Fort Street courts. Despite the fact that a majority of the club's best tennis players are at the front, the matches are productive of the highest order of tennis and excitement is running high in the different classes. C. McSwain is a strong favorite in the men's singles, though of course Bernie Schvengers will just about top the senior class.

Rain may prevent any play to-day as the downpour last night soaked the grass courts, but the draw for to-day will be held over to-morrow should it be impossible to play this afternoon. The results to date, together with the draw, follow:

Men's Singles, Class A.
F. J. Marshall beat T. Leeming, 6-2, 6-4; J. S. MacLachlan beat J. B. MacLachlan, 6-4, 6-0; and H. MacSwain beat G. M. Lindsay, 4-6, 6-4, 6-4. In class B, J. V. Scrivener beat T. Heyland, 6-1, 7-9, 8-6.

Men's Doubles.
Armstrong and Scrivener beat Williams and Hart, 6-4, 11-9.

Ladies' Singles, Class A.
Miss Lawson beat Miss M. Rickaby, 6-2, 8-6; and in class B, Miss Appleby beat Miss Ross, 9-7, 6-2.

Ladies' Doubles.
Miss J. Macleod and Miss Mesher beat Mrs. Armstrong and Mrs. Abel, 6-1, 6-3; and Miss Lawson and Miss Macdormott beat Miss Macleod and Miss Tuck, 6-0,

HOUSES BELOW COST

PENDERGAST STREET—Almost new, 1½ storey dwelling, containing 3 bedrooms, dining-room, kitchen, living-room, basement, piped for furnace. Lot, 45 ft. x 120 ft. Price, \$3,450. Terms.

FLEMING STREET—Cottage of 3 large rooms, bathroom, pantry, basement. Lot, 45 ft. x 135 ft. One block from tram, close to Gorge. Low taxes. Price, \$1,500. \$100 cash, balance as rent.

P. R. BROWN

Money to Loan. Insurance Written. 1112 Broad St.

THE LADY NEXT DOOR

Should be able to tell you of the excellence of our Coal. If not, order a trial ton from us and then tell her.

Our Motto—"FULL MEASURE"

Mackay & Gillespie Ltd

Phones 149 and 622. Office, 738 Fort Street

FOR SALE—LOTS.

IF ANYONE WILL GIVE ME \$250 and assume \$1,000 a year mortgage, they can have my lot on Cook street car line, facing Suttie's street, size 50x120, 3101 Washington avenue. Phone 58412.

FOR SALE—HOUSES.

"HALT"—Will sacrifice 6 roomed, modern bungalow, Oak Bay, \$2,800, no cash payment, \$25 monthly, no interest above mortgage, urgent. Phone 51721.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

DIGGONISMS—"Why does a duck go to water? For divers reasons." It is just the same cause that brings all the people to the Diggon Printing Co. 3101 Washington avenue. Phone 58412.

DO EMULATE THE BEAVER BECAUSE, says the Colonist, it is an industrious little animal, takes no part in politics, and helps itself. Other naturalists aver that the beaver is a very useful animal, and that the Victoria variety takes the greatest interest in politics and secures all the best things for itself. Moral—Skin it before it skins you. For beaver skins and most anything ask at Murdoch's Pandora Mart. Phone 5380.

A REDUCTION IN PRICES—Low rates on circular letters or post cards that cannot be detected from typewriting. Our prices include postage, printed letterheads or post cards and envelopes, typing, letter, folding and enclosing, stamping, addressing and supplying names. We can reach every home worth reaching. We refund postage on all returns through parties having moved. Newton Advertising Agency, 1112 Broad St., Victoria, B. C. Phone 1915.

FOR RENT—For six weeks, cosy, four-room, modern, furnished cottage, pleasant location. Phone 58412.

A BEASIDE COTTAGE—To rent, on lease or for the summer, at a small rent, a nice, 4 roomed cottage, Roberts Bay, near Sidney, boat house, water laid on. Apply Robert Grubb, 206 Central Bldg.

AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHERS perfect time table for exposures; easily understood; 35 each. P. O. Box 538, 24 Winch Building.

CAMP COOK, with large and varied experience, for a situation. 1269 Montrose avenue.

STANDARD BRED saddle or buggy horse (almost black) for \$200 cash, 8 years old, but had very little usage; in splendid condition; party selling would like option to buy horse back at the same price within six months; present stable can be kept and horse groomed daily at \$10 per month. Can be seen at 40 Chester, or Phone 1915 or 52131.

CIRCULARS and doggers done quickly; delivered or addressed and mailed. Newton Advertising Agency, 1112 Broad St.

A GOOD MAN showeth favor, and leniency. We do the next best thing—give excellent printing, individually and in bulk. Diggon Printing Co., 3101 Washington avenue.

IF YOU HAVE A LITTLE CASH we recommend you to buy a used piano from us now. We have pianos left with us for sale by persons leaving for England. Must be sold quickly, price is secondary consideration. Equal to new, cost up to \$600 months ago, from one \$100. Call and make cash offer on one \$100. Call and make cash offer on one \$100. Call and make cash offer on one \$100. Victoria Piano Co., corner Yates and Government.

FOR \$20.50 we can reach 1,000 of Victoria's best homes with a personal letter. Price includes postage, printed letterhead, folding, enclosing, addressing, etc. Newton Adv. Agency, 1112 Broad St.

EVERY DOLLAR has buying power of five if you buy piano privately, but now you can buy from private parties through a responsible dealer. We give a written guarantee that should customer be dissatisfied with bargain within two years all money will be immediately refunded. Ask about this money-back guarantee. It is your protection. Victoria Piano Co., Yates and Government.

IT HAS ALWAYS BEEN DANGEROUS buying pianos privately, but now you can buy from private parties through a responsible dealer. We give a written guarantee that should customer be dissatisfied with bargain within two years all money will be immediately refunded. Ask about this money-back guarantee. It is your protection. Victoria Piano Co., Yates and Government.

GERHARD HEINTZMAN PIANO, splendid condition, \$150, guaranteed. Victoria Piano Co., Yates and Government.

FOR \$4.00 we will supply 500 envelopes addressed to the best Victoria homes. Price includes good quality envelopes, 1,000 for \$7.50. Newton Advertising Agency, 1112 Broad St.

SPLENDID ORGAN, \$40. Victoria Piano Co.

FOR SALE—Second-hand Oliver typewriter, good condition, cheap for cash. Box 494, Times Office.

SPLENDID JERSEY-DURHAM COW, milking now 23 gals, when fresh 4 gals, good condition, family pet; price \$85. R. W. Mayhew, Beach Drive.

SHINGLER WANTED to give figure immediately. Apply Walter Houghton, new-bungalow, Adelaide road, near Scotch street, Esquimalt.

SCOTCH HOUSE-PARLOR MAID, thoroughly experienced, wishes situation, local references 3 years. Phone 38212.

COMFORTABLE, furnished rooms to rent, modern, phone, every convenience; board if required; suit two gentlemen. 3841 Florence street, Willows car.

FIND WATSON DIED BY HIS OWN HAND

Inquest Held This Morning on Second Victim of Sunday's Tragedy

At the inquest held to-day before Dr. Stanley, acting coroner, and a jury into the circumstances surrounding the death of Alfred Edwin Watson, who shot himself at the home of W. A. Irish, 530 St. Charles street, on Sunday afternoon, it was found by the jurors that Watson had died from the effects of a bullet wound, self-inflicted.

The evidence given was largely a repetition of that taken yesterday afternoon at the inquest held on the body of Mrs. Irish, and reported in another column.

Dr. Melbourne Rayner, who had been called in by Mrs. Irish, stated that after finding she was beyond aid he was taken in by Mr. Irish to another room, where Watson was lying on his back with his head in a pool of blood. There was blood and portions of brain on the carpet. The man had shot himself through the temples; the bullet traversing the front of the skull from right to left. The top of the skull was fractured and the brain lacerated. In the middle finger of the left hand he found a bullet lodged, and the bone was broken. The post-mortem revealed considerable effusion of blood on the brain, as would be expected from the wound. Death was due to the wound.

Mr. Irish repeated his evidence of yesterday afternoon as to Watson passing along on the further side of the street, retracing his steps and crossing over, talking to them over the fence and then coming in on the lawn. After lifting his wife in and while at the telephone he heard moans and remembered about Watson. On looking about he saw the man lying partly on his left side, with his arm under him.

Watson was a flighty sort of a fellow and changeable, but he never saw any indication of anything wrong with him mentally. Mr. Irish said that when he saw that Watson was complaining of the sourness of the apple he was eating he was perfectly natural, and there was nothing strange about him.

The jurors decided that they did not wish to call little Gwen Irish.

Miss Corbett, who was staying at the house at the time, re-told what she knew of the occurrence, as did also the chauffeur, John Topp.

Patrol Driver Caldwell testified to how he found the body of Watson lying, with the left hand resting on the revolver. There was a bullet lodged in the window sash above his head, and two empty shells and a live one on the floor.

Ernest C. Watson identified the revolver as similar to one belonging to the family which they had had ever since they came to the city, and which was always kept loaded in a drawer in the den. He had carried it, and so had his brother, when motoring or at night for self-protection. The two families were on very intimate terms, visiting each other's houses a couple of times a week.

Mr. Watson stated that his brother had been an exceptionally good business man and very successful. There had never been anything strange about his conduct. He had not known his brother to be considered among Calgary people here to be eccentric.

The jury was composed of Leonard T. Sprague, John Gemmell, Norman T. Lee, Harry Norman, James Goldstraw and William Duncan (foreman).

OBITUARY RECORD

On Sunday afternoon the death occurred of Mrs. A. W. Knight, who passed away at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. J. Mottram, 2616 Work street. The deceased lady had resided in this city for the past twenty-one years and was well known. Sixty-five years of age, she was born in Rochester, Eng., the daughter of the late James Robson. She married A. W. Knight, the well-known bookseller and stationer, and followed her husband to Canada two years after he came here. The deceased lady was a prominent member of the Psychic Research society. She is survived by her husband, three daughters: Mrs. Bloomquist, of Tacoma; Mrs. E. G. Bailey, of Burnside road; and Mrs. J. Mottram, of Work street; and two sons, A. F. Knight, of London, Eng., and A. J. Knight, of Ladysmith; three brothers and two sisters.

The funeral took place this afternoon at 3 o'clock from 2616 Work street. The services were held according to Psychic Research ritual.

The funeral of the late Miss Eliza Mayne Robson, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Robson, and the first white child born on Mayne Island, took place last Thursday at that place, in the churchyard of St. Mary Magdalene. Rev. Canon Paddon assisted by Rev. C. H. Kelly, officiated and the hymn, "Nearer My God to Thee," was sung. The pallbearers were Messrs J. Bennett, G. Paddon, R. Payne, N. B. Taylor, C. J. McDonald, W. Deacon, R. Hall and D. Deacon.

The death occurred early this morning of Frederick John Terry, who passed away at his residence, 2079 Byron street, Oak Bay. The deceased man, who was 58 years of age, was a native of London, England, and had been living here for three years. His death occurred suddenly from heart disease. He is survived by his widow and five daughters. The funeral will take place on Friday afternoon at 2:30 from the above residence.

DIED—On the 25th inst., at the family residence, 830 St. Charles street, Florence Blanche, beloved wife of W. A. Irish.

A short service will be held at the above address Tuesday, July 27, at 4 p. m. The remains will be taken to Winnipeg for interment. No flowers, by request.

SINCLAIR—On July 25, 1915, at 1317 Pandora avenue, John Sinclair, a native of Glasgow, Scotland, aged 85 years and 7 months. The deceased was for many years a resident of Cadboro Bay, and is survived by one daughter, Mrs. R. Mason, of Salt Spring Island, two sons, J. A. Sinclair and W. P. Sinclair, also thirteen grandchildren and seven great-grandchildren.

The funeral will take place from the above address on Pandora avenue on Wednesday, July 28, at 2:30 p. m. and half an hour later at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, Douglas street. Interment in Ross Bay cemetery. Friends please accept this intimation.

TELLS HOW COMFORTS GET TO SOLDIERS

Miss Joan Arnoldi, Who is to Address Public Meeting To-night, Interviewed

"We regard ourselves entirely as the agents of the women at home in Canada, and feel that the work of distribution of the comforts to the soldiers must be done as speedily and efficiently as possible."

Miss Joan Arnoldi, one of the two Canadian women who has done such splendid work during the past year in distributing comforts to the Canadian soldiers, was speaking to a Times reporter shortly after her arrival here this morning. She is a guest of Mrs. P. A. Irving, Cook street, and will address a public meeting to-night at the Alexandra club ballroom on the subject of the work she has done with Miss Plummer during the past eleven months at Valcartier, Salsbury Plains, and, more recently, at Shorncliffe.

Both ladies were members of the Toronto Women's Patriotic League, which had been sending things to the soldiers when the Canadian overseas forces were first stationed at Valcartier. The league could obtain no satisfactory news of the distribution of the comforts sent to the men, and decided to send two delegates to investigate the matter. Miss Arnoldi and Miss Plummer, who were on the executive of the organization, and had had years' experience on various committees, volunteered, and went down to the Canadian camp immediately. There they found all the comforts just as they had been moved before, and waiting to be distributed, but with no one assigned to the special duty of attending to the matter. The officers at Valcartier welcomed the visitors, and it required little persuasion to induce them to open a depot and provide a military transport.

Appreciation on the part of the military authorities was even greater than the two voluntary workers suspected. While they were busy in their depot the department was approving their work, and the Sunday before the first Canadian Expeditionary force sailed from the Dominion they were suddenly asked to accompany the contingent and carry on the work in England.

The Boer war revealed the inadequacy of some departments in the big organization known as the British army. When the war was over in Cape Town and Durban were found great piles of articles made and sent out by the wives, mothers, sisters and daughters for the comfort of the soldiers, but never delivered to the intended recipients for the simple reason that there was no department organized for this special work.

The loving labor of Canadian women in the present war has not been in vain. Miss Arnoldi and Miss Plummer were at Salsbury Plains almost as soon as the Canadian soldiers, the southern command commanding their depot a big house at Amesbury. When Shorncliffe more recently was taken over as a permanent camp for the troops from the Dominion they moved there, and in their own building (provided by the Canadian military authorities) conduct a work which is as splendidly organized as the big Canadian camp itself. An orderly has been provided by the war office, and there is also a secretary whose duties one can imagine are not light. Volunteer helpers are almost embarrassing in number, so many wives of Canadian officers are now stationed at Folkestone to help in the good work.

Something of the scale of the enterprise may be gathered from Miss Arnoldi's statements that up to the first of May the comforts depot had received over 150,000 articles and distributed over 140,000. Much has come in and been distributed since then, and already a goodly store has been packed away in camphor in preparation for next winter's needs.

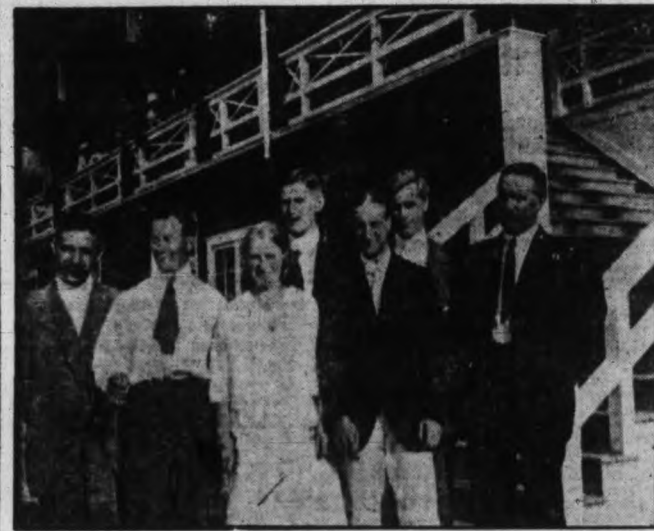
Agents in Montreal and Halifax now see to the immediate forwarding of supplies from all over the Dominion. The government has been generous in providing free transportation by sea up to date, and within a few days it is anticipated that the same will be true with respect to transportation by rail. The undertaking quite new in the history of military organization at home, is now an established unit of the Canadian army and widely recognized as one of its very necessary branches.

Miss Arnoldi left England on June 4, just as the 2nd Canadian division was arriving, so that she has not seen the Canadian encampment at Shorncliffe at its largest. But the Shorncliffe camp was quite generally conceded to be one of the best in England, and with the arrival of the second division must quarter something in the neighborhood of 25,000 soldiers, besides the reinforcements and the base-battalion. The weather during the spring and early summer had been wonderfully fine, so that the change from Salsbury camp made for general improvement in conditions.

The object of her present visit, Miss Arnoldi states, is simply to tell the women of Canada what is being done with their gifts for the men. Since her arrival on this side of the Atlantic, about six weeks ago, she has addressed something like thirty meetings in Ontario, the prairie provinces and the west. On her return she will speak in Kamloops, Vernon, Lethbridge and other places which were passed by on her trip out to the coast.

Asked if she had been in France, this busy woman stated that she had made two trips across the Channel since going to the old country, and was at Ypres just after the historic campaign there. She also visited Boulogne and Havre for the purpose of looking into the feasibility of establishing distributing depots at those points, but abandoned the idea as being less efficient than the present method of operating from Shorncliffe through the military

ORGANIZED SUCCESSFUL PICNIC



Members of the committee who arranged the Saanich Municipal picnic at Brentwood Bay last Saturday. Reading from left to right they are: A. C. Kerr, Municipal Engineer D. Johnston, Miss Bull, Clerk H. S. Cowper, A. E. Sprague, Assessor R. F. F. Sewell, and Constable Dryden.

distributing agents at the end of the railway lines along the battlefield.

For the information of those sending comforts to the soldiers the following addresses were given, the first to be used during the summer months, the latter after the port of Montreal closes in the winter:

(1) Canadian Field Comforts Commission, Moore Barracks, Shorncliffe, Care of F. McCourt, Esq., Dominion Iron & Steel Warehouse, Wellington Basin, Montreal.

(2) Canadian Field Comforts Commission, Moore Barracks, Shorncliffe, Care of Hector McGinnis, Esq., Red Cross Warehouse, Halifax.

never been satisfactory, as it is inconvenient for a large number of residents, and it was decided to hold the gatherings in future at Stedham's hall, Garden City, in future.

TO WITHDRAW SIGNS WHEN IN UPLANDS

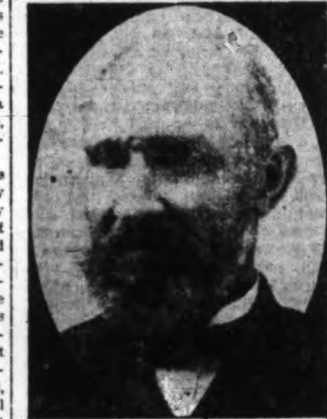
Jitney Association Will Comply With Notification; Excursion Rates

A meeting of the Jitney association was held this morning. After discussion the members agreed to respect the notification of Uplands, Ltd., that no signs or devices should be displayed by cars while passing through the estate. In other words, the jitneys will revert to the position of private cars when in the Uplands.

A special rates committee, composed of Messrs. Smyth, Reed and Foster, which was appointed to submit a report on the minimum rates to be charged for the marine drive, etc., on an hourly basis, presented its report. These recommendations were adopted, and also another resolution was approved to carry passengers with a minimum charge of twenty-five cents to boats and trains from the end of the regular route. In case of private orders, no fares of less than fifty cents is to be accepted. The Jitney association garage telephone number is 2881.

A motion was adopted this morning to give \$5 to the Blue Cross fund. A special committee composed of Messrs. Clark and Smyth was appointed to submit a report to the next meeting with a list of rates for special excursions to points in the vicinity of Victoria.

DEAD PIONEER



THE LATE JOHN SINCLAIR. The first settler in the Cadboro Bay district, who passed away on Sunday. He died on the twenty-first anniversary of the death of his wife.

UNLOADING SAANICH WATERPIPE



The above picture shows the unloading of the Saanich waterpipe yesterday afternoon from the Crown of Seville. The Harrison liner brought 300 tons, and these are divided into 1,800 lengths. Further progress on the undertaking, which has been started recently in the Cloverdale district, will be arranged at the meeting of the works committee of the council to-night.

EVIDENCE ON WAGES TO BE PUT IN FIRST

Case for Street Railwaymen is Presented in Vancouver

Yesterday Mr. Justice Macdonald urged the desirability of a settlement by consent of the differences between the B. C. Electric Railway company and its employees, at the hearing of the Conciliation board in Vancouver.

Mr. Justice Macdonald said: "I had opposed the idea of accepting the chairmanship of this board when it was first urged on me by the minister of labor, and now I want to urge upon both parties the desirability of trying to effect a settlement. I am strong for peace in the courts, and have had the satisfaction since the war began of having seen many suits settled amicably by parties. If there is the smallest glimmering of hope that by an adjournment the parties would be enabled to get together and come to some basis of settlement I will be glad to adjourn further inquiry. This would eliminate any hard feelings from the dispute and be in accord with the previous history of this company and its employees, which has always been marked in the past by good relations. As the act which calls us together implies the duty of this board is to endeavor to effect a conciliation. Is there any hope that we can effect a conciliation?"

"I can refer the matter to my association," said Business Agent Hoover, who is conducting the case for the men.

"I would want to know whether the men are insisting on maintaining the working conditions as well as the wages before I could consent," said Superintendent Murrin for the B. C. Electric railway.

In outlining his case, Mr. Hoover said the men were willing to renew the present agreement for one or two years or until the end of the war, and would forego their right to ask that working conditions be altered. If after the city had come back to normal conditions again, it could be shown that the company was unable to pay the existing rate, then the men would be willing to agree to a voluntary reduction. At present, the rate of wages was the same as in 1910, and was not a fair living wage for a motorman or conductor. The "speeding" system inaugurated three months ago made it necessary that the working day should be limited to eight hours.

Quoting from a list of comparisons of wages paid to British Columbia Electric railway employees in 1910 and to-day, Mr. Hoover said the agreement of 1913 provided for no wage increases, and although the cost of living had risen from 1910 to a height at the close of 1913, the men had received no corresponding increase.

Referring to the wage scale Mr. Hoover contended that there has been no increase in the scale.

Supt. Murrin—I say they have had an actual increase in money received. In 1910 the average wage we paid was 25.88 cents per hour, in 1911 it was 29.41 cents, in 1912 it rose to 29.30 cents, in 1913 it was 30.35 cents, and last year it was 31.99 cents, or an increase of 30 per cent. On the average over what we paid in 1910.

The chairman—You do not pay greater wages. The scale is what you agreed to. It is just the same as with clerks in an establishment, you pay them on a larger scale each year because the men are more experienced and worth more.

Mr. McVety—You agreed to the increase for experience. Now it has reached the maximum you say that this scale you agreed to is too much and want to cut it down by 15 per cent.

A comparison between the cost of living—food, fuel and light—in the years 1910 and 1915 in the cities of Montreal, Edmonton and New Westminster was also tendered by Mr. Hoover on behalf of the men. He stated that these cities had been selected as representative cities for the east, middle and west territories of Canada and the figures quoted were from the Labor Gazette.

Exception to the figures of Edmonton and New Westminster was taken by A. G. McCandless, the arbitrator appointed by the railway company. "Why not Montreal, Winnipeg and Vancouver? They are the three representative cities," he said.

"We selected New Westminster and Edmonton because they are the mean cities of their districts," said Business Agent Yates, a New Westminster man. He later explained that New Westminster prices were taken as typical of the coast because they were higher than Vancouver and lower than Victoria. These showed that articles and rent which cost \$14.83 in 1910 cost \$14.68 to-day, the reduction in the cost of rent being almost offset by the increase in the cost of food.

The chairman announced that the board will not deal with the question of working conditions until after the wage question is dealt with.

THANKS FOR GREETING.

Provincial Chapter, I. O. O. E. Receives Message From Sir Charles Tupper.

The Provincial Chapter, I. O. O. E., has received the following reply to a loyal greeting sent by them on Dominion Day to Sir Charles Tupper:

"Sir Charles Tupper, thank the Daughters of Empire of British Columbia for their most affectionate and loyal greeting on this national anniversary of our great Dominion, and express the hope that the next anniversary will find Great Britain and her allies triumphant in the terrible struggle forced upon the world by the mad folly of the Kaiser of Germany."

Phoenix Beer, \$1.50 per doz. quarts.

PUBLIC'S CHOICE

When money is easily made it is easily spent, but in stringent times the public look for the best, which accounts for the great sale of our **LARGE LUMP COAL**. A trial will convince. **\$6.00** per ton, delivered.

HALL & WALKER

Distributors Canadian Collieries (Dunsmuir) Ltd., Wellington Coals.
1232 Government Street. Phone 83

NATIVE SONS HOLD

ANNUAL CONVENTION

Delegates From Other Parts Attend; Are Addressed by Sir Richard McBride

The Grand Post, Native Sons of British Columbia, convened this morning in the Knights of Pythias hall, North Park street, there being present representatives of the two Victoria posts and from Vancouver, New Westminster and Nanaimo. The post will conclude the annual business this afternoon, following which the visitors will be taken for an automobile drive round Victoria, and to-night Bro. Maynard will give an address and show some views of early British Columbia. Following Mr. Maynard's pictures there is to be a dance from 9 o'clock, at which all the visitors and members of the order, their wives and families, are invited to attend.

This morning the delegates were addressed by the premier, Sir Richard McBride, who spoke on his trip to England and France. The premier referred to his visits to His Majesty the King, Earl Kitchener, and Sir Edward Grey. He also spoke of what he saw when on the battlefield, visiting the Canadian troops.

Referring to the war directly, Sir Richard said that the view expressed by those whom he had seen was that the war would last another year at least, and that the British and their allies were determined there would be no compromise. The intention was, he said, to keep on, as any compromise would only mean a renewal of hostilities at some future date. The enemy must be defeated now, all agreed, and were determined to continue the war until victory was attained. Sir Richard said there was praise everywhere for the Canadian troops.

Referring to matters nearer home Sir Richard said he was confident of the future of the province, the richest in Canada. He intimated that he hoped for a great increase in water transportation to take the timber and other products out of the province.

Following Sir Richard's address the post proceeded to deal with the business of the session.

LEAVE TO STUDY.

Three Victorians Go to Ottawa; Douglas Whittier Graduates From Hydroplane Class.

Lieut. S. O'Neil, Schrieber and Eller left Victoria to-day for Ottawa to take a course in military. They will start their studies next Thursday. The three have been granted commissions in the 6th Battalion, which will be known as the "Western Scots." Stanley O'Neil is well known in Victoria through his activities in athletic circles. Schrieber was formerly in the Canadian Northwest Mounted Police. Eller was formerly attached to the 1st C. Horse.

Word has been received from Toronto stating that Douglas Whittier has graduated from the hydroplane class. He was 165 minutes flying in a hydroplane. "Dug" is now taking his course in monoplanes and biplanes, and is rising from and landing on the ground.

Lieut.-Colonel H. D. Hulme, officer commanding the 62nd Overseas Battalion, left Vancouver with his staff of officers for Vernon on Saturday evening, being given an enthusiastic send-off at the C. P. R. by a large number of his friends and military associates. The band of the 6th D. C. O. R. returned out to do the popular officer and his staff honor. He was accompanied by Major Graham, Capt. Boulton, adjutant; Capt. Shaw, medical health officer; Lieut. Wilson, assistant adjutant; and Lieut. R. S. Spink, J. H. Young, A. M. Dickie, S. F. Workman, G. H. Scharmid and J. A. McDonald.

MR. RYAN ARRIVES

One of the best known figures in the financial world, Thomas Fortune Ryan, of New York, and owner of the controlling interest in the Equitable Life Assurance society, arrived in the city late this afternoon with Mrs. Ryan and party, from Vancouver, and at once proceeded to the Empress hotel.

Mr. Ryan has been paying a leisurely visit to the resorts in the Canadian Rockies, and is on his way to San Francisco, and points in California. As it is a decade since he was in British Columbia the financier is able to note the changes which have taken place in the meantime.

ISLAND MINING MEN

DONATE MACHINE GUN

Employees of Canada Collieries at Ladysmith and Extension Have Envious Record

Employees of the Canadian Collieries, Ltd., at Ladysmith and Extension have donated a machine gun to be attached to the local troops. The men when making the decision decided that they would give the best type of rapid-firing rifle which could be secured, and will set aside \$1,000.

The mining men of Ladysmith and Extension have been interested in many patriotic undertakings since the outbreak of the war. Many of the miners have gone to the front with local battalions, and others have left for the old land to join their regiments. Up till the end of June the men had donated a total of \$4,000 for patriotic purposes. This is a record of which the mining towns can feel justly proud.

W. Ferne, of this city, has subscribed \$1,000 for a machine gun, which he desires to be attached to the 54th Battalion, which is mobilizing at Vernon, and which consists of men from the Boundary country and the Kootenays. Victorians are displaying a splendid spirit and wish to see their regiments fully and completely equipped, so that they may not be handicapped in their fight with the German hordes. Smaller subscriptions are being received in large numbers for this very worthy cause, and the capital will no doubt raise a large number of machine guns for the Canadian Tonnies.

The town of Fernie will give two machine guns to the 54th Battalion. The campaign is being pursued by many of the leading citizens there. Rossland is going ahead vigorously with its campaign for a machine gun, and Hedley comes forth with the announcement that it will furnish two rapid-firers. These guns will be for the 54th Battalion and there is no doubt but that this battalion will be one of the best equipped when it leaves for the front.

GARDEN PARTY OPENED

Mrs. Schofield Formally Opens Proceedings at "Rappahannock" in Aid of Horses in War.

The garden party at "Rappahannock," the home of Colonel and Mrs. Cox, Rockland avenue, kindly lent for the purpose of an occasion arranged to augment the funds of the Blue Cross society, was opened at 3 o'clock this afternoon when Mrs. Schofield, wife of the Dean of Columbia, formally declared the proceedings open to the public.

The function lacks nothing to make it a sheer delight to all who patronize the event. The ticket of admission includes all purchases to afternoon-tea in the grounds, and makes them a member of the audience for the concert which is being held during the day in the gardens. It will also include admission to the address being given by Lieut.-Col. Lorne Ross on the subject of the part played by the horses in the present campaign, and the need for supporting any enterprise destined to give them succor.

The gardens presented a very pleasing sight, last night's rain, which threatened to spoil the entertainment, having only enhanced the beauties of flower, lawn, and landscape. Quite a large crowd was already present when the proceedings opened, and the Gordon Highlanders' band sent forth a musical greeting which was welcome to the ears of all.

On the balcony, overlooking the terrace, an ice cream stand has been arranged, and should cost many times before the day is done. On the first terrace is the gift of the merchants of the city to the good work, this being the "Country Store," well-stocked with useful articles of all kinds which may be carried home by patrons of the garden fete and put into immediate use. On the same terrace is the summer-house in which the concert is to take place, while on the second terrace are the afternoon-tea and fortuneteller's stands. Everyone has been most generous in giving help and in contributing toward the success of the arrangements, and a big attendance is hoped for until the affair closes this evening at 8 o'clock.

ALLEGED THAT FRENCH SUBMARINE WAS SUNK

Berlin, July 27.—The French submarine Mariotte was destroyed by a German submarine on July 26 in the narrows of the Dardanelles, according to a dispatch from Constantinople to the Mittag Zeitung. Thirty-one members of the French submarine's crew were captured, it is claimed.

TWO DEAD.

Winnipeg, July 27.—P. Galb was killed and F. W. Bowles was injured fatally at an early hour this morning when a police ambulance, rushing with a patient to a hospital, dashed into the sidewalk at a corner.

SECRETARY REDFIELD GOES TO CHICAGO

Coroner's Jury To-day Began Investigation of the Eastland Disaster

Washington, July 27.—At noon to-day the official list of those dead and those missing as a result of the Eastland disaster was: Identified dead, 322; unidentified dead, 5; missing (Western Electric company's list), 393. Total, 1,220.

The crew and passengers of the Eastland began to-day their stories of Saturday's disaster in testimony before the coroner's jury. Members of the crew arrived at the courtroom under police guard, for though no charges have been preferred against them, they have been detained as witnesses ever since the catastrophe.

State's Attorney Hoyne stated this morning that from all accounts there were probably more than 2,700 persons on the Eastland when she capsized. With the arrival to-day of Secretary of Commerce Redfield, steps were taken at once to determine what form the federal investigation will take. Secretary Redfield, following President Wilson's request for a thorough investigation, is prepared to go into the case independently of the federal steamboat inspectors.

With the entry of the cabinet member into the case, no less than eight separate investigations are in progress or contemplation with the situation complicated by a sharp clash between State's Attorney Hoyne and federal authorities over the possession of evidence gathered by the police.

BOYS JUMP OVERBOARD FROM JAPANESE BOAT

Two Lads Cast Themselves Into Sea Off Macaulay Point To-day; One Body Found

At a quarter past five o'clock this morning it was reported to the police that two Japanese lads, aged sixteen and seventeen, had jumped overboard from the steamer Kagoshima Maru early to-day as she lay about a quarter of a mile off from Macaulay Point.

When the boys jumped overboard they were unable to say whether or not they reached land.

One of the bodies drifted ashore during the morning and in all probability the other had been drowned also. The body was found on the sands off Macaulay Point by Richard Cattermole, and the police were notified. Constable Allen, of the provincial force, was detailed on the case, and he had the body brought ashore and taken to an undertaker's.

The body bore marks of violent contact with the rocks, there being a severe wound over the eyes. In all probability an inquest will be held. A watch is being kept for the coming ashore of the other body.

The police have no information as to why the boys jumped overboard, whether they were stowaways or not, or whether it was an attempt to desert.

TO-DAY'S BASEBALL

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Washington—R. H. E.
Cleveland..... 0 1 1
Washington..... 1 2 0
Batteries—Hagerman and O'Neill; Gallia and Henry.

At Boston—R. H. E.
Chicago..... 1 4 1
Boston..... 3 10 1
Batteries—Russell, Faber and Schalk; Wood and Cady.

At New York—R. H. E.
Detroit..... 7 12 1
New York..... 3 7 6
Batteries—Coveleskie and Stango; Fisher, Pich and Nunemaker.

At Philadelphia—R. H. E.
St. Louis..... 4 13 3
Philadelphia..... 6 12 0
Batteries—Hamilton and Agnew; Sheehan and Lapp.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Brooklyn—R. H. E.
Boston..... 4 12 1
Brooklyn..... 3 7 3
Batteries—Tyler and Whaling; Douglass, Smith and Miller.

At Pittsburgh—R. H. E.
New York..... 1 8 1
Pittsburgh..... 8 12 1
Batteries—Marquard, Ritter and Dooin; Wendell, Mammaux and Gibson.

Ottawa, July 27.—The resignations of Sir James Aikins, member for Brandon, and W. H. Sharpe, member for Lisgar, have been received by Mr. Speaker Sproule and the warrants duly issued. The two seats now are vacant.

This makes six vacancies for the federal house. The others are East Hamilton, made vacant by the death of Hon. Samuel Barker; Prince county, Prince Edward Island, made vacant by the death of J. W. Richards; King's, N. S., made vacant by the resignation of A. Dowitt Foster, and Carleton, made vacant by the retirement of W. F. Garland.

SIR ROBERT BORDEN TELLS OF HIS TRIP

Gives Interview to Press Representative After Returning From Front

London, July 27.—Sir Robert Borden, who returned to London last night after having spent a week at the front, received the Canadian Associated Press representative to-day and gave some particulars regarding his tour. Speaking of the Canadians, Sir Robert said:

"The impression made upon me is that the men hardly realize how profound an impression their achievements have made upon the people of the whole Dominion. They appeared to me as being thoroughly conscious of the world-wide issues involved in the war and inspired by an unwavering determination to perform their duties in the future as in the past.

During the first afternoon and evening of his visit the prime minister inspected four Canadian hospitals near Boulogne and a British hospital, all of which he found highly efficient and well-equipped. At Boulogne and afterwards at Lezardrieu, Sir Robert planted seeds of Canadian maple on the graves of all the Canadian officers and men buried there.

"Early next morning," continued Sir Robert, "we left for Sir John French's headquarters. We stopped a few minutes at the aviation base. Reaching the British headquarters we remained there about half an hour, meeting Sir John French and members of his staff, including Prince Arthur of Connaught, who accompanied us throughout the day."

The prime minister then described how, on leaving the headquarters, he proceeded to the front and obtained an excellent view of the country surrounding the famous battlefield where the Canadians gained undying fame. "While there," he remarked, "we saw a German mine explode on Hill 60, just opposite, but we ascertained that no damage had been done. From this point we proceeded to the headquarters of the Canadian headquarters and occupied the afternoon in visiting the various units, to all of which I had the privilege of speaking. We visited the artillery and had the opportunity of going through their observation trenches and seeing some of their work.

"The Canadian officers and men were in the best of spirits and seemed thoroughly fit for the work. They naturally were very pleased to see some one straight from Canada. They all appeared inspired with confidence in the cause for which they are fighting and determination to make it triumphant.

"At the British headquarters, as well as those of the French, and everywhere in France as in Britain, the highest appreciation was expressed of the courage, resourcefulness and endurance of the Canadian troops in all engagements during the war, and especially in the battle which now is known as the second battle of Ypres. Sir John French, General Joffre and the French president all spoke in great admiration respecting the conduct of the Canadians."

With Prince Arthur of Connaught he visited the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry, to whom Prince Arthur delivered a stirring address, and on the suggestion of the prime minister, three hearty cheers were given for Her Royal Highness Princess Patricia of Connaught.

Very early on Thursday Sir Robert arrived at the French headquarters and had the pleasure of meeting Gen. Joffre and staff, with whom he lunched. The next day Sir Robert was given the opportunity of visiting the French lines and observing the magnificent artillery of the French army, also he saw a town wantonly destroyed by the Germans.

Late in the afternoon Sir Robert proceeded to Paris and spent the following day there. On Saturday evening he dined with the president of France, and the following day he proceeded to Lezardrieu, where the large well-equipped Canadian hospital, under Colonel Bridges, established by the municipalities of the province of Quebec for the care of French wounded, was inspected. Sir Robert and party met a very warm welcome.

Sir Robert also visited the large British hospital at Versailles, where he found several Canadians, and the small Australian hospital near Paris. Returning to Boulogne the party was conveyed to Folkestone, Monday was spent in visiting the Canadian hospitals at Shoreham, a Canadian convalescent home and the home at Bromley.

"At all the hospitals and homes the spirit of the wounded was admirable," Sir Robert said. He visited every wounded man in each institution and addressed in all a thousand Canadian convalescents. Sir Robert was greatly impressed with the courage, determination and self-control of the French nation.

Alluding to his visit he said: "I regard it as the most interesting and inspiring event of my life."

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

New York, July 27.—The United States Steel Corporation to-day declared its regular quarterly dividend of 11 per cent on the preferred stock. No action was taken on the common stock dividend.

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, July 27.—Raw sugar nominal; centrifugal, 4 1/2; molasses sugar, 4 1/2; refined steady.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

(By F. W. Stevenson & Co.)

RECORD HIGH LEVEL IS REACHED IN JIM

Rambler Caribou Makes Further Advance on Active Support

A record high level on the current movement was reached in Lucky Jim Zinc this morning, and there was heightened interest in the issue. Last advice are to the effect that shipment of crude ore from mine to smelter have commenced, and early in August the concentrating plant for the milling of the output should be in active operation. Rambler Caribou had the best advance of many sessions, with lowest offers at 32. This was a reflection of earnest buying from outside sources based on prospective betterment for the company, as intimated yesterday. To a lesser degree Snowstorm was to the fore and more than ordinary interest attached to several others of the list.

	Bid.	Asked.
Blackbird Syndicate	\$15.00	\$25.00
Can. Copper Co.	1.00	1.20
Can. Cons. S. & R.	100.00	
Coronation Gold	.054	.11
Granny	\$3.60	\$3.50
Int. Coal & Coke Co.	.11	.15
Lucky Jim Zinc	.11	.12
McGillivray Coal	.18	.21
Portland Canal	.014	.018
Rambler Caribou	.28	.33
Red Cliff	.06	.08
Standard Lead	1.50	1.60
Snowstorm	.15	.20
Stewart M. & D.	.75	.80
Slocan Star	.27	.30
Stewart Lead	7.50	
Victoria Phoenix Brew.	116.00	

Unlisted.
American Marconi..... 2.50 3.00
Canadian Marconi..... 1.00 1.30
Crest Creek..... .05
Island Investment..... 22.00
Union Club (deb.)..... 20.00
Portland Tunnels..... .06
Victoria Opera House..... 90.00

STRENGTH INCREASED AT END OF SESSION

Bethlehem Steel Went Up to 250; Steel Common Bought

(By F. W. Stevenson & Co.)
New York, July 27.—Aside from the copper issues, the list acted strongly and gathered further strength as the session progressed.

Buying of Steel common on the expectation of a good quarterly statement to be given out after the close of the market conserved feeling and more of a disposition was shown to favor the railroads, which for so long have lagged in interest. Bethlehem Steel reached 250, a phenomenal figure for an issue that at the commencement of the year was selling fully two hundred points less. The outlook, and bullishness in the market was deliberate in character.

	High.	Low.	Prd.
Alaska Gold	331	322	323
Amal. Copper	714	694	714
Amn. Best Sugar	552	529	548
Amn. Car & Foundry	614	594	599
Amn. Ice Securities	574	554	562
Amn. Locomotive	534	524	524
Amn. Smelting	774	764	772
Amn. Sugar	1104	1084	1091
Anacosta	674	654	661
Attchafalaya	1004	1004	1002
B. & O. O. R.	82	79	814
Bethlehem Steel	250	247	247
B. R. T.	87	86	864
C. P. R.	145	139	144
Crucible	414	414	414
Central Leather	42	41	414
C. & O. W.	114	114	114
C. & G. W.	114	114	114
C. M. & St. P.	284	284	284
Col. Fuel & Iron	37	35	36
D. & O. W.	284	284	284
D. 1st pref.	414	394	414
D. 2nd pref.	32	31	324
Gen. Motors	184	184	184
Gould	534	514	524
K. N. pref.	114	114	114
L. & N. pref.	37	37	374
Guggenheim	61	59	604
Illinois Cent.	104	104	104
Inter-Metropolitan	214	204	214
Kas. City Southern	244	234	244
L. & N.	114	114	114
Lehigh Valley	144	144	144
N. Y. Air Brake	104	104	104
Maxwell Motor	35	34	35
Met. Petroleum	734	714	734
M. K. & T.	114	114	114
M. Pacific	54	54	54
Nat. Lead	624	624	624
New Haven	61	58	61
N. Y. C. & W.	884	864	884
N. W. O. & W.	274	274	274
N. P.	104	104	104
Pennsylvania	107	106	1064
Pittsburg Coal	224	224	224
D. pref.	924	924	924
Pressed Steel Car	494	494	494
Railway Steel Sps.	354	344	354
Reading	144	144	144
Rep. Iron & Steel	374	374	374
D. pref.	934	934	934
Sloss Sheffield	404	394	394
S. P.	964	934	964
Sou. Railway	14	12	134
D. pref.	45	43	45
Studebaker Corp.	834	804	814
Tenn. Copper	364	354	364
Twin City	904	904	904
U. P.	1294	1294	1294
U. S. Rubber	864	864	864
D. 1st pref.	444	444	444
U. S. Steel	654	644	654
D. pref.	1114	1114	1114
Utah Copper	644	634	644
Va. Car. Chem.	324	314	314
Westinghouse	1094	1064	1074
Amn. Coal Products	149	145	145

	High.	Low.	Prd.
July	113	1124	1124
Sept.	104	104	104
Dec.	104	104	104
Wheat—			
July	79	80	794
Sept.	744	744	744
Dec.	644	644	644
Oats—			
July	534	534	534
Sept.	384	384	378
Dec.	384	384	378
Port.	12.35	12.35	12.35
Oct.	12.50	12.50	12.50
Lard—			
Sept.	7.67	7.67	7.67
Oct.	7.95	7.95	7.95
Nov.	9.50	9.52	9.52
Dec.	9.50	9.52	9.52

McDOUGALL & COWANS

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Lay out your investment programme, and put in a year's supply now. Conditions, frightful as they appear, are not to depress and discourage investors, but rather to do they beckon with opportunity. Our pamphlet—"A SUGGESTION TO INVESTORS" sent on request. Standard securities bought and sold for cash, or on margin. STOCK BROKERS. MEMBERS MONTREAL EXCHANGE

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Financial News

TO-DAY'S TRADING ON THE WINNIPEG MARKET

Winnipeg, July 27.—Wheat prices were strong during the greater part of the day. They closed lower for July and 1/2c higher for October and December. The cash demand generally was quiet. There was little business for No. 2 northern wheat at 30, under the July. Other grades practically were unasked for. Exporters were the buyers. Barley was wanted, but offerings were light. Oats and flax were slow. The total number of inspections on Monday was 206 cars, of which 123 cars were wheat. Deliveries through the clearing house to-day were: Wheat \$5.00 bushels; oats, 31,000 bushels; flax, 2,000 bushels.

Winnipeg wheat futures closed as follows: July, 1/2c lower; October and December, 1/2c higher. Cash wheat closed 1/

WEILER'S DAILY STORE NEWS

A 3-Piece Carving Set at Low Price of \$2.25 to \$7.20

But there's more to it than that. To begin with it's a Joseph Rogers & Sons' Sheffield-made set. Of finest tempered steel, then, with securely riveted handles—a carving set to use constantly and bring out with pride, no matter what the occasion.

CASH PRICES

\$2.25 to \$7.20. Hand-forged steel blades, stag handles, patent guard on fork, strong leather case, blocked to hold the three pieces securely—fork, knife and a good steel.



Matchless Array of China Gift Pieces

It is bigger, finer, more varied than ever before. The collection wasn't bought in a lump, but each piece chosen critically for beauty of design, harmonious coloring or effective combinations. Individuality marks the gathering. Here you will find "something different."

We cannot urge too strongly an early selection, as it is not possible for us to duplicate any of the pieces reported from Europe.

A Substantial Kitchen Treasure

And one that will be sure to be appreciated by every housekeeper. A well-built table, with very commodious drawers and bins, with pastry bake board. Will save many needless steps from pantry to table.

Cash Price
\$9

Practical Oil Lamps, All— Cheap or Costly

Nothing surpasses the oil lamp for softness of light and gratefulness to the eyes. So the eye doctors say. But, the oil exuded by some lamps, when heated by the flame, creates such an obnoxious odor, as to destroy the pleasure of even the soft light. This disagreeable feature has been overcome—perfection has been reached and we can sell you a lamp to-day that will not "smell."

All prices among the new designs just placed on exhibition.

Floor Fancies

Rugs and Carpets that seem to "fit" and make the room just what you want it—really, a home delight—are the kind you'll find at the "Home-Maker Store."

Apart from the very desirable qualification of being remarkably inexpensive, the closely-woven Scotch Wool Carpets, in new art designs and colorings, are particularly suitable for parlor, bedroom, nursery and den during the summer months. They have that dainty appearance so much desired, lend themselves readily to a simple decorative scheme, harmonizing easily with inexpensive chintz and cretonne draperies and loose covers, are durable, easy to clean, and the colors are fadeless. They come in six different sizes at Cash Prices of \$8.35 to \$41.85.

Be Wise in Time, Winter is Coming

Lay in a store of Preserved Fruit for the dark days ahead. To prevent delays and annoyance, order your supply of Mason Jars, Rubber Rings, Preserving Kettles, etc., now, and you'll have them when you need them.

CASH PRICES

Mason Jars have stood the test of time, cost less and give less trouble than others, with porcelain lined metal tops. Half-gallon jars, per dozen.....\$1.22
One-quart, jars, dozen.....90¢
One-pint jars, dozen.....72¢
White Enamel Preserving Kettles, each, 72¢ to.....\$1.58
Grey Enamel Preserving Kettles, each, 45¢ to.....\$1.13
Fruit Jar Rubbers, dozen, 5¢ and.....10¢
Jelly Glasses, half-pint, tin tops, per doz., 59¢
Jelly Glasses, one-third pint, tin tops, per dozen.....54¢
Honey Jars, screw tops, two-thirds pint, per dozen.....68¢

Marseilles Bedspreads

of snowy white, satiny texture with beautiful designs woven in relief. They will give your beds that much desired appearance of elegant simplicity. Your choice of many different designs and sizes. Cash Prices \$1.80 to \$18.00.

The Achievement of Unwavering France

From
The
London
Times

PART V. FRANCE AND BRITAIN.

The fifth and concluding article in this series, for which much of the material was furnished by the French Headquarters Staff, deals with the relations between the French and British peoples.

It describes the greatness of the national effort of France, her gratitude for Britain's aid, and her confident determination to carry the war to triumph and lasting peace.

War reveals a nation to itself and not less to its allies. Generations of business dealings and official visits and self-conscious efforts towards understanding are less fruitful than a month's brigading together in battle. For the first week or two there is bound to be a little confusion. Each army has its own methods of fighting, and no foreign staff quite comprehends them till it sees them in practice. The French, for example, are accustomed to hold their trenches lightly and to trust much to their field guns. That wonderful weapon, the Soixante-quinze, can fire on an enemy as near as forty yards to the trenches of its own side. Hence, when the Germans attacked, the French often did not stick to their front trenches; they let the Germans take them and then cleared them out with their artillery—a very good plan, but one which at first embarrassed us a little if we happened to be on their flank. Now that we know their ways we have a great admiration for them. It is not difficult for allies in the field to understand the ways and achievements of each other, but it is more difficult and at the same time more important for the people at large on both sides to come to a proper mutual appreciation.

Quite naturally our eyes have been turned to the doings of the British troops, and some of us have drifted into the notion that we are bearing the heavy end in the west. It is not the truth. The western front has been held by the French—with the assistance of the British. The French are a generous people, very quick and felicitous in praise. They have most readily acknowledged the invaluable assistance we rendered them at Ypres and during the retreat. But far the greatest effort has been theirs. What is needed in Britain is some understanding of what the nine months of war have meant in the way of strain and tension to the French people.

A Universal Effort.

It has been a universal effort. It was bound to be that with a democratic people who believe that democracy is worth fighting for. Every social class, every degree of wealth and education, will be found in the ranks. A Frenchman has no longer any politics or prejudices, except the determination to help his country to break for good the menace of her traditional enemy. In a democratic army you get in ordinary times an easy discipline. Officers and privates chaff each other—the former is perhaps a village schoolmaster's son and the latter of a family which sent knights to Agincourt; and at night they play draughts together at the cafe door. In the modern French army there is very little good luck and all that it stands for. But, in war, discipline becomes marvellously tight because in its essence it is self-imposed. If it did not come from above it would come from below. And not discipline only, but affection and a passion of devotion which are not surpassed in any army in the world. The French soldier to-day is a serious person. He never wanted to fight till the great cause suddenly revealed itself, but now he has that quiet resolution which might have been noted in some homely

knight who left his hounds and orchards and all that he loved to ride to the Crusades. Being French, he cannot forget that adorable touch of panache which has colored so many episodes of the war. His heroics, however, are of the soul and owe nothing to deliberation. France does not need banners and uniforms to make her armies splendid. Her generals, whose fame is world wide, are often, so far as their look at goes, hard to distinguish from the private soldier. She has found what Cromwell sought, the "plain russet-coat captain who knows what he fights for and loves what he knows."

It is the same with the civilians, the old men and women and lads. France has had a terrible death rate. Her women have always been fond of black; but now black seems to be the universal wear, especially in the country and provincial towns. Every family has a relative to mourn. The fields are being tilled by children and women and the very old. You hardly ever see a young man who is not in uniform. There is the sense everywhere of a mighty effort of which no one complains. There is very little pessimism. The people know they will win, for they believe that a complete sacrifice is always rewarded.

We have to remember, too, that France has the invader inside her borders. Some of her fairest countryside and some of her richest industrial areas are in German hands and have been methodically plundered. I have heard people talk as if this detracted from the French effort. They say, "Any people will fight to the death if they are invaded," and draw therefrom a moral complimentary to ourselves. But it is fairer to look at it in the other way. Invasion means the weakening of the total national resources, and the country invaded fights under a handicap, since part of her territory is withdrawn from the national assets. But one fighting advantage has come from the German presence behind the Aisne and Oise. Every day proves more clearly that the stories of calculated and abominable outrages which we have heard since August are far less than the truth. There is not a company in the French army which does not contain men who are fighting not only for France, but to avenge ruined homesteads, murdered kinsfolk and ravished wives. The German armies marched light-heartedly through rapine in a land which they believed to be crushed beyond hope of revival. They will repeat their folly when, their artillery ramparts broken down, the furia francese bursts upon them and the ravaged comes to grips with the ravager.

Need of Understanding.

Much of Britain's task in this war is still imperfectly understood by many classes in France. They are still hazy about the meaning of sea power and the control of the seas. They do not realize the intricacy of the British Empire and the necessity of the subsidiary operations in Africa and Asia. They do not quite appreciate the vast industrial labors which Britain must carry on for the benefit of all her allies. It seems to me—and I know that this opinion is shared by many in France—that some concerted effort might well be made through the French press to expound more fully to the ordinary reader the nature of Britain's doings. But when all has been said, our effort in this war is still a long way short of that of France. Add in all our naval and overseas and industrial activities, and it is still short. The war has not bitten so deeply into our national life, its gravity is not so intimately and universally realized. It is our business to learn from our allies, and we have much to learn from France.

You will hear no responsible criticism of Britain across the Channel, though Germany has labored hard to make trouble between us. On the contrary, there is only gratitude, and that generous admiration of which France has the happy art. But if she is straining to her utmost, we may well ask ourselves if we dare to do less. This war is not one which more important for her than for us, since defeat for us would mean the end of all things. If France were conquered we should hold our Empire and our freedom on a short tenure. Our allies have no delusions about the nature of the contest they are engaged in. They do not talk, like some well-meaning people in Britain, about terms of peace before the battle is won, or about not humiliating Germany, as if Messieurs les Assassins after failure would suddenly become decent citizens if we refrained from hurting their feelings. Their creed is that to which Mr. Asquith has given final expression: they will not lay down the sword until scientific barbarism is beaten out of existence. There is, I think, more pessimism in Britain to-day than in France, and the reason is that France has a keener realization of the nature of the war. If a man is wholly dedicated to a great cause he is inclined to be cheerful. He has made the ultimate sacrifice, and his conscience is good.

The Unity of the West.

The successful conduct of the war depends upon a full understanding between the allied nations, and so also does the establishment of a lasting peace. There is no cement like blood shed in a common sacrifice. On the western front, along the Marne and the Aisne, and everywhere from Verdun to Ypres, there are little cemeteries of the dead. Each patch of copse and corner of meadowland has a cluster of rough wooden crosses. On these you will read both French and English names. Next to the cross which marks the resting-place of a Grenadier or a Scottish Borderer will be one which tells how Pierre L., "an Alsatian," died for France. The country people tend these quiet graves, or the troops

from the nearest trenches, French or English, spare time to keep them neat. Allies have died together in the same cause and then quarreled, but never, I think, after an ordeal so fierce as this. In a true alliance there may come a time when each fights not only for a common purpose, but to some extent for the other's private sake. France who has been the leader in human freedom, from whom we have drawn so much of our thought and art, may become for us a cause only less dear than our own. If we are fighting for civilization France is an integral part of it—in M. Lavedan's phrase she is "the eternal and the essential." If we have misunderstood her she too admits that she has lacked perception, and after her generous fashion is eager to recant. A sonnet by M. Maurice Allou which I roughly translate, is a proof of the new unity of western Europe.

Our Allies the English.

"We know not France," so ran their frank decreeing;—
And we, we joyed not in their humors
rule,
They praised our fire, but scorned our
fortitude.
"Pog-bound their land," we said, "and
dim their seeing."
But side by side deployed in truceless
war,
Sudden our hearts are clear beyond sur-
mising,
They know a France to the great days
uprising;
We see beyond their fogs the ancient
stars.

'Tis Kipling's spirit, fierce, unshackled,
and bright;
His songs of deepest peace and ardent
flame,
That in the eyes of her free warriors
gleam.
And England, now thou look'st with
heroic's sight,
Thou know'st, O fiery race whom none
may tame,
That France has borne the sons of
Cornell's dream.

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REPLY TO MR. FOSTER.

To the Editor.—My attention has just fallen on Mr. Walter Foster's latest in your issue of to-day.
Mr. Foster is a man who writes on subjects he knows nothing about, without first informing himself before writing.
Only a couple of weeks or so ago, when he first came under my notice as a writer of parodies, I first of all inquired about Mr. Foster, his position, what his neighbors thought of him, etc., before replying to his parody. He evidently takes it for granted that he alone is the only man in Victoria who knows how to behave or who knows the right thing to do, and in this belief he abstains from taking up the right cause or doing the right thing, in order to point the way to others what to do, instead of minding that he do his own business. I have not been calling him bad names, I have been laughing. He still evades my question. I am glad the digression is only temporary, as I know it will be, on perusing the latter part of his letter. It would be most foolish for his digression to last until the war is over. Rome fell through internal corruption. Whilst the able-bodied men are fighting for the empire at the front, it behooves the people to see to it that straight government be maintained within. And in this respect Walter Foster is shirking his duty in the belief that other men are shirking theirs.

As regards his allusion to able-bodied slackers, if he means me, I might say that I have not got the physique to be accepted for active service at the front, although I have done what I could to get there in spite of the physique. Chest measurement, 32 only. I will get medical testimony to-morrow on this subject.
As regards slacking, Mr. Foster might consult Mr. Sidney Child, barrister, Hibben-Bone building, as well as the French military commandant at Papeete, in the Society Islands, if he can make that long journey.
Hoping Mr. Foster will in future make his inquiries first, before taking up the pen, I remain yours truly,
H. PARNELE.

SINGLE MEN MUST GO.

To the Editor.—According to the news from down east, they are letting all single men out and placing married men in the positions, and the time has arrived when something of the kind should be done in Victoria. Right in our own town there are hundreds of single men working and have been working right along and quite a few have saved a little money. Don't you think it would be better for the single men to have a rest now and let the married men fill up the gaps? You take, for instance, a married man who enlists and goes to fight. The result is he is shot or wounded and perhaps crippled for life; his wife, and perhaps children, are a burden on the country, while a single man who goes leaves nothing behind, of course; only his people. Not only that, if a married man goes he in many cases takes his wife with him, or in fact she goes to England. The result is another empty house; also another family left the country, and nothing looks so black in a city as a lot of vacant houses. Of course if the single men won't join the army, let them go harvesting and let the married men stay at home, which is their place, not drive the married men out and leave the single men here. Why not go to work and do something of the kind. Keep the houses full; let the married men work, and as far as the garrison is concerned, let the men work and at night drill. On Saturday afternoon do the shooting and marching on Sunday, and the men who are willing to do garrison duty receive no



pay, only when they are not working at anything else; this means a great saving to the country, also it would do away with a good lot of poverty, amongst the married people. I am a South African veteran myself, but it is impossible for me to do this time, as I have a sick wife to look after. Circumstances alter cases, and I don't see why these men should go through all this misery and pain in France and let all these single men enjoy themselves at home, then have the pleasure of what other people have gained after it is over. It is a shame and should not be allowed.

July 26. FAIR PLAY.

THE GIRL GUIDES.

To the Editor.—Do I understand aright that some lady or party of ladies are going to organize a corps of Girl Guides, and that they claim that this is the first initiation of the movement? It is some four or five years since I presented a Union Jack to the first corps. It was organized by Rev. Mr. Carson, of the Congregational church, and the presentation took place in the lecture room of the church on Pandora street. I have wondered why I never saw the guides out on any public occasion, and I now wonder where my flag is, and who has it, as it will now do for the new organization. Some one who knows please speak up.
EDGAR FAWCETT.

EXHIBITION AT CLO-OOSE

Nitinat Farmers' Institute Will Hold First Annual Show on August 24.

The Nitinat Farmers' Institute is preparing to hold the first annual exhibition in that district. It will take place at Clo-oose on August 24. There is an entrance fee of five cents for individual exhibits and fifty cents will cover any number of exhibits by one person or firm. Some perishable exhibits so marked will be sold by auction following the exhibition, half the proceeds to go to the exhibitor, and half to the institute.
The secretary of the institute has sent out an appeal for prizes, and writes that the district is growing in population and that there is an opportunity in the exhibition for those in business to introduce their wares to consumers and users. The officers will endeavor during the show to sell the articles at list prices, and if they do not succeed in this will return them at the earliest date.
All goods for exhibition can be sent to the secretary at Clo-oose, who will see that these are well stored for exhibition. The secretary will supply all further information on application.

SELECTS CANDIDATE

Nomination for Ward II. Vacancy Will Be Made To-morrow.

A meeting of the Ward II. Ratepayers' association, Saanich, was held last evening at St. Mark's hall, to select a candidate for the vacancy on the council, for which nominations will be received to-morrow. The result was that Cornelius Pointer will be nominated for the seat held till recently by John Jones.

Reeve McGregor and Councillor Grant spoke at the meeting. Proceedings were lively, as is usually the case in this ward, the councillor taking the opportunity to explain his criticism of the association voiced at the last meeting of the municipal council. This aroused some argument. The retiring councillor also spoke on his relations with his colleagues, and there was some discussion why information about a private interview with the reeve on the matter should have appeared in the morning paper next day.
There was less reference to unemployment at the meeting than is usually the case, the public works being absorbed a large number of men who were previously without work.

There was a sudden rush of work, and the foreman was short of laborers. Going out into the road he found a muscular-looking tramp loafing at the corner. Here was a possible recruit. "My man," said he genially, "are you wanting work?" "What sort of work?" asked the tramp cautiously. "Well, can you do anything with a shovel?" The tramp suddenly beamed at the speaker. "I could fry a slice of bacon on it," he said eagerly.



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